The New-York Times.

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TELEGRAMS.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Gen. Grant and the Presidential Schemers.

The Colored Militia of the District of Columbia.

Terrible Boiler Explosion at Pittsburgh---Twenty Men Killed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Nov. 8.

GEN. GRANT AND THE PRESIDENCY.

There is considerable wire-working going on here with reference to the next Presidency, and there seems to be a plot on the part of some extreme Copperheads to entrap Gen. Grant into the expression of some views which will warrant the Democrats in hoisting his name as a candidate, or else to get him thoroughly committed to Radical measures, so they can attack him, which they think they can do successfully under the prestige which the recent elections have given the Democratic Party. The prospects of this little game are not very brilliant, however.

THE COLORED MILITIA.

There is nothing new regarding the colored militia business. Gen. Emory has not received any further instructions, and the matter has not been deemed of sufficient importance to be considered in Cabinet. It is reported that the President has referred the question to the Attorney-General for an opinion as to his power to disband these organizations. The senior officer of these companies, late of our army, to-day sent the following letter to Gen. Grant which will show the character and strength of these organizations:

GENERAL: I have the honor to forward to you the following statement regarding the colored organizations in this district. The first company was formed April 25, 1865, and consisted then, as all do now, of honorably discharged soldiers and sailors of the United States army and navy. We formed at the same time a Soldiers' and Sailors' National League, for whose record we can, by permission, refer to Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Howard. The objects of our organizations are benevolent, not political. The armed portion of the organization is made up of those persons who purchased from the Government the arms they were permitted to use in its defence, and numbers about 100 muskets. We are banded together to resist no law, nor to intimidate any person or persons in the community where we reside, but to keep up associations engendered by companionship in camp. The strength of the armed organizations is 15 officers and 795 men. The Executive Committee of the League have endeavored to relieve the necessities of widows and orphans of our late comrades who fell in the late struggle for liberty. In making this statement it will, in some degree, correct erroneous impressions which have gained ground in the minds of some parties, that we are hostile bands of armed negroes.

I am, very respectfully General, your obedient servant,

CHARLES B. FISCHER,

Brevet Major First Battalion, N. C. G.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL'S REPORT.

The report of the Postmaster-General is not quite finished but will be submitted next week. It will probably show a deficiency this year instead of a small surplus as has been the case for several years during the war. This is explained by the following facts: While the postal revenues for the year actually show an increase of $1,000,000, the opening up of the mail service in the Southern States, the increase of the salaries of postmasters to the extent of half a million dollars, the additional subsidies of the ocean mail service, and other increased expenditures, have resulted in creating a deficiency which, it will be remembered, was always the state of the case prior to the war, and which was the result of the large and unremunerative mail service in the Southern States. As this service has been renewed by Gov. Randall and his predecessor, Gov. Dennison, at much cheaper rates than heretofore, and as the revenues are increasing with each year, it is not likely that deficiencies will become chronic, as they were for many years prior to 1861.

REASSEMBLING OF CONGRESS.

It was supposed this morning that the Cabinet would to-day consider the effect of the reassembling of Congress in adjourned session on the 21st inst., upon the tenure of office act, which provides that the "President shall send to the Senate within twenty days after the first day of its next meeting, a list of all the suspensions and his reasons therefor." The question was not considered, but it is entirely safe to say that the President will date the twenty days in question from Monday, Dec. 2, the day of the beginning of what was the first, and is now the second regular session of Congress.

THE SANDWICH ISLAND TREATY.

The reciprocity treaty between this Government and that of the Sandwich Islands, which has been ratified by the Parliament of the latter, will be laid before the Senate for ratification in December, and will be earnestly opposed by the American residents at Honolulu, who denounce it as a British scheme to prevent the annexation of the Islands to the United States. They say that it was prepared by British subjects for that purpose, and that its ratification will kill the annexation movement, as it will relieve the Hawaiians of the payment of several millions of taxes and give them all the privileges of commercial intercourse with our Pacific Coast that they would have if our Government extended over them. They also state that the ratification of the treaty will result in a loss of a similar amount to our customs revenue without an adequate return, and will demand a thorough investigation with charges against one of our diplomatic officers, against whom it is alleged that he received a consideration to use the influence of his position to bring the negotiations to a successful issue.

POSTAL TREATY WITH PRUSSIA.

The international postal treaty with Prussia, which has been arranged by Mr. Kasson, was received at the Post-office Department to-day, and will be at once ratified by the President and Postmaster-General.

THE NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

Reliable information from North Carolina indicates the success of the Republicans at the coming election by a large majority. Prominent among the Radical candidates are the three leading colored men, Messrs. Harris, Hood and Galloway. Mr. Harris lives in Raleigh, and is an effective and vigorous speaker.

ABANDONED PROPERTY.

Gen. Howard, with the approval of Gen. Grant, to-day issued a circular letter to the Sub-Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bureau, notifying them that as there is still a large amount of abandoned property on their returns, and as much of it is occupied by the former owners who abandoned it, and who, through contempt of the Government of the United States and the President's authority, decline to make any application under the orders approved by him for its restoration, they, the Commissioners, are instructed to notify all such persons that their property held on the returns as abandoned property, will be formally taken possession of on the 1st of January next and rented to refugees and freedmen, in accordance with the provisions of the law. This property amounts to about two hundred and fifty thousand acres, much of which is of a poor quality. When applied for as required, it will be restored.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, who has been absent some weeks in Ohio and Pennsylvania, returned to the city this evening, likewise his son, Mr. E. L. Stanton, who has been absent some time.

Senator Sherman arrived to-day, and will occupy his house on K-street on the 1st of December. He takes a very hopeful view of the political situation, and regards the triumph of the Republican party next year with the issues as presented by the legislation of Congress as certain.

Senator and Mrs. Sumner will, after all, occupy this Winter their new house on Lafayette-square. It is now being put in order for them. This disposes of the assassin-like reports which have been circulated in regard to them.

Hon. John H. Ketcham, of New-York, has taken a furnished house on Massachusetts-avenue, near Tenth-street, and will keep house this Winter. A much larger number of members than usual are trying to find homes of their own for the coming session.

Senator Drake arrived in the city to-day. Among other prominent arrivals are Hon. W. W. Ketchum, of Pennsylvania; Senor Murillo, the Colombian Minister, with his Secretary, E. Santomani, and his Adjutant, M. Selger; and Messrs. E. Cunard, H. Oelrichs and George Mackenzie, prominent steamship men of New-York.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Nov. 8.

CALIFORNIA LAND RETURNS.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office has just received advices from the Surveyor-General at San Francisco, Cal., showing the completion of the survey of nine townships in Butte Nevada and Yuba Counties in that State, embracing an area of 207,360 acres. This tract is watered by Yuba River and its North Fork, Hon Cut, Deer and Dry Creeks and their small tributaries, the first-named stream being navigable for light-draught boats at this point. While there is a large portion of these lands suitable for agricultural purposes, their general character is hilly, in some places mountainous, with a second and third-rate soil. The timber is mostly white and live oak, fir, cedar, pine and buckeye. The soil over the largest portion of the tract produces all the various kinds of grasses, rendering it suitable for quarrying purposes, but the sides of the hills are especially adapted for the culture of the grape, there being many fine and prosperous vineyards in that locality. The region is, however, mainly valuable for the rich mines of gold, silver and quartz which it contains, it being one of the richest mining districts in the Sierra Nevadas. Nevada City, the county seat of Nevada County, is situated on this tract, on Deer Creek, in township sixteen, north range, eight east, Mount Deabli, meridian; supports two daily papers, and contains about five thousand inhabitants, being situated in the vicinity of rich gold and silver mines. The City of Grass Valley is also situated in the same township, supports five schools and two daily papers, and has from five to six thousand inhabitants. The town is irregularly laid off, and covers a large area, but is well built, the buildings being of a substantial character, and is situated near the richest mine in the State. The town of Union Hill is about two miles east of Grass Valley, and three miles south of Nevada City, and contains 3,000 inhabitants, the most of whom are employed in mining. The mines here are mostly the Hydraulic Placer gold mines, and show no signs of failing. The village of Rough and Ready, situated about five miles west of Grass Valley, is quite an important place, its inhabitants being also mainly engaged in the mines. Near the town of Bangor, in township eighteen, north of range of five east, a kind of blue cement, rich with gold, was discovered several months since and is now being successfully worked. The town of Hon Cut is also situated in the same township, about four miles north of Bangor. The town of Budus Valley, in Yuba County, is a place of considerable importance, has five stores, three quartz mills, and about 500 inhabitants. About forty-five men find employment at each quartz mill during the year. Long Bar, on the Yuba River, in this township, was formerly a very rich mine. A number of ledges of gold quartz are being worked in the township, the most important of which are those under the three quartz mills at Budus Valley. The towns of Smartsville, Timbucto, Mono Flat and Park's Bar, in the southern part of township 16, north range, 6 east, on or near Yuba River, each containing from 100 to 200 inhabitants, are situated in a rich mining region. The entire tract is traversed by roads running in every direction, and by ditches, for irrigation and mining purposes. The greater portion of these lands fall within the twenty-mile limit of the Central Pacific Railroad. The route of the Oriville and Marysville Railroad passes through the western portion of this tract.

EMIGRANTS COMING.

The Commissioner of the Land Office is in receipt of a letter from A. W. Atwood, Esq., of London, England, making inquiry relative to obtaining a quantity of land for the settlement of fifty thousand emigrants, whom it is contemplated sending to the United States. The Commissioner has replied, referring to the great body of unoccupied lands west of the Mississippi, and the facility for obtaining title to the same under the provisions of the Preëmption and homestead Law, and communicating to the applicant full instructions on the points of inquiry presented.

HORSE FAIR RACES.

At the Horse Fair to-day, *Mountain Maid*, *Silas Rich*, *Mary* and *May Queen* were entered for the first race. *Silas Rich* won the first heat only; time, 2:30; and *Mountain Maid* won three heats, her best time being 2:29¾. *Mary* was withdrawn at the end of the third heat. The race was mile heats, best three in five, for a purse of $1,000. The second race was a sweepstake for $300, mile heats, best three in five, harness to rule. *Lady Eleanor*, *Frank* and *Lizzie* were the contestants. *Lizzie* won three heats—best time, 2:36—and *Frank* won two heats; best time, 2:48. *Lady Eleanor* was withdrawn on the fourth heat.

PERSONAL.

Hon. Thomas N. Stillwell, United States Minister to Venezuela, is in Washington. His appointment has not yet been confirmed by the Senate.

Secretary Welles is still confined to his bed from the effects of slow fever, but his physician says the prospect is that he will soon recover his health.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Passed Assistant Paymaster Henry T. Skelding has been ordered to duty in the Asiatic Squadron. Acting Third Assistant Engineer Fred. H. Norton has resigned. Commander J. C. P. Dekrafft is ordered to hold himself in readiness for duty as Fleet Captain of the North Atlantic Squadron.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Great Trot against Time—Twenty Miles in an Hour.

BOSTON, Mass., Friday, Nov. 8.

There was a large attendance at the Riverside Park this afternoon to witness the decision of a bet of $1,500 to $500 that the brown gelding *John Stewart* would not trot twenty-one miles within one hour. A cold east wind was blowing, but the track was in good condition. The horse trotted in harness, John Murphy driving, and although he failed to accomplish the feat, he made the best twenty miles on record, beating *Capt. McGowan's* time by 19¾ seconds, and trotting his twenty and a half miles in 59 minutes, 31¾ seconds. The five miles was done in 14:9¾; the ten miles in 28:39; the fifteen miles in 43:21¾, and the twenty miles in 58:5½. The horse broke four times, but was quickly brought down, and when he finished the veterinarians who examined him said he was as well as when he started.

THE WEST INDIES.

Havana Markets and Ship News—Commercial and Financial.

HAVANA, Friday, Nov. 8.

SUGAR—The market is firmer; No. 12 Dutch Standard is quoted at 8@8¾ reals per arrobe.

PROVISIONS—The market is heavy and inactive; quotations nominally unchanged.

Exchange on London is fluctuating, but closes firmer at 14@15 per cent. premium; on Paris, 2¾ per cent. premium; on New-York, currency, firm at 24@25 per cent. discount, long sight, and 23@23¾ short sight. Gold dull at 5c. for long and 3c. for short sight.

A Colombian War Steamer at Key West.

HAVANA, Thursday, Nov. 7.

A dispatch from Key West reports the arrival there of the Colombian war steamer *Colombia*, in command of Lieut. Reed, formerly of the Confederate Navy. After coaling, the *Colombia* will proceed to this port, where she will go into dry dock, and will sail hence for Charleston as soon as her repairs are completed.

Lieut. Reed, now of the Colombian Navy, is the well-known leader of the raid in Portland Harbor during the late war.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

The Nova Scotian Government.

OTTAWA, C. W., Friday, Nov. 8.

The members of the Nova Scotia Government were sworn in yesterday, as follows: Provincial Secretary, Mr. Vail; Attorney-General, Mr. Wilkins; Commissioner of Mines and Minerals, Mr. Robertson; Treasurer, Mr. Annard; President of the Executive Council, Mr. McHaffey; Members of the Executive Council, Messrs. Troop, Northrop, Flynn and Ferguson; Speaker of the Assembly, Mr. Marshall.

The Finance Minister.

OTTAWA, Canada, Friday, Nov. 8.

The office of Finance Minister still remains unfilled. Mr. Tilley, to whom it has been offered, has not yet accepted it.

Dry Goods House Suspended.

HAMILTON, Canada, Friday, Nov. 8.

The old established firm of F. W. Gates & Co., wholesale dry goods dealers, suspended to-day.

Burning of the Propeller North.

SARNIA, Canada, Friday, Nov. 8.

The propeller *North* took fire this morning while wooding at Lambton village, on the St. Clair river, and was burned to the water's edge.

The Steamer Kingston Disabled.

KINGSTON, Canada, Friday, Nov. 8.

This morning as the steamer *Kingston* was running Gallop's Rapids she struck on a rock, knocking a hole under her forecastle, and was run ashore at Edwardsburg.

The Break in the Welland Canal.

ST. CATHERINES, Canada, Friday, Nov. 8.

The break in the Welland Canal has been repaired, and navigation was resumed this afternoon.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Terrible Explosion and Loss of Life.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Friday, Nov. 8.

The greatest calamity that has befallen our community for a long time, occurred here at about 11:30 o'clock this morning, at which time the citizens of the Ninth Ward were startled by the loud report of an explosion, which occurred in the mill building of Messrs. Reese, Graff and Dell. Upon visiting the scene of the catastrophe, it was discovered that a part of the building was blown into atoms, and about twenty persons killed and many wounded. The explosion occurred in the forge portion of the mill, and the building was soon wrapt in flames.

The cause of the explosion will probably never be known, as the engineer and firemen were the only persons who could have given any information as to it, and they are among the killed.

The loss of property will probably reach $10,000.

Presbyterian Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Nov. 8.

Gov. Geary visited the Presbyterian Convention this evening. He was cordially welcomed by the members, and, after thanking the Convention, took a seat on the platform. The Convention adopted rules of government formed on the basis of union. The attendance of spectators was very large, crowding the church in every part, evincing the greatest interest in the proceedings. A deputation from the Episcopal Convention was received, consisting of Bishops McIlvain and Lee, Rev. J. H. Tyng, Jr., and Messrs. Brunot and Cunningham. The exercises were deeply interesting, and pathetic addresses were made by members of the deputation, and were replied to by Rev. Drs. Hodge and Stearns, H. B. Smith and George H. Stuart, President. The Apostles' Creed and Lord's Prayer were recited in common.

ILLINOIS.

Fire in Princeton.

PRINCETON, Ill., Friday, Nov. 8.

A fire broke out at the depot in this place last night, which resulted in the destruction of property valued at $250,000. The cause of the fire is unknown. A high wind prevailed at the time, and buildings caught fire from the flying sparks nearly one mile from the scene of the conflagration. The aggregate amount of insurance is about $100,000. Insurance Companies are losers as follows: Security, New-York, $7,500; Metropolitan, $1,500; Home, $1,500; Phenix, $2,500; Enterprise, $7,500; Phenix, Hartford, $3,000; Merchants, $5,500; Hartford, $13,000. The balance of insurance was in Chicago companies.

Meeting of the Thirteenth Army Corps.

CHICAGO, Friday, Nov. 8.

The ex-members of the Thirteenth Army Corps held another meeting last night to complete arrangements for the corps reunion on the 14th of November.

Letters from a large number of the officers of the corps, residing in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana and Missouri were received, signifying their intention to be present. A general invitation was extended to all who served in the corps, in any capacity, to be present.

MISSOURI.

Flight of a Swindler from St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Friday, Nov. 8.

A Frenchman named Adolph Jacquet, formerly proprietor of the Hotel de France here, left for New-Orleans last Saturday, leaving behind debts amounting to from $7,000 to $10,000. He sold out his business to a lady named Shaw, and it has since transpired that he had given a deed of trust for $3,000 on the property. Among other debts, he owed Messrs. Fisher & McConner $1,900, Messrs. Bouch, Fitz & Co., of New-York, $1,500, and several other parties accounts of from $100 to $300.

ALABAMA.

The Reconstruction Convention.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Friday, Nov. 8.

The Reconstruction Convention, in a test vote, tabled by 45 to 42 the proposition to abolish the present Provisional State Government within twenty days. An ordinance was introduced and referred to the appropriate committee, to organize a provisional government for the State, vacating all important State offices on the first of January next; a Provisional Governor to be appointed by the Convention, who shall fill all offices by men who can subscribe to the test oath. A resolution was introduced and referred, proposing to disfranchise all persons implicated in the murder of Union men during the war.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Arrival of Whalers at San Francisco—Stock Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Nov. 8.

Arrived whaleships *Eugenia*, from the Arctic Ocean, with 100 barrels of sperm oil, 1,200 barrels whale oil, and 18,000 pounds of bone; *Florida*, from the Arctic Ocean, with 550 barrels whale oil, 200 pounds of walrus ivory and 700 pounds of bone.

The French whaleship *Winslow*, of Havre, was spoken, bound to Honolulu, with 750 bbls. of oil and 1,000 pounds of bone.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Nov. 8.

Arrived, ship *Kate Prince*, from New-York.

Arrived—Whaleships *Elizabeth Swift*, from the Arctic Ocean, with 850 barrels of oil, 1,000 pounds of bone; *Helen*, from Marfox Island, with 450 barrels of oil and 9,000 pounds of bone; *Merlin*, from the Arctic Ocean, with 570 barrels of oil and 11,000 pounds of bone. She reports having spoken Oct. 20 the *Eugenia*, with 1,250 barrels of oil and 18,000 pounds of bone; *Ocean*, with 600 barrels of oil and 7,000 pounds of bone; *Stephania*, with 1,500 barrels of oil and 10,000 pounds of bone, and the *Robert Towns*, of Sidney, bound to Sidney, with 700 barrels of oil and 12,000 pounds of bone.

Cleared, ship *Ivanhoe*, for Liverpool, with 25,000 sacks of wheat.

Flour quiet; Extra, $8; Superfine, $7 25. Wheat, quiet at $2 50@$2 55 for choice shipping. Legal Tenders, 72¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Nov. 8.

The United States steamer *Mohican* sailed for Panama to-day.

Advices from Tahiti to Oct. 4 state that the French ship *Sylphide*, of Bordeaux, was in the harbor discharging.

The ship *Herald of the Morning* has cleared for Liverpool with 23,000 sacks of wheat and 2,900 barrels of flour. The ship *Oracle* has sailed for Liverpool.

Flour quiet; sales confined to local trade; Superfine, $7 25; Extra, $8. Wheat quiet and prices are nominally $2 45@$2 55. Legal Tenders, 72¾.

The following additional whalers have been spoken: Sept. 20, *Ashawonka*, with six whales; Oct. 4, *John Wells*, with four whales; Nov. 5, *Eagle*, with seven whales; no date, *James*, with 2,000 barrels of oil; *Cornet*, with six whales; *J. D. Thomas*, with ten whales; *Perre*, with eleven whales.

NEW-YORK.

Weston, the Pedestrian, at Schenectady.

SCHENECTADY, Friday, Nov. 8.

Weston, the pedestrian, arrived at the Carley House in this city at 10 o'clock last night. An immense crowd of people were assembled to meet him. He left here at 7:30 o'clock this morning, expecting to reach Herkimer, a distance of sixty miles, this evening. Weston expressed himself as feeling in the best of trim and confident of success.

The Wrecked Propeller Acme.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Friday, Nov. 8.

The lake shore, a few miles above this point, is strewed with barrels of flour, pork, lard, &c., from the wreck of the propeller *Acme*. The Coroner has seized and cared for the property for the benefit of the underwriters and owners.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

The Poor-Farm Robbery—Return of a Portion of the Money.

CONCORD, N. H. Friday, Nov. 8.

Of the money stolen at the time of the fire at Poor-farm, last Sunday, seven hundred dollars have been refunded. The wife of the keeper acknowledges the theft, but does not confess to setting fire to the building. A plan to leave for California with her paramour existed.

NORTH CARONINA.

Registration in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., Friday, Nov. 8.

Official registration returns show that 103,060 white voters and 71,657 blacks have registered. The majority of the whites is 31,403.

Hon. J. Baker, Representative from Illinois, speaks here to-night by invitation of the citizens.

Registration in Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Friday, Nov. 8.

The registration for four days was eighty-eight whites and eighteen blacks.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Adjournment of the Conservative Convention.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Friday, Nov. 8.

The Conservative Convention, composed of white citizens, representing twenty districts of the State, has just adjourned after a session of two days. Gen. Chesnut presided. An address to the people of the country was prepared by a Committee of twenty and submitted to the Convention by Chancellor Inglis. The document describes the condition of the country, and protests against negro supremacy. It was unanimously adopted by the Convention.

VIRGINIA.

Gen. Schofield's Reply to the Conservative Candidates' Protest.

RICHMOND, Va., Friday, Nov. 8.

Gen. Schofield, in his reply to the protest of the defeated Conservative candidates against the extension of the time for voting and the alleged frauds in the late election here, says that as to the extension of time, it was clearly the intention of Congress that the polls should be held open till all the votes were polled, and this finds a precedent in the laws of Virginia.

With reference to the illegal voting, he says he can only investigate that when the registering officers make their returns to him. He promises to submit the claims of the defeated candidates to the Convention when it meets, and give both parties his assistance in discovering any fraud that may have been perpetrated.

As to the polls having been kept open the longest where the black vote was the heaviest he says: "It is sufficient to say they were kept open in all places until all votes were polled." He concludes as follows:

That threats, intimidation and actual violence, in more than one instance, were, as you allege, resorted to by the blacks to control the votes of persons of their own race, is no doubt true. Whether the effect was such as to change any considerable number of votes may be difficult to determine, but is certainly a legitimate subject for investigation, and if it appears that such has been the effect, it will be just ground for contesting the election."

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad.

RICHMOND, Va., Friday, Nov. 8.

Gen. Schofield has directed a new election to be held in the case of the subscription to the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad. In order to remove all doubt about the legality of the election, all qualified voters of Virginia and the United States will vote. This includes all disfranchised whites.

Official information at headquarters shows that 14,000 whites failed to register in this State, and only 5,500 persons are disfranchised in Virginia.

AFFAIRS IN EUROPE.

The Emperor of Austria in Paris—The Roman Question—Garibaldi's Proclamation—Last Days of the Exposition.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Friday, Oct. 25, 1867.

The arrival of the Emperor of Austria has given an agreeable turn to the painful preoccupations which have swayed the public mind here for several weeks past. His reception, as I anticipated would be the case, was the most cordial that any sovereign or foreign prince has received during this year of royal visits. The newspapers will have given you full accounts of the incidents which marked his passage from the railway station to the Palace of the Elysees, Bourbon, where he is to remain during his stay. Had he been entering his own capital, he could not have been received with more enthusiasm. Everywhere along his route he was saluted with exclamations of "Long live Francis Joseph!" "Long live the founder of liberal institutions!" It seemed as if the Paris population were glad to seize the opportunity of conveying to their own sovereign their sentiments on the questions which have so popularized the Austrian Emperor. What the impression made on him by the demonstration was, it was of course impossible to tell, for it was concealed under the grim smile which is habitual to him on such occasions.

In the evening at the opera, on the occasion of the visit of the two sovereigns, there was a repetition of the same cordial feeling. If there was anything required to satisfy Francis Joseph of the wisdom of the course he is pursuing in regard to the ecclesiastical and other reforms now in progress in his empire, it was supplied by the warmth of the reception that he has met with from the French people. It is to be hoped that the lesson will not be lost which they wish to convey.

THE ROMAN QUESTION.

After an escape from a pressing danger people are generally disposed to underestimate it. Were one to judge from what he sees in the Ministerial journals or hears at the Bourse, he would come to the conclusion that the Roman question had never offered any serious grounds for alarm. It is true that there are a few troublesome spirits, like Emile de Girardin and Guéroult, of the *Opinion Nationale*, who insist that the danger is not yet over, but who cares to listen to such croakers. Do not the Ministerial organs claim that the policy of the Emperor is sustained by the immense majority of the people of France, because fourteen out of the twenty-one papers of which the daily press of Paris is composed support it. Of what use is it to reply that the circulation of the remaining seven is double, if not triple, that of the fourteen time-servers and sycophants. Theirs is the triumph of force, the triumph of reason will come by and by.

I am sorry to find the opponents of French intervention, on the other hand, bearing hardly on the Empress for the measures adopted by the Government. It is asserted that but for her influence the troubles in the Pontifical Territory would have been seized upon as a pretext for a final settlement of the question. This is hardly fair. Her Majesty is doubtless desirous that there should be no disturbances of the existing state of things in Rome, but her influence would weigh but little in the decision of a matter of such grave importance. The Council was almost a unit as to the course to be pursued, and, therefore, the Empress ought not to be held responsible for its conclusions.

That these are far from final, and that, coincidently with the words of menace employed toward the Rattazzi Cabinet, other assurances were privately conveyed to Victor Emmanuel through the Chevalier Nigra, is now positively asserted. But if this were not so, we would be justified in inferring that the Emperor would not rest satisfied with a solution which settled nothing but a question of honor and leaves the merits of the main question untouched. We have already evidence of his feeling on the subject in the manner in which the suggestion of a Congress is received by some of the Ministerial journals. The *Patrie* of yesterday, in referring to the rumors that have been in circulation, observes: "We believe we may state that the principle of the *status quo* contained in the Convention of the 15th of September, being maintained anew as it ought to be, the Cabinet of the Tuileries would not be averse to calling the attention of the great Powers to the events which have taken place, and to endeavor through a Conference to find means of preventing the recurrence of a crisis which might so profoundly disturb the repose of Europe."

This language is significant. It seems to me that it should suggest patience to those who accuse the Emperor of being led astray by the influence of women and priests.

The statement that the Italian Government did not yield to the demands of France until after it had vainly appealed to Prussia for support is formally contradicted by the *Moniteur Prussien*. It states that the Italian Government neither directly nor indirectly expressed a desire or made to the Berlin Cabinet any offer concerning the Roman question. The Prussian Government had therefore nothing to accept and nothing to decline.

According to present indications the composition of the new Italian Ministry will be as follows: War and Foreign Affairs, Gen. Cialdini; Interior, Gen. Durando; Justice, M. Vigliani; Public Instruction, M. Messedaglia; Agriculture, M. Rudini; Public Works, M. Correnti; Finance, M. Depretis; Marine, Gen. Cugia. If the names above given should turn out to be correct, they will offer guarantees to both France and Italy. I question, however, if they can be got to act together for any considerable period. As a transition cabinet they will meet the present emergency. As a ministry capable of satisfying the aspirations of Italy or guiding it through the difficulties, which it will have to surmount before it arrives at the object on which it is bent I fear it will be a failure. Of the antecedents of the men forming this list, you will probably be desirous to learn something. I need not tell you what Gen. Cialdini has done for Italy. His title to the confidence of his sovereign, as well as to that of his countrymen, is as well known at the other side of the Atlantic as it is here. Gen. Durando is also a name not entirely unfamiliar to you. After sustaining the constitutional party in Spain, he hastened in 1848 to Lombardy to command the volunteers there. Several times Minister, it was he who addressed on the 10th of September, 1862, to the diplomatic agents of Italy the famous circular asserting its rights over Rome, and which caused in France the fall of M. Thouvenal and the accession to power of M. Drouyn de Lhuys. M. Vigliani, formerly Procureur-General at Naples, has also once before fulfilled the functions of Minister of the Interior. M. Messedaglia is comparatively a new man, but he is favorably spoken of. M. Rudini was Mayor of Palermo when the riots broke out there a couple of years ago and had his house burned. Subsequently appointed Prefect, he distinguished himself by his heroism and self-devotion during the time the cholera was raging. M. Correnti was Secretary-General to the Provisional Government in Lombardy in 1848. In conjunction with M. Maestri, he has given to Italy several remarkable works on statistics. An old Liberal he will never be found lending himself to reactionary measures. M. Depretis is a warmly attached friend of M. Rattazzi, and perhaps of all Italian financiers is the best calculated to carry out the plans prepared by his predecessor. He was Minister of Public Works in 1862, and held the Portfolio of Marine during the last war of Italy against Austria. Of Gen. Cugia it is unnecessary to say more than that he is a man of fair ability and of unquestioned patriotism.

The *Piedmontaise Gazette* has a statement to the effect that after a long conversation with the late President of the Council, Gen. Cialdini advised the King not to accept the resignation of M. Rattazzi. If this be well founded I do not see how the situation will be improved by the change of Ministry. To further complicate it Garibaldi has succeeded in making his escape from Caprera. The story runs that he shut himself up in his chamber for several days, and then succeeded in embarking in a small boat and eluding the vigilance of the Italian cruisers. A foreign vessel was in waiting for him at Alghero and landed him on the continent. It is stated that he made his way to Foliquo on the Pontifical frontier, but that the Italian troops would not allow him to proceed further. His friends have been pressing him to send a manifest to the volunteers dissolving them and recommending them to return home. Instead of that he has addressed to them the following proclamation.

"DELIVERANCE OR DEATH.

Behold me again among you brave champions of Italian honor to fulfill my duty and aid you in the holy and glorious work of our resurrection.

Italy is convinced that it cannot live without her head, without her heart, without Rome in short, which is here.

Forward, therefore, and above all things be constant. I ask of you neither courage nor bravery; I know you too well; I ask of you only constancy. The Americans sustained for fourteen years a glorious struggle, which made of them the most powerful and the freest people in the world.

For us, closely united, it will require but a few months to wash out the shame that sullies us, with or without the will of the tyranny which is enthroned at the Vatican or of those who sustain it.

OCT. 21, 1867. GARIBALDI.

The *Patrie* of this evening states that a council of Ministers was held to-day at St. Cloud, the Emperor presiding, at which, in consequence of dispatches received from Italy, Italian affairs were the principal topic of discussion. The same journal states that Garibaldi had reached Terni and then Narni, and was about to cross the Roman frontier.

WINDING UP OF THE EXHIBITION DINNER TO THE IMPERIAL COMMISSIONERS.

To-morrow, the 26th, the dinner to the Imperial Commissioners of the Exhibition by the foreign delegates comes off at the Hotel du Louvre. Invitations have been issued for three hundred and twenty persons, all that the grand dining-room will seat. Of the number of distinguished men of whom the Imperial Commission was originally composed, four of the most eminent are dead, namely, Richard Cobden, M. Thouvenel, the Duc de Morny and M. Ingres, the historical painter. There has been a great struggle for tickets for this banquet, not merely among the foreign Commissioners themselves, but among the representatives of the French and foreign Press. The Commissioners for the United States would have monopolized a large proportion of the seats if their demands could have been entertained. As it is, through the exertions of Mr. Beckwith, they have obtained a larger number of places than they had a right to expect under the principle of distribution adopted. One of the great embarrassments of the committee was the number of claims preferred by the French and foreign Press. This has been settled by according to the Press of each country, France not even excepted, but one invitation. The New-York Times has been the journal selected to represent the American Press, and this, let me add, without any effort on the part of your correspondent. The programme of the proceedings is all arranged, and in compliance with the reform which is taking place in these matters, there will be very little speechifying. Earl Granville is to preside, and the only other speakers will be M. Rouher, Minister of State and Vice-President of the Commission; M. Forcade de la Roquette, Minister of Finance, and also Vice-President of the Commission; M. Le Play, Councilor of State and Commissaire-General of the Exhibition, and Marshal Vaillant, Minister of the Emperor's Household. It is decided that, to obviate all feeling of jealousy among the foreign Commissioners, the only response which they are to make to the toast complimenting them is to rise in a body, and bow their thanks. This is a very sensible arrangement, and will exclude all temptation to buncombe oratory. It is but fair to give Mr. Beckwith the credit of this regulation. He had been selected to reply on the part of the foreign Commissioners in the first place, but declined in favor of others, and not finding these acceptable, succeeded in getting this plan adopted, which now gives such general satisfaction.

The *Moniteur* of this morning contains an announcement from the Imperial Commission of the Exhibition, stating that the list of recompenses for groups 8 and 9, (living products and specimens of agricultural and horticultural establishments,) and which have only been decided on the 23d of this month, will be published in the beginning of November. The Imperial Commission will then be in a position to distribute the rewards decreed to all the exhibitors at the dates below indicated, viz.: The gold medals from the 15th to the 30th November, 1867; the silver medals from the 5th to the 31st December, 1867; the bronze medals from the 15th of January to the 29th of February, 1868. The diplomas conjoined with the medals will be distributed at the same time as the latter, and those of honorable mention from the 1st to the 31st of March, 1868. The medals and the diplomas will be delivered to the French exhibitors daily, (Sundays and *fête* excepted,) from 10 to 4 o'clock, at the office of the Commissary-General, Avenue de la Borndonnage. The signatures of those entitled to them should be certified beforehand by one of the members of the International Jury or of the Committees of Admission, whose names will be inscribed in a list posted up in the offices of the Commissary-General. The rewards decreed to foreign exhibitors will be handed over at the dates above indicated to the Commissioners of their respective nations.

VISIT OF THE EMPEROR TO THE EXHIBITION.

Yesterday morning, in compliance with a desire that he should examine their products, the Emperor visited Class No. 94, which comprises a list of more than three hundred exhibitors, and was received with an address setting forth the benefits which the Exhibition had conferred upon them. In this document it is stated that a large number of families, who six months ago were in a state of the greatest disquietude as to their prospects, were now enjoying the certainty of their labors being recompensed by the creation of fresh *debouches* for their products. The Emperor of Austria also paid a short visit to the Exhibition the morning after his arrival. I need not add that he was enthusiastically received.

HOLLAND AND THE GERMAN CONFEDERATION.

I mentioned to you recently a report that an appeal had been addressed to the Court of St. James by Holland to have it declared neutral territory. I do not know whether there was any ground for the statement, but it is evident that the Dutch Government is seriously alarmed at the prospect of its being absorbed by Prussia when the convenient moment arrives. Influenced by this apprehension, it has just communicated to the Chambers a project for the construction of three forts near Amsterdam, a fort on the dyke which separates Wahul and the Pannerden Canal, and lastly a fort near Naarden. All these will be heavily armed, and will be so built as to resist the heaviest artillery.

GERMAN UNITY.

M. de Bismarck is having a hard time of it with the recalcitrant States of Southern Germany. A dispatch received here from Munich announces that the Commission of the Upper Chamber of Bavaria has reported against the adoption of the Commercial and Customs Treaty with the Confederation of the North previously voted by the Chamber of Dignities.

THE PEACE CONGRESS.

The permanent Committee of the International Peace League which was founded at the Congress recently held in Geneva, met at Berne on Tuesday last and decided on establishing a journal to advocate the principles of the association. If the business of this organ is to defend such theories as were put forward at the Congress, its circulation will be of a very peculiar character. It is difficult to believe that any one out of a lunatic asylum can be got to give its arguments a serious perusal. These peace Congresses and peace leagues are political farces. It is not by such silly organizations that the interests of humanity and civilization can be promoted.

ANOTHER PRESS PROSECUTION.

Since the last batch of newspaper prosecutions which I sent you there has been a lull in the Government war on the Press. This is again broken by the proceedings commenced against *Le Progress de Saone et Loire*, a Democratic paper lately authorized, on the usual charge of "excitement to hatred and contempt of the Government." If the Emperor consulted the interests of his dynasty he would put a stop to these prosecutions. They are the weak features of his political system, and will destroy it in the end.

Among the [illegible] recently announced are those of Count Achille [illegible]poli, husband of Mme. Alboni, and of the actor Couder, who created the part of *Gen. Boum*, in the "Grand Duchess of Gerolstein."

Strike Among Philadelphia Cotton Workers.

The proprietors of several cotton and woolen mills in the upper part of Philadelphia have reduced the wages of their employes from 10 to 20 per cent. within the past week, and a majority of the hands have refused to work at the reduced rates, and have advised others under threats to keep away from the factories. Nearly all of the employes of Irwin & Stinson's cotton mill struck on Wednesday. Most of them are females. They met in front of the factory in the evening, and amused themselves by hooting the proprietors and the new employes. The excitement was so great at one time that a riot was feared, and a squad of Police were sent to the scene. Mary Thompson, alleged to have been prominent in the riotous proceedings, was arrested and held in $800 bail.

RELIGIOUS.

The Presbyterian National Union Convention—An Exciting Scene—Dr. Breckinridge Rampant.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Nov. 7, 1867.

Yesterday afternoon's session was very full and busy. The first order was the reports of the two Committees, that on Permanent Organization first, as follows:

President—George H. Stuart, Esq., Philadelphia, Reformed.

Vice-Presidents—Rev. Wm. Davidson, D. D., United; Rev. Charles C. Beatty, D. D., Old School; Rev. Samuel W. Fisher, D. D., LL. D., New School; Rev. John N. McLeod, D. D., Reformed; Rev. David Cooper, D. D., Cumberland; Rev. J. H. Suydam, Reformed Dutch.

Secretaries—Rev. J. D. Archibald, D. D., Old School; Rev. D. D. Harper, D. D., United; Rev. W. T. Eva, New School.

Business Committee—Rev. A. G. Wallace, Elder R. C. Stewart, United; Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge, D. D., Elder Hon. Charles Drake, Old School; Rev. Henry B. Smith, D. D., Elder Hon. Henry W. Williams, L. D., New School; Rev. J. M. Schenck, D. D., Elder Joseph Campbell, Reformed Dutch; Rev. W. S. Bratton, Elder William Blair, M. D., Reformed; Rev. A. B. Miller, D. D., Elder Robert Carr, Cumberland.

The Committee on Credentials also presented their report, showing 304 names duly accredited.

Rev. Mr. Bratton (Reformed) raised a motion that the Convention be considered the Convention of the day, inasmuch as the original call by the Reformed General Synod, which required voting to be done by churches, had been thus far wholly disregarded, and this would be the only way in which the fault could be made pardonable. The motion was met with great disfavor; but at a later period the Convention saw the good sense of the question, and voted, on motion of Ex-President Fisher, (New School,) of Hamilton College, to make the method of voting *viva voce* on all ordinary questions, but in any direct action on the great question of union, by churches—that is to say, six votes.

The matter of a basis for union came up at this early stage of proceeding, in a motion by Rev. Dr. Eagleson (Old School) to appoint a Committee to draft and report a basis for union, to be submitted to the various branches for consideration and adoption. The motion having been seconded, was announced to the house, when Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, (Old School,) rose to object to the motion. He began by saying that he supposed the Old School Church was the largest body of Presbyterians in the world, and, said he, there are two or three offshoots from us sitting here, the New School and the Cumberland; but he would be quite willing, and presumed that any or all of our churches and people would be willing to let these United Reformed, or whatever you call it, brethren propose to us a basis for union, provided only they will do it better than we could do it ourselves. He hoped that brother there who made this motion will withdraw it, or he would feel obliged to go on and make some further remarks that may not be pleasant to this meeting. Will he withdraw it?

Dr. Eagleson replied that the motion was the property of the house, and he could not, therefore, withdraw it.

Dr. Breckinridge continued: Then, Sir, I must go on and say somewhat more. The Chairman invited the Doctor to the platform, and he came up. He recommenced by saying that he was opposed to undertaking this thing in this way. There has been, said he, a joint Committee formed by our people and "the Other Branch," as they have got now to call it, and they have proposed a plan for union. Now I respect and love these brethren on that Committee very much, of course—those of our own Church I mean—the others I don't know anything about, [laughter;] but you'll never see that proposed union consummated if you live a thousand years. It's a very remarkable thing there isn't one single man among them who has any reputation whatever for theological learning. [Great sensation and cries of "Shame!"]

The Chairman stopped the speaker, saying that while he had the greatest respect for Dr. Breckinridge, he could not permit such allusions to those gentlemen. The Doctor resumed, however, paying but little heed to the interruption, and was continuing in the same strain, when a member called him to order. Dr. Breckinridge turned toward the member, and desired to know who it was that called him to order? adding, "I know what I am saying, and I am responsible to God Almighty and to man for it; and if any man don't like what I say, he knows where I live!" [Great laughter.]

The Chairman sustained the point of order, and Dr. Breckinridge, greatly offended, said something unintelligible to me about a preconceived arrangement, and began to get down from the platform. The Chairman (Mr. Stuart) begged him not to stop, but to continue his remarks, only avoiding personalities; to which the irate orator replied, "No, Sir, I will not go on; but if you go on in this way, the curse of God will rest on you!" [Cries of "Shame! Shame!" and hisses, promptly checked by the chair.]

Dr. Breckinridge having returned to his seat, several Old School clergymen bestirred themselves valiantly to show that he stood alone in his sentiments in this Convention, particularly Dr. Musgrove, of this city, who made a long speech, in which he said, indeed, that the present proposition from the Joint (O. S. and N. S.) Committee doesn't at all suit him, but in which he expressed the most fervent desire for the immediate appointment here of a committee, and the presenting of a basis on which all may agree. Also, Dr. MacLean, of New-Jersey, (O. S.,) urged the frank and friendly interchange of opinions and feelings, inasmuch as nobody expected to unite at once now, but to look into it and accomplish it at a future time.

The vote was finally put, after some opposition on the part of some members who wanted the motion for a committee to be referred to the Business Committee for consideration, and decided for the appointment of such a committee. The names of the members constituting it were not announced until another session.

Pending the Bratton voting question, which I have already described to the end—it was called up by Prof. Smith, who wished due courtesy to be paid to the original call—the afternoon session closed with prayer by Rev. Dr. Davidson.

EVENING.

In the evening, after prayer by Rev. Dr. Steele and the disposal of the minutes, Father Chiniquy, of Kankakee, Canada, was elected a corresponding member. Dr. Hall, the new Pastor of the late Dr. Rice's church on Fifth-avenue, in your City, had been also elected a corresponding member in the afternoon. The question on method of voting was then settled, as I have already stated, and the Chairman announced the following members of the Committee on Basis of Union:

Old School.—Rev. Dr. Egleson, Elder A. E. Chamberlain.

New School.—Rev. Dr. S. W. Fisher, Elder Hon. H. W. Williams, LL. D.

United.—Rev. Dr. J. Y. Scowler, Elder William Getty.

Reformed.—Rev. Dr. T. W. J. Wylie, Elder James C. McMillan.

Reformed Protestant Dutch.—Rev. J. W. Schenck, Elder James Peters.

Cumberland.—Rev. Dr. A. B. Miller, Elder Robert Carr.

The Convention then went into a general conference on the subject of union and its popularity among the people, consuming most of the remainder of the evening. Addresses were made by Dr. Miller, of Ogdensburg, Cumberland, expressing the sympathy which his church feel, and their recent experiences with a New School body, concerning union; Father Blair (United;) Mr. Leonard, (N. S.,) who spoke for the Presbyterians of Iowa, needing a union against common enemies; David McDill, (United,) who made the most conciliatory speech yet heard in this Convention; expressing his readiness to give all possible latitude to his brethren consistent with the truth; Dr. John McMillan, (Reformed,) Dr. Marshall, (O. S.,) and others; all breathing a spirit of wonderful sympathy and love, and evidently very antagonistic to the hostility expressed by Dr. Breckinridge to union. Mr. Barr, alone, of the United Church, expressed the desire to have all Presbyterians agree to sing the Psalms of David exclusively, and hold communion exclusive to all but their own people.

Late in the evening a resolution was adopted sending cordial salutations to the (Episcopal) Evangelical Society for Promoting the Diffusion of Truth, now holding its sessions in this City; Bishop McIlvaine presiding. A committee consisting of Rev. H. B. Smith, D. D., (N. S.;) Rev. J. M. Stevenson, D. D., (O. S.;) Hon. Charles Drake, United States Senator from Missouri, (O. S.;) and Robert Carter, Esq., of New-York City, (O. S.,) were appointed to convey the message.

The session then adjourned with prayer.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

OUR WHARVES AND PIERS.

Meeting at the Merchants' Exchange—Addresses by A. A. Low, Chas. Tracy, William E. Dodge and Others.

Yesterday afternoon a large number of merchants and others interested in the subject assembled at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, for the purpose of ascertaining what steps should be taken to inaugurate a system of wharves and piers commensurate with the present and future wants of the City of New-York. Among those present were Messrs. James Brown, Peter Cooper, Wm. Wood, Robert Dillers, J. P. Robinson, William E. Dodge, Jr., John Armstrong, Henry E. Pierrepont and others well known as active workers in the Citizens' Association. The meeting was called to order by **Peter Cooper**, Esq., who, after explaining the nature of the subject to be considered, nominated as Chairman Mr. A. A. Low, which nomination was unanimously concurred in.

A list of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries was then read, after which Mr. Low directed attention to the published call for the meeting, and said a few words in favor of the proposed movement. He then introduced Mr. **Charles Tracy**.

REMARKS OF MR. TRACY.

Mr. **Tracy** said that the defectiveness of the wharves and piers of this City did not need to be made known. The traveler coming into our port wondered at the spectacle of inferior and decaying wooden piers and bulkheads, and of foul slips; and the nautical men who manage vessels and take in and discharge cargo, found out to their cost that time, convenience and economy were grossly wasted, by reason of the want of adequate and suitable docks and dock arrangement. At this chief commercial point, to which, by endless interior canals, rivers and lakes, and by railroads which cover the continent as with a net, the products of the forest, the farm, the furnace, the mill and the workshops, come down to the sea, and where in return arrive the vessels, not only from our own extensive coast, but from every ocean and port in the world, all calling for the most abundant and most perfect dock accommodations for safe and speedy loading and unloading, as essential to so great a port, the actual state of such matters, confessedly, was shabby and mean, not only unworthy of the City, but injurious to its trade. This the third city of the world in the importance of its commerce, was, in regard to its pier accommodations, far behind many of its lesser rivals. He would pass from the present state of things to the future of the port of New-York, and call attention to the improvements rapidly going on, and to the trade of Asia preparing to turn its vast current upon our Western coast, for the quick passage by locomotive train to our doors. This island had a commercial destiny far surpassing the present and future of any other point on earth; unless it shall be marred by mismanagement and neglect. But the greatest natural advantages could not prevail unless wisdom and energy were used, and other cities which liberally provide for the conveniences of commerce and watch over them assiduously might take away from New-York the inheritance which it can and should secure. If we wait for the Government to take up the matter of wharves and docks, we must wait among the throng which beset the Government, and take our poor chance of being remembered when the controversies about our currency, protection, free trade, taxation, reconstruction, suffrage, and every other national subject of that sort shall have been ended. There was but one way to control the affair and put it forward. It was by the united action of the merchants and capitalists of this City. Their united voice would be heard and heeded. The badness of the dock arrangements of this City not only had struck the most casual observers and annoyed and inconvenienced the shipping interest, but from time to time it had also attracted public attention. A report was made to the Common Council by a Committee of the Board of Aldermen, on the 23d of March, 1863, in which the apathy of the City authorities with reference to legislating on the subject, was noticed. The Pilot Commissioners, in their report of Dec. 20, 1864, stated that the whole number of piers and bulkheads at that time was 152, of which five were in good order, five in fair order, and 101 dirty, while others needed repairs. The Chamber of Commerce in 1865 made their memorial to the Legislature exposing the bad state of the wharves and piers, recommending a Commission for their management. The present Mayor of New-York, in a communication to the special Senate Committee, dated Nov. 14, 1866, gave the amounts received for rents, and those expended for repairs of the wharves and piers and slips for the past six years. The rents collected amounted to $1,304,591 92; the sum paid out for repairs to $980,415 49. The Senate Committee mentioned, which set in this City in the Fall of 1866, reported the condition of the wharves and piers to be in a deplorable condition, and a disgrace to such a commercial emporium as the City of New-York. With few exceptions the piers were neither commodious nor safe. The report further said that the rates of wharfage neither paid interest on the value of the property nor kept the structures in repair, and consequently a general revision and control of both the structures and their use demanded prompt attention. Our wharves, continued the speaker, such as they are, suffer continual damage from the sewers, many of which discharge at the bulkhead along the street line, and thus deposit the silt on the bottom of the slips. The amount of solid matter thus daily poured into the slips was immense, and enough of it settles there to make many of the slips offensive to health as well as comfort and also gradually to diminish the depth of water to an alarming extent, for which dredging was an expensive and insufficient remedy. In the United States Coast Survey report of 1859 Lieut. **Craven** commented on this obstruction as a serious evil, and by his estimate of the deposit of silt in slips, where the sewer opens at the head of the slips, amounts to nearly eighteen inches a year. The same matter has been investigated, in a sanitary point of view, by the medical gentlemen who acted as Inspectors for the Council of Hygiene of the Citizens' Association, and the results they announce were important in this connection. We did not lack the monuments of a wise enterprise, nor of a just appreciation of what is convenient, suitable and profitable. Look at our public buildings—our churches, colleges and hospitals; our parks, our railroads, our hotels, our blocks of commodious stores, our huge piles of masonry humming with manufacturing industry, our streets and avenues lined with houses like palaces. Here the spirit of our citizens expresses itself, and its monuments will endure for ages. Alas that "its control stops with the shore." When it was remembered that the commerce which requires docks is the main source of the City's wealth, and it is seen that such requirement is not fulfilled—that we have no general plan or system of docks, and a great scarcity of models of a proper dock, one might even suspect that a hostile design to obstruct trade had concealed itself in the working of our affairs. The thing which was wanted here did not remain to be discovered or invented. The art of planning or constructing docks had been practiced long in Europe. Owing to the tides of New-York being less than half as high as those of Liverpool, equally effective docks may be made here with much less work and material, and will not require the guard or lock gates. The annual dock and high dues received in Liverpool amount to about $5,000,000, and are little drawn on for repair of the massive stone masonry, while our whole seventeen miles of front yields scarcely $100,000 of yearly net income, after deducting the expenses of perpetually mending the poor wood work. The growth of Birkenhead, from a neighborhood of fifty inhabitants in 1818, to a town of twenty-four thousand two hundred and eighty-five in 1851—a period of 33 years—was mainly owing to its excellent docks built since 1824. London has several extensive and perfect docks. Among them the West India Docks were completed in 1802. The docks of London occupy about one thousand acres of water space, and afford accommodation for thousands of vessels of the largest draught. They consist of a series of basins connected with the Thames by locks, are constructed of masonry, and are surrounded by spacious warehouses. Some of the warehouses in the London docks stand over the water's edge, and goods can be transferred directly between the lofts of the buildings and the holds of vessels, without using the quay and without cartage. Our Atlantic Dock and proposed Erie Basin follow those noble examples. So in France, the harbors of Marseilles, Havre, Toulon and Boulogne have ample and substantial docks for their shipping. In this country the City of Boston supports and encourages commerce by furnishing excellent wharves, and constantly receives the reward of its enterprise in that regard; and it is evident that while that port is preferred to ours by reason of its superiority in that respect, we steadily lose by our own neglect. The Citizens' Association of New-York, impressed with the importance of a reform in our wharf system, early in the Summer of last year took active steps to prepare the way for a salutary change. It caused accurate surveys to be made of the water front of New-York and Brooklyn, and had accurate maps drawn and colored, showing the exact state of every wharf, bulkhead and pier. All the laws affecting the water-front were examined and collated, and opinions of eminent jurists were taken as to present rights of the State, the City and private parties to the water fronts and the structures thereon. The Association then laid before the Senate Committee, in the Autumn of 1866, a carefully prepared statement of the whole subject. It also furnished the draft of a bill to create a Board or Commission on Wharves and Piers, which was introduced into the Legislature of 1867, and was passed by the Senate with only two dissenting votes, but was defeated in the Assembly by a corrupt combination of parties, having a private interest in the existing abuses of our local Government.

The Association desired again to agitate the subject, and would be ready to coöperate in any efficient measures which might result from the present meeting. Three plans had been suggested. First, the sale at auction of all the wharf property of the City Corporation. This would only remove the docks from being administered by the Common Council, but would not regulate the construction, condition and management of them by the new owners. Second, the formation of a Wharf Company, with power to acquire wharf rights, and with obligations to establish and maintain proper structures, as in the case of railroad companies. Such wharf company to take the dockage as profit on its capital. This would require a large outlay of money, and would be open to other objections. Third—The establishment of a Commission appointed by the Governor of the State or the Mayor of the City, with authority to sell or lease for long terms, the wharves which are owned by the City, and ample power to regulate the structure, the use of the wharves and the rates of wharfage. This latter plan alone received the support of the Citizens' Association. The speaker closed by urging that the easier access of shipping to the shores of New-York should be provided for in order that the future of the City might be secured.

Mr. **Wm. E. Dodge** was the next speaker. He said that the future of New-York demanded facilities for the development of its commerce greater than those it at present enjoyed. As the wharves and piers were now managed, the merchants could not have those facilities to which they were entitled. It was the duty of the merchants, mechanics and real estate holders to combine together and insist upon a change in the present system.

The following resolutions were then read and adopted:

RESOLUTIONS.

Whereas, The wharves and piers of the City of New-York are in a condition disgraceful to our City, and injurious to our commerce; and

Whereas, The wharf and pier system of this port is inadequate to meet the public wants, and is far behind the system that exists in the great cities of Europe; and

Whereas, The City of New-York is rapidly absorbing the foreign trade of our country, which in 1866 amounted to $571,096,953, of which New-York had $420,000,023; and

Whereas, New-York by reason of its position is destined to become the commercial centre of the world, and should have a wharf and pier system that would be an honor to our City, and prove commensurate with the public wants; and

Whereas, The question of providing ample dock accommodations for the trade of this port is of importance, not only to the City of New-York, but is one in which the whole State and nation have the deepest and most direct interest; and

Whereas, Radical changes are demanded in our whole system of wharves and piers; and,

Whereas, To properly deal with a subject of such vast importance, and to develop a plan or system that will meet with united support, it is necessary that the shipping, banking, commercial, manufacturing and other great interests to be affected should confer in reference thereto; therefore, be it

Resolved, That A. A. Low, James Brown, William H. Fogg, Peter Cooper, Paul Spofford, John S. Williams, John Taylor Johnson, August Belmont, William M. Vermilye, Jeremiah P. Robinson, David Dows, William B. Astor, John J. Phelps, Joseph W. Alsop, Stewart Brown, William Wood, Jacob A. Westervelt, Charles O'Conor, Theodore W. Riley, Richard W. Weston, Hugh Allen, Charles Tracy, Murray Hoffman, Nathaniel Sands, Washington R. Vermilye, Samuel U. F. Odell, William D. Morgan, Charles H. Marshall, Isaac N. Phelps, Paul N. Spofford, Francis W. J. Hunt, Aaron Arnold, James M. Constable, Marshall O. Roberts, Francis W. G. Bellows, Wm. B. Dinsmore, Edwin Hoyt, Howard Potter, Wm. E. Dodge, Allan McLane, John S. Eldridge, Joseph J. Comstock, Wm. M. Evarts, Benjamin Trask, Robert Mackie, Wm. Nelson, Adam Norrie, Robert L. Stuart, George F. Noyes, Jonathan Thorne, Samuel Sloan, James Boorman Johnston, J. F. D. Lanier, John Jacob Astor, Jr., Cornelius Vanderbilt, Stephen Smith, Joseph F. Daly, John E. Williams, William A. Booth, James H. Frothingham, George Griswold, James K. Place, John A. Weeks, R. M. Henry, G. S. Coe, L. G. Lockwood, S. Willets, G. C. Ward, E. Ounard, F. Chauncy, B. B. Sherman, H. G. Deforest, J. Hoyt, E. Hincken, L. Roberts, J. Punnett, J. T. Tapscott, W. B. Duncan, T. T. Sturges, G. W. Duer, D. Hoadley, A. E. Tillman, L. B. Woodruff, E. Cromwell, D. R. Martin, P. R. Payne, E. S. Brown, H. E. Nesmith, B. D. Silliman, C. A. Secor, A. Hamilton, Jr., Thos. J. Owen, George M. Clearman, Samuel H. Leaman, Robert L. Taylor, Nathaniel L. McCready, Wm. F. Cary, Jr., H. T. Livingston, Edward W. Coleman and Wm. E. Worthen, representing such interests, be appointed a committee to examine the whole subject, and to report as to the best means of inaugurating a Wharf and Pier system in this port commensurate with the present and future wants of our commerce.

Mr. **George F. Noyes** spoke in favor of the resolution. Public sentiment, he said, demanded legislative action on this matter of wharves and piers. Public opinion was more powerful than gold with which men bought up legislative votes. There was no such word in the dictionary of the New-York merchants as "fail," and with energy and enterprise on their part they would succeed in effecting an improvement in the wharfage system of the City.

Mr. **William B. Barber** took the ground that when the people chose to pay such rates as would warrant the change, the wharf-owners would build piers of wood, stone and even gold if such should be demanded.

Mr. H. C. **Gardiner** alluded to **Blunt's** work on the Harbor of New-York, in which the author mentions the dilapidated condition of the wharves, and spoke of the necessity of the immediate adoption of some plan by which the object of the Citizens' Association could be effected.

Mr. **Nelson** also made some brief remarks pertinent to the subject.

On motion of Mr. R. W. **Loeber**, the subject of the entrances to New-York Harbor was also referred to the Committee, after which the meeting adjourned.

Obsequies of the Late Alexander W. Bradford.

Yesterday funeral services over the remains of Hon. **Alexander W. Bradford**, were performed at Trinity Chapel, in Twenty-fifth-street.

Long before the hour for the commencement of the services the chapel was filled. Among those present were Judges Davies, Leonard, Bosworth, Woodruff, Hoffman and Peabody, Surrogate Tucker, Messrs. J. W. Girard, J. G. Vose, Charles O'Conor, John M. Knox, Commissioner Acton, Prof. Dwight, Hon. F. A. Conkling, Alderman Cushman, Mr. Geo. W. Blunt, A. S. Peabody, Jay Cooke, J. S. Winter, S. S. Harris, Aaron Arnold, Dr. Post, S. D. Skillen, Alexander Hamilton, and many other of our prominent citizens. Several gentlemen from Boston and Philadelphia, personal friends of the deceased, were also present.

At 10 o'clock the remains arrived at the chapel from the residence of Prof. **Nairne**, in Thirtieth-street, where the deceased had resided for some time previous to his last illness, and where he died. The remains were received at the church porch by Rev. Drs. **Haight**, **Dix**, **Houghton** and **Beach**, who preceded them up the aisle to the altar, in front of which they were deposited.

The following gentlemen officiated as pall-bearers: Judge Bosworth, Judge Ingraham, G. M. Ogden, F. S. Winston, Prof. Dwight, Prof. Nairne, Judge Davies, Prof. Dresler, John Randall.

The coffin was of rosewood, with silver ornaments of the most elaborate kind. On the lid were a large floral cross and two wreaths of immortelles.

The initiatory services were read by Rev. Dr. **Houghton**, and the lesson by Rev. Dr. **Haight**. After the singing of the hymn commencing "Rock of Ages cleft for me," the committal service was performed by Rev. Dr. **Dix**. Dr. **Beach** read the closing prayers. The funeral procession was then reformed, and as it passed down the aisle the hymn commencing with the following verse was sung, in conformity with the dying request of Mr. **Bradford**:

> Brother, now thy toils are o'er—
> Fought the battle, won the crown;
> On life's rough and barren shore
> Thou hast laid thy burden down;
> Grant him, Lord, eternal rest,
> With the spirits of the blest!

The remains were conveyed to Albany for interment.

Serious Charges Against a Ticket Agent—His Arrest.

Antoine Charnoy, of No. 210 William-street, yesterday caused the arrest of **Patrick McDonald**, the reputed proprietor of a ticket-office at No. 22 Albany-street, on a charge of swindling. It appeared from an affidavit made by the complainant before Justice **Hogan**, at the Tombs Police Court, that **Charnoy** came to this City from Knoxville, Tenn., on the 9th ult., intending to go to Europe, and made the hotel on the corner of Liberty and Greenwich streets his boarding place. One day a stranger sat down beside him in the reading-room, and inquired where he intended going; **Charnoy** mentioned Havre, when it appeared the stranger was going to Havre also. This man wanted to know if the Tennessean had purchased his passage ticket, and finding that he had not done so, volunteered to show him an office as the steamer sailed at noon. They proceeded to **McDonald's** office where **Charnoy** purchased a steerage ticket. The unknown then inquired if he had currency to change into gold and ascertained that **Charnoy** had $1,000 worth of crisp greenbacks. **McDonald** intimated at this juncture that he could attend to the matter expeditiously and in time to catch the steamer. **Charnoy** accepted the offer and gave **McDonald** two $500 bills and took a receipt therefor. An hour or so afterward **McDonald** returned to the office and handed **Charnoy** a bag purporting to contain a quantity of gold coin, telling him to hurry and take passage on the steamer, also asking if he had any more currency to be changed. **Charnoy** gave him $200 more in greenbacks and received more gold coin, being immediately hurried on board the steamer. **Charnoy** could not find his friend on board, and was astonished to find, on examining his gold, that he had received only 86 Napoleons, instead of 216, being thus cheated out of the sum of $455 in gold. As the steamer had by this time sailed, the unfortunate **Charnoy** was compelled to proceed to Liverpool, where he made known his case to Mr. **Inman**, the principal owner of the line of steamers by which the victimized passenger had sailed. Mr. **Inman**, with rare generosity, immediately telegraphed to Mr. **Dale**, the agent in this City, stating that **Charnoy** would return by the next steamer free of expense, and directing that the necessary steps be taken for the arrest and prosecution of the alleged swindlers. These cable dispatches cost Mr. **Inman** nearly $200; and he has given the complainant a free passage from Liverpool and back, besides paying his expenses here. Roundsman **Muldoon**, of the City Hall Police, found **Charnoy** Thursday endeavoring to obtain redress, and took him before the magistrate, who granted a warrant for **McDonald's** arrest. When the prisoner was arraigned he was remanded for examination. He stated that he had the receipt of **Charnoy** to show that all the gold had been delivered. **Charnoy** stated that he had written his name by request on a blank sheet of paper while in **McDonald's** office, and he charged the accused with having written a receipt.

The Steam Frigate Wampanoag.

The United States steam frigate *Wampanoag* is now all but ready to make a fair trial of her speed at last, but she will not make an extended trip sooner than Dec. 1. Next Monday it is expected that her engineers will be able to declare that all is ready to make that test of her powers looked forward to with so much interest, and especially by those who advocate the merits of the Ericsson-built boat, the *Madawaska*. The *Madawaska*, with her direct acting engine, has made 15 knots per hour. The engineers of the *Wampanoag* claim that with the advantages of the geared engines and a large diameter of cylinder, she ought to step considerably beyond this. The *Wampanoag*, it will be remembered by the readers of the Times to whom has already been given a detailed description of the vessel as she was in process of construction, is the largest American vessel-of-war afloat. She is 354 feet long, 60 feet longer than the height of Trinity Church steeple. Her engines and boilers occupy 160 feet of this length; her engines are in the aggregate of 5,000 horse-power, having two 100-inch cylinders, eight main boilers and two super-heaters. She carries ten 9-inch Dahlgrens, two 100-pound Parrots forward, and two howitzers aft. Her full complement of men is about 500, and of these she has now on board 418, all told. The Engineer's Department alone calls for 160 men, and 120 are now at work. As yet her engine rooms are but a wilderness of shafts and beams and cranks and cylinders. But order is coming out of chaos rapidly, and the trial will take place, no doubt, on Monday or Tuesday at the furthest.

The Italian Minister and the Children's Aid Society.

The following correspondence has passed between the Italian Minister and the Children's Aid Society:

Clarendon Hotel, New-York,
Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1867.

Rev. C. L. Brace, Secretary of the Children's Aid Society:

Dear Sir: I beg to be allowed to express in behalf of the Government and nation I have the honor to represent at Washington, the most heartfelt thanks for the Christian and noble undertaking unpretentiously assumed and most successfully prosecuted by the Children's Aid Society for the improvement of the poor class of the Italian population in your City. My visit to the Italian school under your charge, on the 23d inst., was to me a source of high gratification, and convinced me that by your efficient and humane exertions hundreds of poor Italian children have been redeemed from vagrancy and turned into industrious and useful members of the community. The cleanliness, mental training and admirable behaviour of the 150 pupils assembled on that occasion impressed me with a deep sense of gratitude toward the friends of the Children's Aid Society, and to you personally, for your unsparing efforts in devising and forwarding such an useful institution. I can only hope that your Society may ever prosper and continue its charitable work in the vast field of its operations with that truly Christian and benevolent spirit which distinguishes this glorious country.

Believe me, dear Sir, yours respectfully,
MARCEL CERRUTI,
Minister Plenipotentiary from Italy at Washington.

Children's Aid Society, No. 8, East 4th-st.,
New York, Nov. 1, 1867.

Comm. Marcel Cerruti, Minister Plenipotentiary from Italy, at Washington, D. C.:

Sir: It is very gratifying to the Trustees of the Children's Aid Society that their long continued labors of charity in behalf of the children of destitute Italians in this city, have been so kindly noticed by yourself and the enlightened Government and nation you represent. Thirteen years since, in my labors among the poor, I was deeply pained at the helpless, isolated and ignorant condition of the poor Italian children in our lowest quarters. It seemed to me that a school with its attendant charities, adapted to their peculiar wants, would, after a time, raise this needy but industrious class.

I laid the matter before our Board of Trustees, whose philanthropic sympathy extends to all races and classes of the City poor, and before the public, who came forward at once to the pecuniary support of the new charity. The plan proved an entire success, as no member of the hundreds of Italian children in that school, has ever, to our knowledge, fallen into our prisons or become a subject of public alms; and many have grown up to be honest and industrious men and women. This success in a very difficult work has been due, under Providence, to the self-denying and patient efforts of our excellent teacher, Signor **A. E. Cuqua**, who has gained a well-deserved influence over the whole class. We are also under many obligations to our public spirited fellow-citizens of Italian birth: Signor **E. P. Fabbri**, Prof. **V. Botta**, **G. Albinola**, **O. Fabbricotti** and Dr. **Ceccarini**, who, during the last four years, have contributed generously to the support of the school.

Believe me, dear Sir, yours with much respect,
C. L. BRACE, Secretary.

American Bible Society.

The stated meeting of the Board of Managers of the American Bible Society was held at the Bible House, Astor-place, Thursday, at 3:30 P. M., **James Lenox**, President, in the chair. Rev. Dr. **Newman Hall**, of London, opened the meeting by reading the 103d Psalm, and offered prayer. Twelve new auxiliaries were recognized, of which one is in each of the States of Ohio, Wisconsin, Minnesota, West Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Alabama, and four in Texas.

Communications were received from Rev. **Isaac G. Bliss**, the Society's agent for the Levant, stating his safe arrival with his family at Constantinople: from Rev. Dr. **Goodfellow**, Buenos Ayres, with a letter from **George Schmidt**, the colporteur, reporting his labors, which have been successful; from Rev. **Chas. Jackson**, Secretary British and Foreign Bible Society, in regard to making plates of the Arabic Scriptures at Beirut; from Rev. W. W. Scudder, D.D., of the Arcot Mission, reporting the number of Scriptures distributed by the Mission with the funds of this Society. A note also was laid before the Board from Rev. W. H. **Bidwell**, in regard to the distribution of the Scriptures in Siberia, granted 18 months ago, and showing the favorable reception and successful distribution of the books. The opening in this new field is as gratifying as it is surprising.

Grants of books were made to the Freedmen's Union Commission of New-York; to the Seamen's Friend Society; to the Friends' Friends Friend Society of Philadelphia; to the Tract Society of the Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church; to the Missionary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church, with numerous grants to auxiliaries and responsible parties at the South, with several copies in raised letters for the blind. The number of volumes, of all kinds, amount to 12,840, and besides these, others amounting in value to $680. The books granted were in Spanish, German, Danish, French, Portuguese and English. A copy of the sermon on the Mount in raised letter in the Arabic language, printed at Constantinople for the blind in Egypt, by authority and at the expense of this Society, was presented by Rev. W. H. **Bidwell**. A memorial paper on the decease of Rev. Dr. **Krebs** was presented and adopted.

The Careless Handling of Firearms—Probable Fatal Accident.

Yesterday morning a young man named **Thomas Whalen** entered the liquor-store of **Patrick Rogers**, corner of Van Brunt and Carroll streets, Brooklyn, with a pistol which he desired to sell. He gave it to the barkeeper, a man named **Walter Shay**, and asked him to look at it. **Shay** did so, but being unfamiliar with its use, returned it to **Whalen**, who explained its construction, and while in the act of raising it, discharged it accidentally. The ball took effect in **Shay's** left breast. The wounded man fell at once to the floor, bleeding freely. Dr. **McUbay** was sent for; he soon came, and directed **Shay's** removal to the City Hospital.

Whalen ran at once to the closet and threw away the pistol, but before the officers arrived to arrest him his senses returned, and seeing the folly of the act, endeavored to recover the weapon. While he was so doing the officers arrested him and took him to the Hospital, whither **Shay** had been taken, and to which the Coroner had been summoned.

In the opinion of Coroner **Lynch**, the wound was mortal, and the following anti-mortem statement was made by **Shay**:

Believing myself to be dying, I make this statement: I reside at the corner of Van Brunt and Carroll streets; am a bartender by occupation, and work for **Patrick Rogers**; about ten o'clock this morning, while attending to my duties behind the bar, a young man named **Thomas Whalen** came into the store; (**Whalen** was here recognized by the wounded man;) he offered to sell a pistol, and attempted to show me how it worked, I being ignorant how it did work; I tried it and he tried it; **Lawrence Kinsella** was also in the store at this time; when **Thomas Whalen** showed me for the second time, the pistol went off, and I was shot in the heart; I have known the prisoner two months, and never had any difficulty with him."

In the opinion of all present, **Whalen** knew nothing of the fact that the pistol was loaded, and there is every reason to believe that the shooting was entirely an accident. **Shay** had an interview with **Whalen** of the kindest nature at the Hospital, and the latter was greatly overcome by the terrible result of his careless handling of so dangerous a weapon. The wound has been repeatedly probed, but the ball cannot be found.

A Fatal Mistake.

Miss **Helen E. Vance**, aged 40 years, a teacher of elocution, has boarded at the residence of Mrs. **Taylor**, No. 209 East Twenty-sixth-street. On Thursday she seemed unwell, and requested Mrs. **Taylor** to procure some tincture of rhubarb. Yesterday morning she appeared in good health, but at 7:30 o'clock, Miss **Elizabeth M. Taylor** heard Miss **Vance** cry out, and on entering her room was startled with the information given by Miss **Vance**—that the latter had swallowed cyanide of potassium instead of rhubarb. Medical aid was summoned, but before it could arrive Miss **Vance** had expired. It then appeared that the deceased had a vial containing cyanide of potassium and one of tincture of rhubarb, and had swallowed the contents of the wrong bottle. Coroner **Schirmer** held an inquest during the afternoon, when the above facts were developed; the *post-mortem* examination by Dr. **Wooster Beach** resulting in finding traces of the poison mentioned in the stomach. The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. Miss **Vance** was a native of Boston.

A Mysterious Affair—A Father and Son Severely Wounded.

As Officer **Malone**, of the Seventeenth Precinct, was patroling his post about 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, in East Eleventh-street, he found **John Eber**, aged 60, and his son **John**, aged 28, and both natives of Germany, suffering from severe stab wounds. Both were taken to the Police-station, where they stated that they resided at No. 189 East Eleventh-street and had been attacked on their way home by several unknown men, who stabbed them. The father sustained a severe wound in the abdomen and the son was stabbed in the left side. Both were dangerous wounds. They could give no clue to their assailants nor any motive on the part of any one of their acquaintance to commit the assault. The inference is that they were mistaken for other men. Both are now at Bellevue Hospital under medical care. Capt. **Mount** and his officers are endeavoring to find the perpetrators of the outrage.

POLICE COURTS.

THE TOMBS—HOGAN, Justice.

BOLD THEFT.

John Gilmour was arrested yesterday by Officer **Williams**, of the Third Precinct, on a charge of stealing a quantity of stationery from an express wagon in Vesey-street, intended for the Academy of the Sacred Heart. **Gilmour** took the plunder to a store near by, and said he would call for it. When he did he was escorted to the Court-room, where the magistrate committed him for trial.

WORTHLESS CHECK.

John McGowan was arrested yesterday by Detective **McCord** on a charge of swindling one **John McLean** out of $55 worth of lumber by means of a worthless check. As the complainant was not present, the magistrate remanded the prisoner.

ALLEGED SWINDLE.

Officer **Connor** arrested **James E. Roy** on the complaint of **Joseph Jamesey**, of No. 83 Beaver-street, who stated that on the 9th of July last, **Roy** called on him, and presented what purported to be a promissory note for $580, drawn by **Charles F. Clark**, in favor of **J. T. Marion**. **Roy** wished a loan of $500 on the note, which he obtained. Mr. **Jamesey**, finding the note to be worthless, caused **Roy's** arrest. He was held for examination.

JEFFERSON MARKET—LEDWITH, Justice.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

James Scanlon, of No. 101 West Eighteenth-street, states that he was walking in Seventh-avenue on the evening of the 31st of October, when he was met by **James H. Johnson** and two other men unknown to him. These men seized him and insisted upon his going to a ball with them, and upon his refusal let him go. Immediately afterward he discovered that he had been robbed of a gold watch and chain which he values at $75. He accused the party of stealing it, when **Johnson** told him not to make a noise about it, and he (**Johnson**) would see that his property was returned to him. **Scanlon** appears to have waited some days for this promise to be redeemed, but having waited in vain, yesterday caused **Johnson** to be arrested. The accused, who is a bricklayer, 23 years of age, when arraigned denied all knowledge of the affair, but was committed in default of $500 bail for trial at the General Sessions.

DISHONEST DOMESTICS.

Mary L. Staples, No. 150 Waverley-place, made an affidavit, from which it appears that a black dress worth $20, a maroon-colored dress valued at $10, a skirt valued at $5, and ten sheets valued at $18, had been stolen from the clothes-room of her residence. She charged that her domestic, **Margaret Harsen**, and a washwoman, **Catherine Meyerhoff**, were guilty of the larceny, from the fact that **Margaret** was the only person who had access to the room, and that a portion of the stolen goods had been found in the possession of **Catherine**. In answering the charge **Catherine** stated that the dresses had been given her by **Margaret**, but the latter denied her guilt in the strongest terms. The prisoners were committed in default of $500 bail each for trial at the General Sessions.

ROBBED IN THE STREET.

Alexander Knight, of Yonkers, visited the City Oct. 30, and during the day fell in with one **William Hawley**, whom the Police affirm to be of doubtful character. During the evening **Knight** and **Hawley** went out together, and between 10 and 11 o'clock, at the corner of Grand and Mercer streets, met two other men. After standing there a moment **Knight** was knocked down, and on recovering his senses found that his companions had taken their departure and with them $600 in money and a valuable gold watch which he had had upon his person. He at once gave information of his loss at the Eighth Precinct Station-house, but it was not until Thursday that **Hawley** was found, when he was arrested at the corner of Green and Houston streets by Officer **Pickett**. The complainant, **Knight**, had returned home, and the prisoner was remanded to the Station-house to await the appearance of **Knight**. **Hawley** admits having been in company of **Knight** at the time of the outrage, but denied having had any agency in it.

OVERCOATS WANTED.

Van Vleet & Wilson, of Elizabeth, N. J., Wednesday last hired a horse and light wagon, valued at $500, to **Wm. Neal** to come to this City with. On arriving here **Neal** went into an oyster saloon in Greene-street, leaving the team standing in the street. On coming out a few minutes afterward he found that horse and wagon had disappeared, and he could get no trace of them until yesterday, when, as is alleged, **Wallace Freeland** and **George Johnson** came to him and said they would return the horse and wagon provided **Neal** would furnish them an overcoat each. **Neal** gave information of this fact to the Police, and **Freeland** and **Johnson** were arrested by Detectives **Kealy** and **Glynn**, of the Eighth Precinct, at No. 36 Greene-street. The case not being ready the prisoners were remanded.

ALLEGED HORSE-STEALING.

During the fire at No. 413 East Tenth-street, the flames approaching the stables of the Second-street line of stages, the horses were untied or their halters cut and they were turned into the street. After the fire the animals were gathered as quickly as possible and returned to their stalls. It was then discovered that two of the best of them, a gray and a bay, valued at $300, were missing. They were subsequently found at the Eighteenth Precinct Station, where also two boys, **William Asher** and **Sebastian Dempsey**, were in custody, the horses having been found in their possession at the corner of First-avenue and Twenty-first-street by Officer **Keager**, of the Eighteenth Precinct. The boys gave contradictory accounts of the manner in which they obtained the animals, which circumstance led to their arrest. A complaint against them by **Abraham Lent**, the Superintendent of the stables, was taken, and they were held for examination.

MINOR CASES.

A charge was preferred against **Michael McAnomy**, that Thursday evening he had obstructed a car of the Sixth-avenue line by going on the track at Fourth-street with his truck and refusing to leave it until he reached Twenty-third-street. He was temporarily committed.

Nellie Brown was sent to the Special Sessions for stealing $10 from **Ambrose Cartwright**, the money having been found in her possession.

ESSEX MARKET—MANSFIELD, Justice.

VALUABLE CLOTHING STOLEN.

Johanna Cronin, of No. 39 Henry-street, states in her complaint that yesterday a woman, who subsequently gave the name of **Sarah Bedinger**, called at her house and asked for a person named **Harris**. Mrs. **Cronin** went out and showed her where **Harris** lived, and at a later hour she discovered that she had been robbed of a silk sacque valued at $125 and three dresses worth $75. The woman **Sarah**, subsequently to her first visit, was seen to leave the house carrying a large bundle, and upon this circumstance the charge against her was founded. She was committed in default of $1,000 bail for trial at the General Sessions.

STEALING BUTTER.

Thomas Ryan, a peddler, 19 years of age, residing at No. 121 Sheriff-street, and **John Hamilton**, also a peddler, living at No. 37 Goerck-street, were arraigned upon the charge of stealing a firkin of butter from **Francis Sherman**, No. 350 East Fourth-street. The affidavit states that the butter had been given to **Sherman** to deliver to a person in Rivington-street, and that it was stolen from his cart in the street. Afterward the butter and the prisoners were found in a stable in Mangin-street. Both the accused denied their guilt, but were committed in default of $1,000 each for trial at the General Sessions, the butter being valued at $49.

AN INCIDENT OF HOUSE-MOVING.

Sibyl Shaw, of No. 233 Seventh-street, states that on the 1st of May last she hired **Charles Brown** to assist her in moving. Among other articles placed in his custody was the drawer of a bureau in which was a pocket-book containing $20. After **Brown** left in the evening it was found that this money was missing, but he was not suspected of taking it until he failed to make his appearance on the next morning as he had promised to do. Yesterday Mrs. **Shaw** saw him again for the first time and caused him to be arrested. He was committed in default of $300 bail for trial at the Special Sessions.

SHIRTS STOLEN.

From the statement of **Meyer Hellman** it appears that twenty-two plaid shirts, valued at $35, were lately stolen from the store Nos. 13 and 15 White-street, and that a man named **Benjamin Heffner** had offered some shirts to **Jacob Wolff**, of No. 341 East Houston-street, which were identified as the stolen property. **Hoffner** was committed for examination.

MINOR CASES.

Morris Ryan was arraigned upon a charge of stealing $10 in money from **John Tobin**. It is alleged that the larceny occurred in a liquor-store, at the corner of Pike and Cherry streets, where **Ryan** took **Tobin's** pocket-book from him and refused to return it. The accused was sent to the Special Sessions.

John Hurascheck was committed for trial at the Special Sessions, on the complaint of **Robert Buckley**, No. 146 East Houston-street, who alleged that the prisoner had stolen from him property valued at $7.

YORKVILLE COURT—KELLY, Justice.

ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT.

Cornelius Vandergan, No. 619 Eighth-avenue, preferred a charge of embezzlement against his clerk, **Samuel Conness**. It is alleged that considerable sums of money have been missed from the drawer of the store, and that two marked bills were found upon the person of **Conness**. The accused denied his guilt, saying that he had taken the two bills to replace money of his own which he had used in making change. The prisoner was held for further hearing.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

Christian Convention.—Next Wednesday the Convention of various Christian denominations from the State of New-York will meet in this City, in Rev. Dr. **Rogers'** church, Fifth-avenue, corner of Twenty-first-street. The meeting is called by the Young Men's Christian Association and indorsed by many of the clergymen of the City. Eminent men have been invited to be present, and among those who are expected to take part in the discussions are Hon. **Henry Wilson**, **Henry F. Durant**, Hon. **O. S. Ferry**, Hon. **Lafayette S. Foster**, Messrs. **H. Thorn Miller**, **Geo. H. Stuart** and **D. L. Moody**. It is designed to discuss practical questions bearing on the promotion of vital Christianity and to throw these open to a free interchange of views.

Items.—At 5 o'clock yesterday morning a kerosene oil lamp exploded in the room occupied by **Mary Steel**, at No. 243 East Twenty-second-street, and severely burned the woman on the arms and body. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital.... **Matthew Dorsey**, of No. 591 Greenwich-street, while driving off Pier No. 59 North River, was crushed on the head and face by being caught between the gate and a bale of hay. He was taken to the New-York Hospital.... **John McGee**, of No. 446 East Thirty-second-street, was knocked down and trampled by a horse driven by a boy. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Distinguished Visitor to the Mayor.—Gen. **Heussein**, Ambassador from Tunis to this Government, paid a visit to the Mayor yesterday. Gen. **Heussein** was formerly Secretary of War to the Government at Tunis. He speaks French and other languages fluently, and sufficient English to make himself understood. He has been traveling extensively in Canada, and during the Winter will pay a visit to the Southern States.

The Dean Richmond Disaster.—The argument in this case will be made at 10 A. M. to-day, at the office of the Government Inspectors, No. 23 Pine-street. Mr. **McMahon** will make the argument on behalf of the owners of the *Vanderbilt*, and Mr. **Wm. P. Prentice** will appear for the owners of the *Dean Richmond*. Messrs. **Weeks** and **Mathews**, the Inspectors, will forward their report to Washington about the last of next week.

Races at Jerome Park.—To-day the members of the New-York Jockey Club will have a day of field sports by themselves, to which the public will not be admitted. The races will consist of a sweepstakes, to be ridden by the members of the Club, distance three-quarters of a mile; a match of one mile, in which *Redwing* will contest with *Roquette*; and a race of one mile and a quarter, horses not yet named.

Fire in Leonard-street.—At noon yesterday flames were discovered in the stable of **Selah Tucker**, situate in rear of No. 29 Leonard-street, resulting in its destruction and a loss of $100. Five horses were stabled there, two of which were burned to death, the owners sustaining a loss of $600; no insurance. The fire was caused by boys playing with matches.

The American Institute.—The managers of the American Institute Fair have made their report. The entire receipts are set down at $39,067; the outlay at $24,067, leaving a balance of $15,000. The quarterly report of the Institute shows a balance in the Treasury, July 31, of $1,477, receipts since then of $14,229, and expenses for repairs of real estate, library, &c., $12,432—leaving a total balance of $3,374.

Another Grant Club.—A Grant Club was organized last evening in the Sixth Assembly District, at Oriental Hall, corner of Clinton and Grand streets. **Horace Parmenter** was chosen President, **James H. Anderson**, Vice-President, **Jas. H. Campbell**, Secretary, and **Benjamin Hutchinson**, Treasurer.

The Jewish Church.—The second of the series of Sabbath evening lectures on the Life and Times of Christ, will be delivered at the New-England Church, West Forty-first-street, near Sixth-avenue, to-morrow evening, by Rev. **Lyman Abbott**. The subject is, "The Jewish Churches."

Success in Business.—Mr. **Greeley** will lecture next Monday evening at the Cooper Institute, before the students of Packard's New-York Business College, on "Success in Business." The lecture will be, in part, a repetition of the opening address delivered at the College rooms, No. 937 Broadway, on the 7th of October.

The County Canvass.—The Board of Supervisors will meet at noon next Tuesday to canvass the returns of the late election. A protest will probably be entered against canvassing the vote for Supervisors on the ground that the ticket was irregular, all the candidates being on the same ticket.

Licenses at the Mayor's Office.—During the week ending yesterday, 3,066 licenses were issued by Marshal **Tappan**, of which 2,599 were for public carts, 118 for express wagons, 91 to cartmen, 60 to stages, 90 to venders and 108 miscellaneous. The amount received for licenses was $4,848 75.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

Large Fire.—About 11 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in a row of houses on Lafayette-avenue, near Stuyvesant. They were unoccupied at the time, and before the fire was discovered it had obtained such headway that it was impossible to extinguish it. The houses, five in number were totally destroyed. Loss, $20,000; fully insured. No reason can be assigned for the fire, and the supposition is that it was caused by an incendiary.

Clothing Stolen.—In the lower part of the city there is a gang of youthful ruffians, who vary their ordinary routine of fighting and rowdyism by sneaking depredations in halls and basements. Yesterday one of them spied the open door of No. 86 Front-street, entered, went up stairs and stole from a hall bedroom $50 worth of clothing. No clue to him has been discovered.

The Counterfeit Bonds.—**Richard Enright**, formerly in the United States Revenue service, has been arrested charged with complicity in the counterfeit bond case. He was arraigned before the United States Commissioner yesterday morning, and held to bail in the sum of $20,000. Mr. R. M. **Hooley** and two others gave security for his appearance.

NEW-JERSEY.

Seizure of an Illicit Distillery.—Yesterday morning, between 1 and 2 o'clock, United States Deputy **Van Derzee**, of the Fifth Collection District, with a *posse* of men, made a descent upon an illicit distillery in Court-lane, between Third and Fourth streets, Hoboken, and arrested the proprietor and two workmen. The establishment was in full operation, two stills being run for the manufacture of rum from molasses. The proprietor, **John Hulphus**, and the two workmen, **Henry Heitsch** and **Otto Helenius**, were taken before United States Commissioner **Jackson** yesterday, when the proper affidavits were made out, in which it is charged that the proprietor had no license, nor had the liquor manufactured by him been inspected by any Government officer. The parties admitted their guilt, when they were held to bail to answer.

Inquests.—Coroner **Warren**, of Jersey City, held an inquest, yesterday, on the body of **Patrick Fleming**, the river junkman who died in his boat the day previous, as is supposed, from asthma and exposure. The jury rendered a verdict of "Death from visitation of God." The same Coroner also held an inquest on the body of **Dayton D. Barker**, an employe of the Erie Railway Company, who lost his life on the evening of the 4th inst., by being crushed between two cars while coupling them together at the depot in Jersey City. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Incendiary Fire.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning a fire of incendiary origin broke out in a frame building, No. 97 Coles-street, Jersey City, occupied by **Henry Vogtowsky** as a carpenter-shop, and which, together with the contents, was entirely consumed. Mr. **Vogtowsky's** loss in tools and materials was $2,000. The building belonged to a widow named **Papes**; loss $250. The adjoining buildings were in great danger, but escaped with slight damage.

Hudson County Bible Society.—The Hudson County Bible Society at their annual meeting Thursday night elected the following officers: President, Hon. **B. F. Randolph**; Vice-President, Rev. W. V. V. Mabon, D. D.; Treasurer, M. C. Morgan; Assistant Treasurer, W. C. Harp; Secretary, Rev. Wm. Verrinder. The total amount of contributions to the Bible cause in Hudson County for the year was $1,209 39.

Arrest of Incendiaries.—Two men, named **Allen & Curtis**, have been arrested at Elizabeth for setting fire to the barn of **Chancellor Williamson**, and causing a loss of $4,000. **Allen** made a full statement fastening the offence on **Curtis** and both were committed.

Morris and Essex Railroad.—The improvements on this road are being carried on with rapidity. The double track is already in use from Hoboken to Madison, and in a month it is expected to be completed to Morristown.

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

CERTIFICATES OF DIVISION—THEY MUST BE IN RESPECT TO QUESTIONS OF LAW, AND NOT OF FACT.

Wm. Brobst et al., Plaintiffs in error, vs. John Brobst.—On a certificate of division of opinion between the Judges of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

The certificate of division is embodied in a final decree setting aside a certain deed from John Brobst to William Brobst, as to five undivided eighth-parts of the land conveyed and certifying a division of the Court as to the remaining three-eights. The bill charged that the deed was fraudulently obtained by William Brobst, and the decree was final in annulling it *quoad* the five-eights, and the appeal from that portion of the decree was dismissed at the December Term of this Court, 1865. The ground of the division of the Court was in respect to the claims of the co-defendants, as alleged purchasers of three-eighths under William Brobst, the fraudulent grantee in the deed of John Brobst. His Honor Judge **Cadwallader** thought these were *bona fide* purchasers entitled to be protected, but Mr. Justice **Grier** thought otherwise.

This Court disposed of the case by the following opinion, delivered by Mr. Chief-Justice **Chase**:

This case comes here on a certificate of division from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

The record shows a litigation in respect to an alleged fraud in obtaining a deed of large tracts of land by the principal defendant from the complainant. The decree finds the fraud as alleged, and holds the deed void as to the principal defendant, but states that the Judges are opposed in opinion on the question whether his four codefendants, who claim by deeds under him, are chargeable as privies to the fraud, and this question is accordingly certified to this Court.

The question is one of fact, and can only be determined by an examination of the evidence in the record; and it has been repeatedly determined that only questions of law upon distinct points in a cause can be brought to this Court by certificate. (Willson *vs.* Barnum, 8 How. 261.)

An order must be made, therefore, remanding this cause to the Circuit Court, without answer to the question certified, for want of jurisdiction.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

THE NEWCOMB CASE.

The case of the United States *vs.* Ex-Deputy Marshal Abner B. Newcomb, charged with receiving a bribe from an alleged counterfeiter, was before Commissioner **Osborn** yesterday for further examination.

The only witness examined was Caroline Brockway, the wife of the notorious Chas. Brockway, lately convicted of counterfeiting, and sentenced to the State Prison for fifteen years. She testified that Newcomb was in the habit of visiting her house, at No. 145 Mercer-street, frequently before her husband's arrest; Dow, the complainant in this case, also visited her establishment; in February last she was present at a conversation held in her parlor between her husband and Newcomb, when the latter said that for $1,000 he would arrange matters so as to shield Dow from the legal consequences of a felony committed in one of the Eastern States; Brockway expressed the opinion that the sum named was exorbitant; Dow then said he would take off $250, but not more than that; to this Brockway replied that he would see Dow with reference to it; subsequently Newcomb came to the house again, when Brockway informed him that Dow was satisfied with the terms, and had given Mrs. Brockway the money to be paid over as soon as the matter was consummated; Newcomb then told Brockway that, in order to get Col. Wood to arrange for Dow's immunity from punishment, something must be done to induce him (Wood) to believe that the Government was indebted to him (Dow) for valuable information upon counterfeiting matters; in order to bring this about, plates and tools were brought to her house under the direction, witness believed, of Newcomb; these were examined afterward by Newcomb, who took several impressions of twenty-five-cent notes from one of the plates, upon paper which he got at the Marshal's office; the implements were soon afterward removed to Bleecker-street, where a sham seizure was subsequently made under pretended information furnished by Dow. The day following that of the seizure, she paid Newcomb the $750, less $60, which she had loaned to Dow by his (Newcomb's) directions. Newcomb returned $10 out of the $690 to Mrs. Brockway as a present, adding that he would give her more but that it was a small sum to be divided among a number of persons.

Mr. Courtney then offered to prove by the witness that Newcomb had also received money from her for the purpose of procuring the discharge of her husband under the Mt. Vernon forgery indictment. The money, in this instance, he would show, was paid to counsel under the arrangement that Newcomb should get it, and the Brockway trial should be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. John Sedgwick, for the defence, objected to any testimony which did not bear directly upon the transaction alleged to have taken place between his client and Dow. What Newcomb offered to do or did for Brockway was irrelevant to the charge under investigation.

The Commissioner sustained the objection.

The witness was then cross-examined at considerable length, but nothing new was elicited.

An adjournment until Monday next was ordered.

SUPREME COURT.

Before Judge Barnard.

THE COST OF OPENING PUBLIC PLACES.

In the matter of opening the circle at the intersection of Broadway and Fifty-ninth-street, Geo. H. Purser, representing the Corporation Counsel, applied to the Court this morning for the taxation of the bill of costs, charges and expenses of the Commissioners of estimate and assessment. William A. Whitbeck, representing the West side Association, and also as counsel for several property owners in interest, objected to the bill, and in particular to the larger items: The Commissioners' fees are set down at $8,000: Mr. Whitbeck stated that if the Commissioners were allowed full fees for every day since their appointment it would be found even then that they had charged $3,200 more than they were legally entitled to receive. Again, the law requires the Commissioners to finish up their work in four months, and it was claimed that they could not charge for more than four months, ($1,250) and not even for such length of time unless actually engaged in the discharge of the duties of their appointment. It was stated that the valuation of the property in this case (seventeen City lots) and the adjustment of the assessment could have been made as well in four weeks as in four months, though the Commissioners in reality had extended their labors to fifteen months. The Surveyor's fees are set down at $5,250; it was claimed that the surveys made were wholly unauthorized by law; that what were charged for as surveys were not in reality surveys, but were simple copies of the Ward maps, and that the clerk was by law required to make these copies as far as was necessary. It was asserted that the Surveyor's fees usually charged in these street-opening proceedings were outrageous in the extreme, and that for a small part of the Surveyor's fees charged in the late Church-street extension, the entire Ward maps could be copied and lithographed, so that a set of these maps might be placed in every public office in the City, thus enabling Commissioners in these proceedings to dispense with the services of Surveyors altogether, and rendering even special copies from maps unnecessary. The clerks' fees are set down at $9,000. Objection was made to this charge, and particularly to the item of $6,000 charged for drafting and copying the report. Mr. Whitbeck said that the report was made up by preparing and printing a very wordy blank. These blanks were filled up according to the number of lots, (over five thousand,) when the blanks were tied up together, constituting the report for which this large sum is charged. It was insisted that the presentation of such a report was wholly unauthorized, was valueless, and was made up for no other purpose than to run up a bill. The Appraisers' fees are set down at $4,600. In regard to this item it was asserted that if a business man had had occasion to have this property (half a dozen houses) appraised, he would have had it done as well or better than it was now done for $500. It was insisted that $3,000 be stricken from this item. Decision reserved.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Nov. 8.

Before Judge Barbour.

THE CENTRAL PARK HACKMEN AGAIN.

Wm. H. Masterson vs. Arthur Stout and others.—This is the case heard before Judge **Jones** of this Court on a motion for a preliminary injunction—the opinion denying which was published in the Times a few weeks ago. Plaintiff is the keeper of a stable for the hire of hackney coaches in Fifty-ninth-street, opposite the Central Park, and defendants also keep hackney coaches for hire in the street opposite his premises—the same having been made a public stand for hacks by ordinance of the Common Council. The application of the plaintiff for an injunction against defendants was denied by Judge Jones, on the ground that the occupation of the street by defendants was authorized by the Common Council, and that to restrain them from carrying on the business of coach hire might discommode the public, and would also be an interference with free competition in business, which it is public policy to protect.

The case now comes up for trial before the Court on the question of damages, plaintiff claiming that defendants interfered with the ingress and egress from his stable. Witnesses were examined on both sides, and the Court reserved its decision.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I—Nov. 8.

Before Judge Brady and a Jury.

LIMITED LIABILITY OF RAILROADS FOR FREIGHT—VALIDITY OF THE CONTRACT CONTAINED IN BILLS OF LADING.

Levi Steinway vs. The New-York and Erie Railroad.—This was an action to recover $2,294 50, with interest, being the value of the contents of two boxes of dry goods shipped by plaintiff *via* the Erie Railway for transportation to Cincinnati, in September, 1865. The goods were destroyed at Callicoon Station, by fire, ignited by sparks from the engine.

The defendants set up in bar of recovery a bill of lading of the goods, containing the usual contract exempting defendants from all liability for fire. They proved that plaintiff took the usual receipt on the delivery of the goods at the dock, and went to the agent's office in Broadway, where he surrendered the receipt and obtained in its stead a bill of lading containing a contract with the exemption clause relating to fire; that he paid a lower rate of freight in consequence of this contract for a limited liability of the Company, and that he was accordingly bound by it; and the Company, according to the terms of the contract, was not responsible for loss by fire from any cause, whether resulting from negligence of the Company or not.

The Court held that the contract contained in the bill of lading exempting the Company from responsibility for loss by fire did not relieve them from the duty of exercising ordinary care to prevent the loss of the goods by fire, and that an absolute exemption from responsibility in this regard could only be secured by an express contract. The only question, therefore, for the jury to pass upon, was whether ordinary care was exercised by the Company. On this point, Mr. Wyman, for the defendants, testified that it was impossible, from any known appliances for engines, to prevent the escape of sparks, such as would ignite wood or other material. On the other hand, Col. Bendix testified that there were appliances in existence by means of which an engine consumed its own smoke and sparks, and rendered it impossible to communicate fire from that source.

Counsel for defendants excepted to the ruling of the Court as to the legal force of the contract contained in the bill of lading, and the case being submitted to the jury, they rendered a verdict for the full amount claimed.

Mr. Joachimsen, for plaintiff; D. B. Eaton, for defendants.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Nov. 8, 1867.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R.		10	Pac. Mail	143⅜
	'62	105	100	do	142⅞
55,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C.		100	do s60	140⅝
	'62	108⅛	200	do	142
10,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s, C.		100	do 2d call	142
	'64	105⅝	17	do	142⅜
15,000	do	105⅞	200	do s60	140
8,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C.,		300	At. Mail	116
	'65	106⅛	100	do	116⅛
8,000	do	106⅛	100	Boston W. P.	16⅞
7,000	U. S. 5-20s, '67, C		100	do	17
	new iss	107⅝	300	Adams Ex. Co	68
7,000	U. S. 5-20s, C.,		200	do	67⅞
	'67, New Is	107⅝	100	do b30	68⅛
95,000	U. S. 5s. 10-40, C.	101⅜	200	Wells-Fargo Ex.	47⅜
25,000	do	101⅛	26	do	47⅜
50,000	Tr. Not. 7 3-10s.		100	do b30	48
	2d series	105⅛	100	do	47⅞
1,200	Tenn. St. 6s. x-c.	66	30	Am. Ex. Co	67⅞
2,000	Tenn. St. 6s. new	62⅜	60	Mer. Union Ex	29
5,000	do	62⅜	100	do b10	29⅛
1,000	N. C. St. 6s. ex-c.	50	100	do b10	29⅛
1,000	do	51	600	N. Y. Cen.	112
1,000	N. C. 6s. N	50⅛	100	do s10	112
10,000	do	51	400	do 2d call	112⅛
10,000	Mo. St. 6s.	94	1200	Erie R.	72⅞
2,000	do 2d call	94⅛	800	do b30	73⅛
2,000	do	94⅛	100	Reading R. b60	96⅞
18,000	do	94⅛	400	do	96⅛
20,000	O. & Miss. Cer.	24⅛	50	Mich. Cen. R.	109
1,000	N. Y. Cen. 7s. '76.	103	100	M. S. & N. I.	78⅞
500	Erie 2d M. '79	103	400	do s60	78⅛
1,000	Erie 4th M.	91½	200	do b30	79
4,000	Chic. & N. W. S. F.	96	400	do	78⅞
4,000	Chi. & N. W. 1st.	84	200	do s30	78⅞
5,000	Chi. & N. W. Con.		200	do b30	79⅛
	Conv. Bds	81	100	do 2d call	78⅞
2,000	Gr. W. R. 2d M.	70	100	Ill. Central R.	126⅛
1,000	C. & R. I. & P. R. 7s	94⅛	16	do	126⅛
6,000	do	94	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	81⅛
2,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 2d	97½	110	do 2d call	81⅛
15	Ocean Bank	104	200	Chi. & N. W. R.	47⅛
5	Am. Ex. Bk.	110	200	do s10	47⅛
10	Seventh W. Bank	110	400	Chic. & N. W. P.	63⅞
10	Fourth National	105	200	do	63⅞
56	do	104⅞	700	do 2d call	64
10	Cent. National	104	200	Clev. & Tol. R.	102⅛
100	Phenix Bank	104	100	Chi. & R. I.	95⅛
10	Bank of Commerce	116	150	do	95⅛
200	Canton Co.	42½	100	Mil. & St. P. R.	40⅜
100	Cum. Coal P.	23⅝	100	do b30	40⅝
100	do	23⅞	100	M. & St. P. Pf	62
20	do	25	300	do	62⅛
50	do	24½	5	Chic. B. & Q. R. P.	133
600	West. U. Tel.	31	200	Pitts. Ft. W. & Chi.	96⅛
400	do	31⅛	29	do	97
230	do	31⅛	500	do	96⅞
100	do 2d call	31⅛	100	Mar. & C. 1st Pr.	16⅛
100	do	31⅝	400	do	16
100	do s30	31⅛	100	do b60	17
200	Erie Railroad P.	77	100	Del., L. & W. R.	126
100	Hud. Riv. R.	125			

SECOND BOARD.

16,550	U. S. 6s. 5-20s. C.		150	Pacific Mail	141⅜
	'62	108⅛	500	do s60	140
1,500	U. S. 5-20s, C., '65		100	do	141⅛
	new	107⅛	500	do s60	139⅝
50,000	U. S. 5s. 10-40s.		200	do	141⅛
	R.	100⅞	6	do	142⅛
2,500	U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C.	101⅜	200	do 2d call	141⅛
66,000	Tr. Notes, 73-10s,		20	Wells, F. & Co. Ex	48
	2d ser	105⅜	300	N. Y. Cen.	112⅛
75,000	do	105⅝	2000	Erie R.	72⅞
1,000	Tenn. 6s. ex-n	66	300	do s30	73
5,000	Missouri 6s.	94¼	500	do s30	71⅞
42,000	do	94	100	do	72⅞
5,000	do	94⅛	200	Reading R.	96⅞
1,000	N. Car. 6s, x-c	51	300	Chic. & N. W. R.	47⅞
1,000	Ga. St. 7s	83	100	do b10	48
9	City Bank	200	600	do	48
235	West. Union T.	31⅜	100	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	63⅞
300	do	31⅜	50	do	64
100	do	31⅜	50	Clev. & Tol. R.	102⅜
100	do b10	31⅜	100	Del. L. & W. Scrip	111⅛
200	Quick. Min. Co.	16⅛	100	Mil. & St. P. R.	40⅝
500	Clev. & Pitts. R. b10	82⅛	200	do b10	40⅝
100	do s30	82⅛	100	do	40⅛
200	Chic. & R. I. R.	95⅛	100	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	62⅜
500	do	95⅝	100	do	62⅛
200	M. So. & N. I. R.	79	100	P. F. W. & C.	96⅛

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

5	U. S. Ex. Co	68	100	Mil. & St. Paul. b10	40⅛
50	Wells Fargo Ex	48⅛	800	M. S. & N. I. R.	78⅞
100	Quick. Min. b30	16⅛	200	do b10	78⅞
200	Canton Co	42	200	do	78⅞
200	Pacific Mail	142⅛	200	Ill. Cen. R.	126
500	West. U. Tel.	31⅛	200	Cleve. & Pitts.	81⅞
100	N. Y. Cen.	111⅞	300	Chic. R. I. & P.	95⅛
400	Erie R.	72⅜	500	do b3	95⅛
200	do b3	72⅝	200	do s3	95⅛
500	do s60	71	800	Chi. & N. W. R.	47⅝
1400	do	72⅛	500	do	47⅞
500	do c	72⅛	400	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	63⅞
200	do s3	72⅛	300	do	63⅞
1500	do b3	72⅛	100	do b3	63⅞
1100	do s3	72⅛	100	do	63⅞
1200	Reading R.	96½	100	P., F. W. & Chi.	96⅛

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

6	Amer. Ex.	67	500	Pacific Mail	142
20	Mer. U. Ex.	29	200	Reading R.	96⅛
100	do c	29	100	Mil. & St. P. Pr.	62⅛
600	West. U. T.	31⅝	100	Mich. S. & N. I.	79
100	do b15	32	300	do b3	79⅛
100	do c	31⅞	100	do b10	79⅛
200	do b3	32	500	do	79⅛
100	do b4	31⅞	100	Ill. Cen.	126⅛
100	N. Y. Cen. b3	112⅛	200	Cl. & Tol	102⅜
100	do bnw	112⅛	400	C., R. I. & P.	95⅛
100	do	112⅛	200	do c	95⅛
200	Erie R. b3	72⅞	200	Chi. & N. W. R.	47⅞
1300	do s3	72⅞	400	Chic. & N. W. Pr.	64
500	do s10	72⅝	200	do	63⅞
300	do	72⅝	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	96

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

50	Adams Ex. Co.	68⅛	300	Erie Railroad	72⅞
50	W. Fargo & Co.	48⅛	800	do	72⅞
300	do	48⅛	100	do s4	72⅞
200	Mil. & St. Paul. P.	62½	100	Mich. S. & N. I.	78⅞
200	do	62⅝	100	do s3	78⅞
100	do b30	62⅞	100	Chi., R. I. & P.	95⅜
100	do b3	62⅝	600	Chi. & N. W. R.	47⅝
50	do	62½	100	Chi. & N. W. P.	63⅞
100	N. Y. Cen.	111⅞	100	P., F. W. & C.	96⅛
200	Reading R.	96½	50	W. U. Tel. s3	31⅜

Friday, Nov. 8—P. M.

The changes in the sales of Gold to-day were not important. The early transactions were at 138⅞@139@139¼ ℔ cent. Owing to the weakness in Exchange and the ease in the cash Gold the later sales were at 139@138⅞ ℔ cent. The market altogether has a weak appearance. The pressure to sell Exchange for Saturday's steamers caused a decline, practically, of ⅛@¼ ℔ cent., as 60-day Bank and Bankers' Bills on London were done at 109@109¼—the outside rate being the figure quoted by the standard houses for the settlement of credits and for their own Bills. The drawers of short sight accepted 109¾ ℔ cent., and the Importers and other parties who had remittances to make by to-morrow's mail were offered a large selection of Bills and made their own terms for round sums. Merchant and Bank Bills from the South begin to appear in liberal sums, and the export movement from our own market in Cotton, Breadstuffs and Provisions is decidedly active. There is also a fair business doing in United States Stocks, including 10-40s for transmission abroad. The Customs duties this week denote an improved trade in General Foreign Merchandise, such as Sugars, Coffee, &c.; but this is about the dullest time of the season in Foreign Dry Goods, except in the retail shopping way of the City, and this is scarcely so good as in November last year.

The offerings of Money by Street lenders and the disposition to lend at Bank, to-day, are quite free, and the demand from the Brokers readily met at 6@7 ℔ cent per annum, on call. In National Bank Notes and Greenbacks the receipts from the West, where the Exchange has turned in favor of New-York, are ahead of the demand for the South, and a further increase in Greenbacks on the next Bank Statement is not improbable.

The Public Funds were active on the 10-40 years 5 ℔ cent. coupons to-day, and an additional advance to 101⅛@101¼ ℔ cent., partly for the London market. The rates are now quite equal to par and gold interest from 1st September, when the last coupon was paid; and as the Secretary of the Treasury declines to commit himself to offers for large sums from the great dealers by telegraph or letter, the holders of Bonds on the spot are able to get full rates. About $250,000 were taken at 101⅛ for delivery within 10 days, *flat*—that is, without interest or notice on the contract. The conversions of 7.30 ℔ cents. into the new 5-20s of 1867 at the Treasury Office continue at the rate of $1,000,000@$1,250,000 ℔ day, but only a small portion of the new 5-20 Bonds thus created come upon the market. The price to-day was 107⅛@107¼ ℔ cent., which includes the accumulation of Gold interest since July 1.

On the Stock Exchange there is an improved business in the Border State Bonds of Missouri, North Carolina and Tennessee, and an inquiry for Virginias, though these are not in free supply in this market. The Bank of Commerce has already paid out $2,200,000 on the arrearages of Missouri Interest. On the Miscellaneous Share list, Western Union Telegraph shows more activity, and an advance of 1⅛ ℔ cent. from the lowest point. Pacific Mail has fallen off in price, and the turn for a day or two past has been bearish, 139⅞@140 on seller's option, and 141⅞@142 cash. The Railways maintained the improvement of last night. There were occasional signs of weakness through the forenoon, but these were soon followed by orders to buy, and the bidding, as well as the sales at the Afternoon Boards, indicated a firm market, and a decided preponderance of the *Bull* account in most of the New-York and Western Roads. The Mortgage Bonds of most of these Roads are in demand and but sparingly offered at current quotations. The Bonds of the Hudson, Harlem, Erie and New-York Central (the last named bearing only 6 ℘ cent.) are all well advanced in price and strongly held. Of the Western Bonds, the offerings are generally in small parcels, and most descriptions are higher than in the Summer months, when money was cheaper, because of the influence of the increased Fall traffic on the Roads.

After the late Boards broke up, the following quotations were made in the Long Room, after an active day's business. On some of the Railways the bidding was something less firm than at the Boards. The Gold Room closed steady at 138⅞. The Foreign Exchanges weak, on the basis of 109@109¼ for 60 day Bills on London:

	Thurs.	Frid.		Thurs.	Frid.
U. S. 10-40s	101⅛	101⅜	Missouris	94¼	94¼
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	108⅜	108⅜	Northwest	47⅞	47⅝
U. S. Con. 5-20s	107⅝	107¾	N. West Pref	63⅝	63⅜
N. Y. Central	112	111⅜	Rock Island	95⅜	95⅜
Erie	72⅞	72⅝	Fort Wayne	96⅛	96⅛
Hudson	125	125	W. U. Telegraph	31	31⅜
Reading	96⅛	96⅜	St. Paul Pref	62	62⅜
Mich. Southern	78	79	Pacific Mail	142⅛	141⅛
Pittsburgh	81⅜	82⅛	American Gold	138⅞	138⅞
Tenn. 6s, new	62⅛	62⅜	Bills on London	109⅜	109⅜

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $4,756 401 83; payments, $4,516,534 33; balance, $105,107,098 63. The receipts include for Customs, $331,000; Gold Notes, $404,000.

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ℘ cent., 1867	138	5-20 cou., 1867	107⅜
500 & 1,000, 1881	112⅞	5 ℘ cent. reg., 1874	108⅜
5-20 registered, 1862	104⅜	5 ℘ cent. coup., 1874	111⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000	108⅜	End. coupons, 1874	108⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000	105⅜	10-40 registered	100⅞
5-20 500 & 1,000	106⅜	10-40 500 & 1,000, 1874	101⅜
5-20 reg. 1865, new iss.	107⅜	7 3-10 2d series	105⅜
5-20 coup., 1865, n. is.	107⅜	7 3-10 3d series	105⅜

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Reg. B'y loan	107⅜	Illinois coupon 6s, 1879	101⅜
N. Y. B'y loan	107⅜	Illinois War Loan	101⅜
N. Y. 6 ℘ c. B'y loan, 1872	100⅜	Michigan 7 ℘ c. W. Ln.	100
N. Y. 6 ℘ c. B'y loan, 1873	100	Tennessee 6 ℘ c., ex-c.	65⅞
N. Y. 6 ℘ c. B'y loan, 1874	100	Tennessee new bds	62⅜
N. Y. 6 ℘ c. B'y loan, 1875	100	Virginia 6s, ex coup	40
N. Y. 6 ℘ c. B'y loan, 1877	100	Georgia 6s	72
Ohio 6 ℘ c., 1881	102	Georgia 7s, new bonds	82
Ohio 6 ℘ c., 1886	102	N. C. 6s, ex coupons	50⅜
Illinois C. bonds 1860	101	North Car. 6s, n. bds	51
Illinois reg., 1860	101	Missouri 6s	93⅞
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1860	101⅜	Missouri H. & St. Jo. is.	82⅜
Il. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1862	101⅜	Missouri Pacific R. is	94
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1865	101⅜	California 7s	125
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1870	101⅜	Connecticut 6s	100
Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	101⅜		

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	126½	Hanover	109
Manhattan	134	Metropolitan	130
Mechanics'	119	Market	115
Union	113	Nassau	103
Tradesmen's	130	Shoe and Leather	111
Fulton	153	Continental	106
National	107½	St. Nicholas	104
State of New-York	105	Commonwealth	108½
Commerce	116	Central National	104
Ocean	104	Fourth National	105
American Exchange	110	Oriental Bank	135
Bank of North Am'a	109		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s. 1883	91⅜	Tol. & W. 1st M. ext'd.	88
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	93⅜	Tol. & W. 2d M.	77
N. Y. Cen. 6s., Sub'n	87	Tol. & W. Equip. bds	66⅜
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	103	Tol., W. & West'n S.F.	90
Erie 7s. 2d. ind., 1879	102⅜	Gt. Western 1st M. '68	90
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	99	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	70
Erie 7s, 4th ind., 1880	91	Quincy & Tol. 1st M. '90	70
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	90	Ill. & So. Iowa 1st M.	71
Buff., N.Y. & Erie 1st '77	90	Gal. & Chi. extended	101⅜
Hud. R. 7s. 1st M. 1869	102⅜	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	97⅜
Hud. R. 7s. 2d M. S.F. '85	104⅜	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	101⅜
Hud. R. 7s. 3d M., '75	94⅜	Chi. & R. I. Con. Iss.	94
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	100⅜	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	102⅜
Harlem 2d M., 1868	100	N. Jersey Cen. 1st M.	101
Mich. Cen. 8 ℘ ct. '69-72	108	Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	105
Mich. Cen. n. 1st M. 8s, '82	108⅜	Pitts. Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	97⅜
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 p. c.	96⅜	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	95
Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c. 1870	117⅜	Cleve. & P. 3d M. con.	84
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	94	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	73⅜
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	96	Chi. & Alton S. F. 1st M.	103
Chic. & N. W. int. bds	88⅜	Chi. & Alton S. F. Inc.	90
Chic. & N. W. ex. bds	82⅜	Ohio & Miss. 1st mort.	87
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	84	Peninsula R. R. bonds	78⅜
Con. 7 ℘ cent. conv.	81	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	85
Han. & St. J. land gr'nts	90	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	76
Lack. & West'n. bds	96⅜	Ohio & Mil. 1st M.	86
Del. L. & W. 2d M.	96	Chi. & Gt. E. 1st Mge.	68
Tol. & W. 1st Mort.	88		

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,381,967. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	547	$199,573	547	$220,734	326	$120,714
Man. of Cotton	463	127,507	162	48,215	72	23,024
Man. of Silk	427	302,491	78	81,098	57	65,940
Man. of Flax	600	116,216	532	146,955	324	62,094
Miscellaneous	286	103,552	512	35,626	785	30,887
Total	2,323	$849,339	1,833	$532,628	1,564	$302,659
		532,628				849,339
Total entered		$1,381,967	Total marketed			$1,151,998

The Pittsburgh *Gazette* of Nov. 7 says:

"Wednesday, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court-house, in this city, was exposed to public sale the Pittsburgh and Steubenville (or Pan Handle) Railroad, from the south side of the Monongahela River, opposite this city, to the easterly side of the Ohio River opposite Steubenville, with all the property franchises, &c.; also all the cars, engines and other things tending to the management of the road. The sale was in pursuance of a decree of the Supreme Court, under a mortgage dated Aug. 1, 1856, (declared to be a first lien,) given to THOMAS MCELRATH, of New-York, in trust for the benefit of the holders of bonds of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad Company, bearing even date with the mortgage, to the amount of $1,000,000, and for securing the same with the principal moneys and interest thereafter to accrue thereon.

Shortly before 12 o'clock a crowd began collecting in the retunda of the Court-house, and among others we noticed Hon. Thomas C. Jewett, President of the Western Transportation Company, (lessees of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad,) J. Edgar Thompson, President of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad; George W. Cass, President of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad; William Phillips, President of the Allegheny Valley Railroad; Col. McCook, of Steubenville; George B. Roberts, of Philadelphia; Theodore Cuyler, of Philadelphia, Solicitor of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad; Wm. J. Howard and Jno. H. Hampton, Solicitors of the Pennsylvania Central; W. C. Moreland, Solicitor of the Western Transportation Company, and W. R. Ellis, of New-York.

After the hour of 12 was sounded by the tower bell, Capt. HARRY B. SMITHSON, of the auction firm of SMITHSON, PALMER & Co., was about to begin the sale, when, for comfort's sake, the atmosphere being very chilly, the District Court-room was thrown open, and thither the crowd proceeded. Capt. SMITHSON took the bench and formally announced that the sale was about to proceed. THEODORE CUYLER, Esq., by request, read the advertisement of the trustee, Mr. MCELRATH, who was present. After the reading Mr. CUYLER announced that the sale was subject to a certain contract, entered into in 1855, with the Chartiers Valley Railroad Company.

J. H. HAMPTON, Esq., at the request of the President of the Western Transportation Company, read a paper giving notice of a claim of $1,400,000, for rights of way, material, labor, &c., and money advanced in the completion of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad.

A gentleman whose name we did not learn, also gave notice of a claim of FREDERICK MARSHALL, of Noblestown, for $8,000 for grading.

Capt. SMITHSON stated that bidders might take notice of the claims presented, if they chose, but they would not be recognized in the sale, which would be in accordance with the mortgage and decree of the Court.

By this time the Court-room was pretty well filled. The bidding commenced at 12:15, and the first sum named was $20,000. In the course of fifteen minutes the figures had increased to $500,000; in five minutes more to $1,000,000; at 12:40 to $1,500,000; 12:50, $1,-800,000; 12:55, $1,900,000. The bids then ran ten, twenty, thirty, thirty-five, forty—one—two—three and last call—forty-five, fifty, fifty-five, sixty—one—two—three and last call—gone (said Capt. SMITHSON) for $1,960,000, bid by W. J. HOWARD, Esq., Solicitor of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The next highest bidder was W. R. ELLIS, who represented himself and other capitalists of New-York City.

After the formality of signing the bids, Mr. HOWARD, in compliance with the terms of the sale, produced the sum of $25,000, gave it to the mortgage trustee, Mr. MCELRATH, and took a receipt therefor, thus completing the business of the occasion. The result was as had been generally anticipated.

The New-York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company have declared a 2 ℘ cent. dividend for the three months ending 31st inst., payable at the office of the Treasurer, No. 44 South-street, on and after the 15th inst.

The earnings of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1866 and 1867, as reported by the *American Railroad Journal*, have been as follows:

	1866.	1867.
From passengers	$852,157 64	$910,799 03
From freight	689,916 62	636,886 85
From mail	90,506 43	27,799 62
From express	51,092 50	76,720 00
From rents, &c.	80,633 91	9,406 93
Total	$1,274,307 10	$1,661,612 43
Expenses, viz.:		
Conducting transportation	$303,428 08	$334,095 09
Motive power	379,866 61	338,848 52
Maintenance of way	577,631 87	329,427 00
Maintenance of cars	92,078 80	111,984 86
Total	$1,353,064 26	$1,114,354 97
Excess of receipts	——	$547,257 46
Excess of expenses	$78,757 16	

Of the expenses of 1866, $650,164 93 were ordinary and $702,899 33 extraordinary. Of the extraordinary expenses $87,229 74 were incurred in operating the road; $233,343 05 for materials on hand at the close of the year, and $382,326 54 for extraordinary expenses of the Engineer Department. Deducting these from the gross expenses of that year, and the net earnings will be $624,142 17.

In addition to the above expenses for operating the road in 1867, the sum of $475,697 77 has been expended for extraordinary purposes, such as bridges, trestles, iron rails, chairs, locomotives, &c., which being deducted from the net earnings, leaves a balance of only $71,489 69.

The property of the Company consists of 290 miles of road, 20 miles side track, 2 machine-shops at Memphis and Huntsville, 38 depot buildings, 4 engine-houses, 37 division houses, 55 locomotives, 23 first-class passenger, 17 second class and mail, 6 baggage, 269 box freight, 117 platform freight, 1 wrecking and 85 road and hand cars, 2,240 acres woodland, 1 hotel building at Huntsville, 20 water stations, 1 steam saw-mill, 200 town lots in Huntsville, 30 lots and 17 acres of depot grounds in Memphis, with ample depot grounds at all other stations, and right of way throughout the entire length of the road. The real estate of the Company, which originally cost $64,419 32, is now worth at least $1,000,000.

The balance to debit of profit and loss, June 30, 1866, was	$111,914 24
Sundry charges during the year	23,633 74
Total	$135,547 97
Dividend No. 8, declared payable in Confederate Treasury Notes, charged off	57,083 33
Balance to debit June 30, 1867	$78,464 64

When the entries are made to close the business of the past fiscal year, profit and loss account will stand as follows:

Balance as above	$78,464 64
Road expenses for the year	1,114,424 97
Interest on State Bonds	101,838 00
Interest on Company Bonds	90,580 00
Discount on State Bonds sold	138,445 00
Discount on Second Mortgage Bonds sold	41,400 00
Balance to credit to July 1, 1867	120,325 20
Total	$1,685,477 81
Road receipts	1,661,512 43
Interest and exchange	23,865 38
Total, as above	$1,685,477 81

The number of miles run by engines with passenger trains during the year was 359,192; with freight trains, 272,318; with other trains, 154,821; total, 786,-331—an increase over the previous year of 381,280.

Number of passengers carried east, 103,685; do. west, 111,298; commuters, 8,835; total, 223,818.

The number of bales of cotton transported over the road was 88,731; of which there were received at Memphis, 65,451; at Corinth and Tuscumbia, 81; at Decatur, 2,962; at Huntsville, 610; at Stevenson, 331; and at Chattanooga, 19,296.

Condensed Balance Sheet.

Construction proper	$5,959,003 62
Incidental to construction	324,581 76
Equipment	1,002,601 22
Road expenses	1,114,424 97
Interest and discount	372,263 00
Profit and loss	78,464 64
Stock and property	209,336 16
Road materials	229,470 42
Bills receivable	105,104 42
Coupon bonds	1,178,500 00
Due from other roads, banks, &c.	390,856 73
Cash on hand	82,032 99
Total	$11,046,669 93
Capital stock	$5,312,725 00
First mortgage bonds	1,294,000 00
Second mortgage bonds	237,000 00
State of Tennessee	1,595,530 00
Bills payable	246,119 41
Unpaid coupons	156,975 00
Due United States	272,403 02
Due on dividends	34,218 98
Due other roads, individuals, &c.	212,220 71
Road receipts	1,685,477 81
Total	$11,046,669 93

President—SAM TATE.

Directors—By the stockholders, Sam Tate, George P. Beirne, James L. Donegan, Joseph C. Bradley, Samuel D. Weakley, R. C. Brinkley, Pitser Miller, M. J. Wicks, William Dickson. By the City of Charleston, William S. Hastie, Edw. Willis. By the State of Tennessee, John C. Humphreys, F. S. Richards.

General Superintendent—W. J. Ross.

Master of Machinery—M. Burke.

Internal Revenue Decisions.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, 1867.

SIR: In reply to your letter of Oct. 22, 1867, I have to say that twenty-five cents is the fee allowed to the weigher and marker of cotton. Five cents is the price of the tag, chargeable to the owner, and is not included in the fee for weighing.

Very respectfully,
(Signed) E. A. ROLLINS,
Commissioner.

C. H. HOPKINS, Esq., Assessor First District, Savannah, Ga.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL
REVENUE, WASHINGTON, Oct. 22, 1867.

SIR: In your letter of the 30th ultimo you state that there is considerable tobacco put up in your district in the following manner: "The head of the tobacco is doubled back, or folded to half its length, then a leaf rolled round it and pressed into boxes by screw pressure; not sweetened, stemmed or butted; nothing added to or taken from the tobacco."

You inquire whether such tobacco is taxable.

In reply, I have to say that the law imposes on "tobacco twisted by hand, or reduced from leaf into a condition to be consumed, without the use of any machine or instrument, and without being pressed, sweetened, or otherwise prepared," a tax of 30 cents per pound.

In my opinion the tobacco in question comes within the conditions of the provisions quoted. If it is in a condition to be consumed without being further manufactured, and is consumed in the state and condition described, it is liable to the tax of 30 cents per pound. Yours respectfully,

THOMAS HARLAND,
Deputy Commissioner.

P. C. ANTHONY, Assistant United States Assessor, Greensborough, N. C.

The following extract is from a letter addressed to Gen. L. G. ESTES, Collector of Internal Revenue for the port of Wilmington, N. C., from Hon. THOMAS HARLAND, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington. The letter is in reply to one from Gen. ESTES relative to the enforcement of the revenue tax on liquor dealers in cases where their business had been interfered with by Gen. SICKLES' order. The extract explains itself and reads:

With regard to the claims of liquor dealers for the abatement of the special tax, on the ground that their business was closed by Gen. SICKLES, Order No. 32, I have to say, that as assessments were legally made, and the persons engaged in business under them, the taxes cannot be abated in this office; but the remedy for an interruption of their business must be sought at the hands of the military authorities. (Signed) THOMAS HARLAND,
Deputy Commissioner Internal Revenue.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Oct. 30, 1867.

SIR: I am in receipt of your letter of the 29th inst., inclosing a slip from a newspaper referring to a charge made by you on the entry at your port of the schooner *Transport*.

It appears that this vessel entered in ballast from Buffalo on the 3d inst., with a clearance for Saginaw; but having been driven into Erie for shelter, the master found a cargo of coal for Detroit, and therefore changed his destination.

On the master reporting to you that the destination and character of his voyage had been changed, you required him to make his entry and clear his vessel for Detroit; and the vessel being over 50 tons burden, you made the charge of $1 for receiving his manifest as instructed by the Department, the original clearance having been surrendered and another given for Detroit with cargo.

I reply, that this vessel having cleared in ballast for Saginaw, and changed her destination for Detroit, with a cargo from your port, you were right in requiring the master to enter and clear for Detroit, and surrender the clearance he had received from Buffalo, and the charge of $1 by you was also correct.

(Signed) Very respectfully,
J. T. HARTLEY,
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

Collector of Customs, Erie, Penn.

The receivers of Canadian produce will see by the following Treasury circular that hereafter portions of the elevators may be made to serve the purposes of bonded warehouses, which will obviate much of the inconvenience heretofore experienced by grain dealers:

1. Bins or parts of warehouses or elevators in the possession of an importer for his sole occupancy, which he may desire to place under customs lock, in addition to his own lock, (said locks to be of a different character,) for the purpose of storing grain imported by himself, may be duly bonded and set apart for that purpose when it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, from the report of the Warehouse Superintendent, after a careful examination by him had for such purpose, that the bins or parts of the warehouse or elevator desired to be bonded, are securely separated from the rest of the building; that the openings of each bin, or other portions, are capable of being properly secured with customs locks; and also upon the owner filing a bond, with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the Collector of the Port and the Secretary of the Treasury, in such sum as may be deemed proper.

2. Bins, or parts of warehouses, or elevators, in the occupancy of the persons desiring to engage in the business of storing dutiable grain under the said thirty-seventh section of the act of July 18, 1866, and of performing the labor on such grain in what is usually termed the storage business, may be bonded and set apart for that purpose when it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, from the report of the Warehouse Superintendent, after a careful examination by him had for such purpose, that the bins, or parts of the warehouse, or elevator, desired to be bonded, are securely separated from the rest of the building; that the openings of each bin or other portion are capable of being properly fastened with customs locks; and also upon the proprietor or occupant of the elevator or warehouse filing a bond with the Collector, with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the Collector of the Port and the Secretary of the Treasury, in such sum as may be deemed proper.

3. In case bins or parts of warehouses or elevators, bonded or prescribed in the foregoing paragraphs, may be emptied, and may not be required immediately for the storage of imported grain, the owners or proprietors thereof may, on obtaining permission from the Collector of Customs for that purpose, store therein, temporarily, domestic or free grain, with the express understanding, however, that the said bins or other parts of warehouses or elevators shall be promptly emptied of such domestic or free grain, in case they should be required for the storage of imported grain.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.
These include Park, Water and other Improvemetn Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Wall and Nassau sts.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Nov. 8, 1867.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	22	Barley, bushels	59,517
Flour, bbls	22,070	Malt, bushels	760
Flour, bags	....	Peas, bushels	21,592
Cornmeal, bbls	593	Pork, bbls	221
Cornmeal, bags	460	Cut Meats, pkgs	122
Wheat, bushels	162,939	Lard, pkgs	443
Corn, bushels	37,044	Beef, tcs. and bbls	2,309
Rye, bushels	14,889	Whisky, bbls	531
Oats, bushels	193,365	Petroleum, bbls	5,181

ASHES—Have been quiet, at $10 25 for Pots, and $12@$12 50 for Pearls, ℘ 100 ℔s.

BEESWAX—Has been in light request at 40c.@41½c. for Yellow Western, ℘ ℔.

BRICKS—Have been more inquired for, including Common Hard at $10 50@$11 50; Croton at $18@$22, and Philadelphia Front at $40@$43 ℘ thousand.

CANDLES—Continue quiet, but steady, including Adamantine light weights, within a range of from 20c.@23c. ℘ ℔.

CEMENT—Has been in less demand at $1 75 for Rosendale, ℘ bbl.

COAL—Has been more fairly active and very firm in price.

COFFEE—The demand has been moderate since our last, and prices have been steady. We quote: Java at 24½c.@25c.; Maracaibo, 16½c.@18½c.; Laguayra, 16½c.@17½c.; Rio, 12½c.@18c.; Native Ceylon, 18½c.@20c.; St. Domingo, 15½c.@16c., in gold, ℘ ℔.

COTTON—Has been in reduced supply and more active request since our last, at gradually strengthening prices. Middling grades have been very steady at 19c.@20½c. as extremes, chiefly within the range, ℘ ℔., on sales and resales since our last of 4,700 bales, against receipts of 268 bales. The bulk of the day's business has been in Upland Middlings on the basis of full 19c. ℘ ℔., the market closing buoyantly.

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	14,138
Receipts last week	14,569
Receipts preceding week	11,923
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	78,510
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	516,873
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	657,431
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	667,394
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Sept. 1	26,851
Exports since Jan. 1	379,336
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,596
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here	33,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	174,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,951,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	57,500
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	113,000

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—Have been slow of sale at about former prices.

FEATHERS—Have been in limited demand at 75c.@88c. for Live Geese ℘ ℔.

FISH—Business in this line has been quite dull. There has been scarcely any call for Cod or Mackerel. Pickled Herring have been entirely neglected. Some inquiry has been experienced for Smoked Herring, which are firm at our quotations. We quote Dry Cod, $5@$6 for Bank and George's, the former being plenty, ℘ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $14 50@$15 75; No. 2 do, $11 25@$12; No. 3 do. $10@$10 25 ℘ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $5@$7 ℘ bbl.; Smoked Herring, 40c.@42c. for Scale, and 20c. for No. 1 ℘ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in very moderate demand to-day, and has declined generally 10c.@20c. ℘ bbl. High grades have been particularly heavy, and have been forced off at a greater reduction than we have noted, but these forced sales have been exceptional. Sales have been reported since our last of 10,900 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $8@$9 10; very poor to good extra State at $9 35@$10 10, chiefly at $10 for straight lots; good to choice extra State at $10 10@$10 30; poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $9 45@$10 30 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$8 00@$9 10
Extra State	9 35@10 30
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 25@13 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	9 45@10 30
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 35@13 25
Extra Genesee	10 35@13 25
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 50@15 75

Southern Flour has been dull and lower: sales have been reported since our last of 550 bbls., at $9 80@$15 75 for common to very superior extra, ℘ bbl. Rye Flour continues in moderate request at $7@$9 15 for inferior to very choice, ℘ bbl.; sales 360 bbls. Corn Meal is plenty and heavy at $6 50 for City, $6 75 for Jersey, $6 70@$6 75 for Western, and $7 35 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.; sales 1,450 bbls. Of California Flour sales were reported of 450 bbls. and sacks at $11 75@$13 50 ℘ bbl. of 196 ℔s. Buckwheat Flour is dull and heavy at $3 75@$4 25, as extremes, ℘ 100 ℔s.

FRUIT—There has been a moderate inquiry for layer Raisins, which have been in better supply and quoted at $2 95@$3., gold, and $4 15, currency, ℘ box. No bunch Raisins have been on the market, and prices have been altogether nominal. Trade in other articles has been light, including Currants, at 13c.@13½c.; Almonds at 21c.@38c.; Shelled do., at 36c.@37c.; and Brazil Nuts at 9c.@9½c., ℘ ℔.

FOREIGN LIQUORS have been very dull at about former prices.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in moderate demand, and though prices have not varied decidedly, buyers have had any existing advantage. The main call has been for No. 2 Spring, for export. No. 1 Spring has been in light request, partly for milling. Winter Wheat has been neglected. Sales have been reported since our last of 81,000 bushels, including No. 1 Spring at $2 23@$2 25—the latter rate for part of a load for milling purposes; No. 2 Spring at $2 18@$2 21, chiefly at $2 20@$2 21 for straight; No. 3 Spring at $2 15@$2 16 for straight, ℘ bushel. Corn has been in lively demand, chiefly on speculative account, and has advanced 3c.@4c. ℘ bushel, closing buoyantly. Sales have been reported since our last of 158,000 bushels, at $1 34@$1 37½, as extremes, (the latter rate for nearly pure Yellow,) for Mixed Western, in store and afloat, closing at $1 37 for prime, and $1 39@$1 40 for White Western, ℘ bushel. Rye has been scarce and wanted; sales have been reported of 8,500 bushels State, part at $1 68 ℘ bushel. For prime Western, buyers were offering $1 62½, and holders asking $1 65 ℘ bushel. Barley has been in demand and firm; sales since our last, 34,500 bushels at $1 60@$1 61 for prime Canada West; $1 55 for fair ordinary do., and $1 42½ for State, ℘ bushel. Barley Malt has been quiet at $1 57½@$1 67½ ℘ bushel. Oats have been much more abundant, and have declined materially. At the reduced price, the demand was rather more active toward the close. Western ranged from 76½c.@78c., closing at 77c., most of the sales having been made at this price, ℘ bushel; sales, 87,000 bushels part to arrive. Of Canada Peas, 16,500 bushels were reported sold for export at $1 38@$1 39, in bond, ℘ bushel; market heavy. The Albany *Argus* gives the following list of boats laden with Flour and Grain which passed Fultonville, bound to the Hudson River, during 24 hours, prior to 10½ A. M., on Thursday, Nov. 7, 1867: William E. Pope, Oswego, barley; S. A. Tanner, Buffalo, wheat; George W. Armstrong, Oswego, barley; Gen. Wadsworth, Buffalo, corn; Lady Washington, Buffalo, wheat; Dudley E. Palmer, Buffalo, wheat; Antietam, Oswego, rye; J. B. Coates, Buffalo, wheat; Auburn City Bank, Buffalo, wheat; G. P. Sanders, Oswego, barley; Moses Melvin, Buffalo, wheat; Helen, Buffalo, oats, &c.; William C. Marshall, Buffalo, corn, &c.; Newark, Buffalo, oats; United States, Mohawk, malt, &c.; Geo. A. Bennett, Oswego, barley; Ellen J. Harding, Oswego, barley; W. B. Taylor, Buffalo, wheat; Capt. L. Davis, Buffalo, wheat; Cahawba, Buffalo, barley; A. W. Horton, Buffalo, wheat; John Le Valley, Buffalo, wheat; Ithaca, Oswego, barley; John J. Wolcott, Oswego, barley; Acme, Buffalo, wheat; Geo. B. Sloan, Oswego, barley; Reliance, Oswego, barley; F. Willetson, Syracuse, flour, &c.; Gen. Herkimer, Buffalo, corn; C. B. Hill, Buffalo, oats, &c.; Lyman Odell, Buffalo, corn; Gen. Scott, Buffalo, oats; Geo. J. Marsh, Buffalo, oats; James Upton, Buffalo, wheat; Walter Quimby, Buffalo, wheat; Maggie Matthews, Buffalo, shipstuffs; L. J. Richardson, Oswego, wheat; J. T. Wiltse, Buffalo, oats.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—The main inquiry has been for Bagging, in bond, at 7½c.@7¾c., gold, ℘ yard.

HAY—North River continues in good demand at 70c.@75c. for shipping, and $1 10@$1 55 for poor to very choice, for local use, ℘ 100 ℔s.

HOPS—Have been in more demand, at steady prices, including American, at 35c.@65c. for new; older growths 10c.@50c., and Foreign 40c.@85c. *Prices Current of Hops in the New-York Market:* New-York state, Common to Fair, new, 35c.@45c. ℘ ℔.; New-York State, Good to Prime, new, 50c.@55c. ℘ ℔.; New-York State, Choice to Fancy, new, 60c.@65c. ℘ ℔.; Eastern, Common to Prime, new, 40c.@50c.; Choice to Fancy do., 55c.@65c. ℘ ℔.; Michigans, Common to Prime, new, 40c.@60c. ℘ ℔.; Wisconsins, Prime to Fancy, new, 55c.@65c. ℘ ℔.; Yearlings, of all grades, 30c.@50c. ℘ ℔.; Old Olds, 10c.@30c. ℘ ℔.; Canadian, Choice to Fancy, 55c.@65c.; Bavarians, 60c.@65c. ℘ ℔. Mr. EMMET WELLS notices the week's business thus: "The intervention of the election somewhat restricted the trade on Monday and Tuesday, but since then the market has been fairly active and to-day closes firm. The brewers and beer-drinkers are very much elated over the result of the election, and now anticipate an early repeal or modification of the Excise Law. Under the existence of this law, the demand for Hops for consumption in the Metropolitan District is lessened nearly one-half from that which existed previous to its enforcement, yet a good portion of our Hop dealers are in favor of maintaining it, provided it be made a State law. We notice the arrival on this market of over 200 bales of German Hops within the past week, and hear of more shipments being on the way. We do not look for any material decline in the price of American Hops as the result of these arrivals, yet there is no doubt prices will recede if shipments continue to any great extent. A few Hops of inferior quality still remain in hands of growers throughout the State of New-York, with the same firm feeling on the part of holders which existed in the early part of the season. With prospects of further arrivals of foreign Hops, and in view of the fact that the yield in Wisconsin reaches nearly 40,000 bales, or 10,000 bales more than the early estimates, we think growers will soon make up their minds to sell. Imports for week ending Nov. 6, 232 bales from Germany. Exports to British West Indies, 3 bales. *Foreign Markets.*—Our special London correspondents, under date Oct. 26, report that market as follows: "During the early part of this week our market has been active, and a further advance of 5s. ℘ cwt. realized.—Within the last two or three days, however, the demand has diminished, and we are unable to report the trade so strong at the close of the week as at the commencement. Our prices now rule as follows. Middle and East Kents, £8 8s.@£10 10s.; Choice East Kents, £12; Weald of Kents, £7 10s.@£8 8s.; Choice Kents, £9 10; Sussex, £7 10s.@£8 5s.; Choice Sussex, £9; Yearlings, £6 10s.@£7 5s.; Choice Yearlings, £8 8s. Up to the present time we have received altogether from the Continent 96,000 to 100,000 cwt."

HEMP—Has been very quiet at about previous prices.

HIDES—Have been in better supply in the open market and quoted a shade cheaper, with a moderate inquiry.

LEATHER—Sole has been in rather limited request. We now quote: SOLE—Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter light Cropped, good, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, Cropped, good, 22c.@25c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 27½c.@29c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 28c.@30c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 29c.@32c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 28c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 28c.@30c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 26½c.@27½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 26c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 24c.@26½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 20c.@23c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light, 40c.@48c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 39c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, heavy, 41c.@45c., cash, ℘ ℔.

METALS—Have been generally very quiet and depressed in price, including Ingot Copper at 21½c.@23½c. ℘ ℔.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $41 50@$43; Scotch Pig, $40@$43; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $85@$90 ℘ ton; Pig Lead, $6 50@$6 87½, gold, ℘ 100 ℔s.; Foreign Spelter, 6½c.@6¾c., in gold, ℘ ℔.; Straits Tin, 25c.@25½c., in gold, ℘ ℔.; Banca Tin, 26½c.@26¾c., in gold, ℘ ℔.; Zinc, 11½c.@11¾c. ℘ ℔.

MOLASSES—Has been in slack demand, including Porto Rico at 53c.@70c.; Cuba at 35c.@53c.; English Islands at 52c.@53c. ℘ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been lightly dealt in, including Spirits Turpentine at 55c.@56c. ℘ gallon; do. 47c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $4 75@$5; Resin at $3 50@$9 ℘ 280 ℔s.; Tar at $2 75@$3 75; Pitch, $3 75@$4 12 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Continue inactive and depressed, including Crude Whale at 75c.; Bleached Whale, 85c.@87c.; Crude Sperm at $2 20@$2 25; Unbleached do. at $2 37½@$2 40; Lard Oil at $1@$1 35; Red Oil at 60c.@80c.; Linseed Oil at $1 05@$1 10 ℘ gallon.

OIL CAKE—Has been in demand and steady, ranging from $51@$59, as the extremes, ℘ ton.

PETROLEUM—Has been quoted dull and heavy at drooping rates. We quote at 19c.@20c. for Crude; 12½c.@13¼c. for Crude in bulk; 27c.@30c., as extremes, for Refined, in bond, and 47c.@48c. for Refined, free, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more freely offered and purchased at reduced prices. Sales were reported of 3,750 bbls., in lots, at $20 87@$21 12 for Western Mess, closing at $21 cash, and $19 50@$19 75 for Prime and Extra Prime ℘ bbl. Cut Meats are quite heavy at 9c.@10½c. for dry salted and sweet pickled Shoulders, and 12½c.@13½c. for Hams, ℘ ℔.; sales equal to 140 pkgs.; also 10,000 ℔s. Bellies, in hhds., at 12c. ℘ ℔. Bacon has been more active; sales have been made of 650 boxes, including Cumberland, here, at 12c.@12½c.; for November delivery, 11c.@11½c., and for December delivery at 10½c.; and Long Clear at 13c.@13½c., ℘ ℔. Lard is quite heavy; sales have been reported since our last of 900 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 12½c.@13½c.—the latter an extreme price—℘ ℔. Beef is more active at $15@$19 for Plain Mess; $19@$22 50 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 410 bbls. Tierce Beef continues dull. Beef Hams continue inactive at $26 50@$29; sales, 70 bbls. Butter is in fair request at 36c.@50c. for poor to very choice State, and 18c.@39c. for inferior to prime Western, ℘ ℔. Cheese continues very quiet at 8c.@16½c., as extremes, ℘ ℔. We quote:

BUTTER.	Per pound.	
Chemung, Sussex and Chenango Counties Dairies, firkins	43	@45
Chautauqua, Cayuga and Delaware Counties Dairies, firkins	40	@43
Broome, Cortland, Steuben and other Counties, firkins	39	@42
Lewis and Jefferson Counties Dairies, Welsh tubs	39	@42
Ordinary State Dairies, firkins	38	@39
Ordinary State Dairies, Welsh tubs	38	@39
Half-firkin tubs State Dairies, fine to extra	42	@45
Half-firkin tubs State Dairies, fair to good	38	@40
Northern Pennsylvania Dairies, firkins and tubs	38	@39
Orange, Sussex and Pennsylvania, fresh pails	40	@50
Ordinary and common Western, firkins	14	@17
Canada	25	@33

CHEESE.		
Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ℘ ℔	16	@16½
Factory Dairies, fine quality, ℘ ℔	15½	@16
Factory Dairies, common to fair quality, ℘ ℔	14	@15
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ℘ ℔	15½	@16½
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ℘ ℔	14	@15
Farm Dairies, common, ℘ ℔	12	@13
Orange County Skimmed Cheese, ℘ ℔	8	@11

RICE—Has been inactive, at $9 50@$10 25 for Carolina, ℘ ℔.

SALT—Has been quiet since our last, including Turk's Island at 49c.@50c. ℘ bushel.

SALTPETRE—Has been in demand, at 9½c.@9¾c. for Crude, and 14½c.@15c. for pure Refined, ℘ ℔.

SEEDS—Have been quiet and heavy, including Clover at 11½c.@12½c. ℘ ℔.; rough Flax at $2 40@$2 50; Calcutta Linseed, here and at Boston, at $2@$2 05, (gold,) and Timothy at $2 50@$2 75 ℘ bushel.

SHOT—Has been inactive at 11½c.@12½c. for Drop and Buck, ℘ ℔.

SOAP—Continues in very moderate demand, including Castile at 17c.@17½c.; Colgate's Pale, 10c.; Laundry, 10½c., and Family, 10½c. ℘ ℔.

SPICES—Have been in very moderate request, at previous figures.

SUGARS—Have been buoyant in price on a livelier market. Sales since our last, 1,470 hhds. Cuba, Porto Rico, &c., at 12½c.@13½c., and 2,100 boxes Havana, part at 11c.@13½c. ℘ ℔. Refined Sugars are in bettter request at from 14½c.@16½c. ℘ ℔. Messrs. STUART now quote their refined Sugars, thus: "Best Crushed, Granulated and Ground Sugar, 16½c.; White, A, 15½c., and Yellow, C, 15½c., cash, ℘ ℔.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales since our last, 154,000 ℔s. Tallow at 11½c.@12c.; 68,000 ℔s. Stearine at 12½c.@13½c.; 61,000 ℔s. Grease at 8c.@9½c. ℘ ℔.

TEAS—Have been more active but heavy, including Gunpowder and Imperial, at from $1@$1 80; Hyson at 90c.@$1 50; uncolored Japan at 80c.@$1 25; Oolong at 70c.@$1 60, and Souchong and Congou at 62½c.@$1 55, ℘ ℔.

TOBACCO—Has been in moderate request, including *Kentucky*—Common Lugs, 6c.@6½c.; Good Lugs, 6½c.@8c.; Common Leaf, 8c.@12c.; Medium Leaf, 11c.@15c.; Good Leaf, 13c.@17c.; Fine Leaf, 15½c.@20c.; Selections, 18c.@23c. *Seedleaf* as follows: Connecticut and Massachusetts fillers 7c.@10c. for old and 6c.@7c. for new; average lots, 25c.@40c. for old and 25c.@30c. for new; fine wrappers, 50c.@65c. for old and 25c.@50c. for new; New-York State fillers, 3½c.@5c. for old and 4½c.@5c. for new; average lots, 8c.@18c. for old and 8c.@14c. for new; wrappers, 15c.@35c. for old and 12c.@30c. for new; Pennsylvania and Ohio fillers, 3c.@3½c. for old and 8c.@14c. for new; average lots, 8c.@10c. for old and 9c.@16c. for new; wrappers, 12c.@30c. for old and 15c.@40c. for new. *Manufactured*, as follows: Black Work—Common, 30c.@35c., tax paid; Good, 45c.@60c., tax paid; Fine, 60c.@70c., tax paid. Bright Work—Common, 35c.@45c., tax paid; Good, 50c.@75c., tax paid; Fine, 80c.@$1 25, tax paid. Black Work—Common, 15c.@20c., in bond; Good, 18c.@22c., in bond; Fine, 25c.@30c., in bond. Bright Work—Medium, 25c.@45c., in bond; Good and Fine, 50c.@85c., in bond. Sales 387 hhds. Kentucky at 7c.@20c. ℘ ℔.

WHISKY—Continues in limited request, at 30c., in bond, ℘ gallon.

WOOL—Trade in this line is very dull. There is very little call for any description. Some few orders for small lots of Domestic have been executed, since our last, at prices more favorable to buyers, though we cannot modify quotations as yet. To sell freely, holders would have to make some considerable concessions to purchasers. Foreign has been partially neglected.

Prices Current for Domestic Wool in New-York.

	Cents per ℔.
New-York, Michigan and Vermont.	
Extra and above	45@47
¾ and ⅞ blood do	40@43
Common and ½ do	37@39
Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia.	
Choice Saxony fleece	58@62
Extra to XX do	50@53
¾ and ⅞ blood do	43@46
Common and ½	38@41
Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa and Indiana.	
Extra and above	42@44
¾ and ⅞ blood fleece	38@40
Common and ½ fleece	36@37
Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee Georgia and Alabama.	
Washed fleeces	40@43
Unwashed fleeces	28@31
Unwashed fleece, burry	16@19
Texas.	
Washed fleece	33@35
Unwashed fleece med. to fine	22@28
Common fleece	19@20
Common fleece, burry	14@18
California and Oregon.	
Washed fleece, medium	40@42
Unwashed fleece, medium and fine	29@30
Unwashed fleece, coarse	18@20
Unwashed burry, coarse	12@17
Pulled fine	32@37
Pulled medium	29@31
Pulled common	24@26
Pulled Wool.	
New-York City, extra	42@48
New-York City, super	38@42
New-York City, No. 1	28@32
New-York City, No. 2	13@16
Lambs	32@37
Western limed pulled	28@31
Southern limed pulled	26@28
Tub Washed	40@48

Also, of South American Wool.

Buenos Ayres, Banda Oriental and Montevideo:	Class.	Price.
Unwashed Merino and Saxony	1	33@42
Unwashed first Mestiza	1	27@37
Unwashed second Mestiza	2	25@33
Unwashed third Mestiza	3	22@30
Unwashed fourth Mestiza	3	20@22
Unwashed common Mestiza	3	18@19
Washed Mestiza	1	40@42
Washed common Mestiza	3	28@30
Corientes, fine to medium, unwashed	1	24@29
Corientes, Creols, unwashed	3	20@21
Entre Rios, washed	3-1	35@37
Entre Rios, unwashed	3-1	18@32
Cordova, unwashed	3	32@36
Saujago, washed	1	32@36
St. Luis	3	34@36
Rio Grande, Mestiza, fine white washed	1	34@36
Rio Grande, common superior, washed white	3	34@36
Rio Grande, fair, washed white	..	32@34
Rio Grande, burry, washed white	..	21@23
Rio Grande, black, washed	..	25@27
Rio Grande, common white, unwashed	..	22@23
Rio Grande, burry, black and mixed, unwashed	..	15@17
Peruvian, washed	1	—@—
Peruvian, unwashed	1	24@25
Peruvian, limed, pulled	1	22@24
Chilian, unwashed fine fleece	1	23@24
Chilian, unwashed medium fleece	..	22@23
Chilian, unwashed common fleece	3	24@25
Valparaiso, unwashed fine	1	25@26
Valparaiso, unwashed coarse	3	24@25
Mexican, washed fine	1	27@30
Mexican, washed medium	3	21@24
Mexican, unwashed fine	1	20@24
Mexican, unwashed medium to common	3	17@20

FREIGHTS—The market has been rather more active and firmer, to-day, especially in the line of grain, flour and provision engagements for British ports. There has been comparatively little doing for Continental ports. For Liverpool there were taken 15,000 bushels Wheat and Corn, by sail, at 9d. ℘ bushel. For London, 3,000 bbls. Flour at 3s.@3s. 3d. ℘ bbl.; 2,000 boxes Cheese at 40s. ℘ ton; 30,000 bushels Wheat at 11d. by sail and 13d. by steamer, ℘ bushel. For Bremen, 80 hhds. Tobacco at 35s. ℘ hhd.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, Nov. 8, 1867.

MEATS.

Supplies have been quite liberal generally, and prices in most instances have favored buyers, though no marked changes have occurred. The demand has been moderate.

Retail Prices of Meats in New-York.

Beef, roasting pieces, ℘ ℔	$ 22	@ 30
Beef, chuck-roast, ℘ ℔	15	@ 25
Beef, round, ℘ ℔	18	@ 22
Beef, rumps, ℘ ℔	20	@ 25
Beef, porter-house steak, ℘ ℔	30	@ 38
Beef, sirloin steak, ℘ ℔	24	@ 28
Beef, coarse cuts, ℘ ℔	10	@ 15
Beef, corned, ℘ ℔	15	@ 22
Beef, smoked, ℘ ℔	25	@ 30
Beef, tongues, each	1 12	@ 1 50
Mutton, hind-quarters, ℘ ℔	10	@ 16
Mutton, fore-quarters, ℘ ℔	6	@ 10
Mutton, chops, ℘ ℔	12	@ 20
Mutton, legs, ℘ ℔	15	@ 20
Pigs, roasting, each	2 00	@ 3 00
Pork, joints, ℘ ℔	16	@ 18
Pork steaks, ℘ ℔	18	@ 25
Pork, corned, ℘ ℔	16	@ 18
Bacon, ℘ ℔	18	@ 22
Hams, ℘ ℔	20	@ 22
Shoulders, ℘ ℔	14	@ 17
Veal, hind-quarters, ℘ ℔	16	@ 28
Veal, fore-quarters, ℘ ℔	8	@ 14
Veal cutlets, ℘ ℔	28	@ 38
Veal, fillets, ℘ ℔	28	@ 35
Veal, loins, ℘ ℔	18	@ 26
Sausages, country made, ℘ ℔	16	@ 20
Lard, ℘ ℔	14	@ 17
Suet, ℘ ℔	16	@ 18
Haslets, each	4	@ 8
Hearts, each	15	@ 35
Sweet Breads ℘ dozen	2 50	@ 3 75
Tripe, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10

POULTRY AND GAME

Have been much more freely offered, and have been quoted lower, as a rule on a moderately active market.

Retail Prices of Poultry and Game in New-York.

Chickens, ordinary to extra, ℘ ℔	$ 23	@ 30
Chickens, broiling, ℘ pair	1 00	@ 1 25
Ducks, ℘ ℔	25	@ 32
Ducks, wild, ℘ pair	50	@ 1 00
Ducks, Canvas Back, ℘ pair	3 25	@ 4 00
Geese, ℘ ℔	25	@ 30
Partridges, ℘ pair	1 00	@ 1 50
Pigeons, Squab ℘ dozen	4 50	@ 5 00
Prairie Chickens, ℘ pair	75	@ 1 12
Pigeons, Wild, ℘ dozen	2 50	@ 3 50
Quail, ℘ dozen	2 75	@ 4 00
Rabbits, ℘ pair	50	@ 75
Snipe, ℘ dozen	75	@ 1 75
Turkeys, ℘ ℔	24	@ 30
Woodcock, ℘ pair	87	@ 1 12

FISH.

A less extensive assortment has been available this week. Trade has been on a restricted scale. Prices have been quoted rather firmer.

Retail Prices of Fish in New-York.

Bass, Striped, ℘ ℔	15	@ 20
Blackfish, ℘ ℔	12	@ 18
Bluefish, ℘ ℔	12	@ 15
Catfish, ℘ ℔	15	@ —
Crabs, soft shell, ℘ dozen	1 25	@ 2 00
Crabs, hard, ℘ dozen	30	@ 40
Cod, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Codfish, steak, ℘ ℔	12	@ —
Cod, dried, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Eels, ℘ ℔	15	@ 20
Flounders, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Frost Fish, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Haddock, ℘ ℔	—	@ 10
Halibut, ℘ ℔	20	@ 25
Halibut, smoked, ℘ ℔	16	@ 20
Herrings, smoked, ℘ ℔	15	@ 20
Lobsters, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Mackerel, fresh, each	20	@ 25
Mackerel, Spanish, ℘ ℔	87	@ 1 20
Mackerel, salt, each	10	@ 15
Mackerel, smoked, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Oysters, ℘ 100	75	@ 2 50
Oysters, pickled, ℘ 100	1 75	@ 2 50
Pickerel, ℘ ℔	20	@ 25
Pollock, ℘ ℔	10	@ —
Salmon, fresh, ℘ ℔	50	@ 60
Salmon, smoked, ℘ ℔	30	@ 35
Salmon, pickled, ℘ ℔	23	@ 26
Salmon Trout, ℘ ℔	18	@ 20
Scollops, ℘ quart	30	@ 35
Sounds and Tongues, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
Sturgeon, ℘ ℔	12	@ 15
Sunfish, ℘ ℔	12	@ —
Trout, ℘ ℔	1 00	@ 1 25
Turtle, ℘ ℔	20	@ 25
Weakfish, ℘ ℔	15	@ 18
White Fish, ℘ ℔	15	@ 20

VEGETABLES.

The dealers generally report trade slow; supplies, moderate; prices generally "on the rise."

Retail Prices of Vegetables in New-York.

Beans, Lima, shelled, ℘ quart	$ 45	@ 50
Beans, string, ℘ half peck	40	@ 45
Beets, ℘ bunch	5	@ 6
Cabbages, each	10	@ 15
Carrots, ℘ bunch	4	@ 5
Cauliflowers, each	18	@ 40
Celery, ℘ bunch	12	@ 18
Cranberries, ℘ quart	15	@ 20
Chicory, ℘ head	5	@ 6
Garlic, ℘ bunch	25	@ —
Horse-Radish, ℘ ℔	10	@ 12
Lettuce, ℘ head	5	@ 10
Leeks, ℘ bunch	5	@ 6
Mint, ℘ bunch	2	@ 3
Onions, ℘ peck	45	@ 60
Onions, ℘ quart	8	@ 10
Parsley, ℘ bunch	4	@ 5
Parsnips, ℘ bunch	10	@ —
Peppers, ℘ dozen	20	@ 25
Peppers, ℘ bunch	8	@ 10
Potatoes, new, ℘ bbl	2 75	@ 3 50
Potatoes, new, ℘ peck	37	@ 40
Potatoes, sweet, ℘ peck	75	@ 1 00
Radishes, ℘ bunch	2	@ —
Sage and Thyme, ℘ bunch	3	@ 5
Squashes, ℘ ℔	6	@ —
Tomatoes, ℘ quart	10	@ 12
Turnips, new, ℘ half peck	15	@ 20

FRUIT.

Business in this line has been quite tame this week. Prices of domestic have been on the advance in most instances.

Retail Prices of Fruit in New-York.

Almonds, ℘ ℔	$ 40	@ 50
Apples, ℘ half peck	25	@ 50
Bananas, ℘ dozen	25	@ 1 25
Chestnuts, ℘ quart	15	@ 25
Currants, Zante, ℘ ℔	15	@ 20
Dates, ℘ ℔	12	@ 20
Figs, ℘ ℔	25	@ 35
Grapes, ℘ ℔	12	@ 35
Hazel Nuts, ℘ quart	8	@ 10
Hickory Nuts, ℘ quart	15	@ 20
Lemons, ℘ doz	15	@ 50
Melons and Pumpkins, each	15	@ 75
Oranges, ℘ doz	10	@ 75
Peaches, ℘ quart	20	@ 35
Pears, ℘ quart	25	@ 37
Quinces, ℘ 100	2 25	@ 4 50
Raisins, ℘ ℔	18	@ 25

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Butter and Cheese have been rather less firm in the retail line. Trade has been dull. Eggs have been in fair demand at full prices:

Retail Prices in New-York.

Butter, prime to fancy new, ℘ ℔	$ 50	@ 55
Butter, fair to good ℘ ℔	43	@ 48
Butter, cooking, ℘ ℔	25	@ 35
Cheese, ℘ ℔	16	@ 18
Eggs, selected, ℘ doz	40	@ 43
Honey, White Clover, ℘ can	75	@ 1 00
Honey, White Clover, ℘ bottle	30	@ 35
Honey, Comb, ℘ ℔	40	@ 50

SUNDRIES.

Retail Prices in New-York.

Coal, ℘ ton of 2,000 ℔s	$5 50	@ 7 00
Coffee, Green, ℘ ℔	25	@ 40
Coffee, Roast, in bean, ℘ ℔	30	@ 40
Coffee, Roast and Ground, ℘ ℔	30	@ 45
Coffee, rye, chicory, &c., ℘ ℔	10	@ 25
Flour, Extra Family ℘ bbl	14 00	@ 17 50
Flour, Family, ℘ 25 ℔. bags	1 87	@ 2 25
Meal, Corn, ℘ 7 ℔. bags	30	@ 37
Meal, Oat, ℘ ℔	8	@ 10
Milk, ℘ quart	8	@ 10
Molasses, ℘ gallon	70	@ 1 25
Rice, ℘ ℔	8	@ 12
Soap, by the box, ℘ ℔	8½	@ 11
Sugar, Brown and light, ℘ ℔	13	@ 15
Sugar, refined, ℘ ℔	16	@ 18½
Syrup, ℘ gallon	1 00	@ 1 75
Teas, English Breakfast, ℘ ℔	75	@ 1 25
Teas, Green, ℘ ℔	90	@ 2 00
Teas, Mixed, ℘ ℔	65	@ 1 10

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY SAVIOUR—East 25th-st., near Madison-av.—Services by Rev. J. B. CAMPBELL on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

A CHRISTIAN CONVENTION OF CLERGYMEN and laymen of Evangelical denominations of the State of New-York, under call of the Young Men's Christian Association, will commence its sessions on WEDNESDAY, the 13th, at 10 o'clock, in Rev. Dr. Rogers' Church, 5th-av., corner 21st-st. Hon. Henry Wilson, Hon. Wm. F. Smith, Henry F. Durant, Esq., of Massachusetts; Hon. Lafayette S. Foster, Hon. O. S. Ferry, of Connecticut; Mr. R. Shane Miller, of Ohio; Mr. George H. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. D. L. Moody, of Illinois, are expected to be present and take part in the discussions. The sessions will continue through the day and evening, and will be preceded by a prayer-meeting. All who desire the promotion of the cause of Christ in the City and throughout the State are affectionately and urgently invited to attend and take part.

INTERNATIONAL MEMORIAL CHURCH—To be erected in London. A public meeting to explain and in aid of the above object, will be held in the Dutch Reformed Church, corner of 29th-st. and 5th-av., on MONDAY, Nov. 11, at 7½ P. M. Revs. Drs. DURYEA, H. CROSBY, COTTON SMITH, RAY PALMER, S. H. TYNG, Jr., J. P. THOMPSON and FRED. TOMKINS, of London, will address the meeting. A collection will be made.

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.—THE AMERICAN branch of the Alliance will hold a public meeting in the Madison-square Presbyterian Church on SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 10, at 7½ o'clock. Hon. WM. E. DODGE will preside. Rev. S. I. PRIME, D. D., will describe the Conference held in Amsterdam in August last. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Drs. PHILIP SCHAFF, J. COTTON SMITH, JOS. P. THOMPSON.

THE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION OF the Baptist Sunday-school Union will meet in Dr. DOWLING'S Church, corner of Bedford and Downing sts., on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, at 7½ o'clock. Rev. THOS. D. ANDERSON, D. D., will present a method of preparing a Sunday-school lesson. Rev. J. HYATT SMITH will teach an adult Bible class, and the subject of Sunday-school Hymns and Music will be discussed.

REV. WM. H. GOODWIN, D.D., A MOST eloquent and powerful divine, will preach in the 17th-st. M. E. Church, between 1st and 2d avs., on SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. A protracted meeting is in progress. Rev. D. W. BARTINE, D.D., will preach MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS. Seats free. All are invited.

AT THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF SEA AND LAND, corner Market and Henry sts., preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JOHN LYLE, every SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. All seamen and those residing down town are invited to attend. Seats free. A vocal and instrumental concert will be given on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 13, at 8 o'clock.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH—BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts. Rev. Mr. GRANT, of the N. E. Conference, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and Rev. J. S. INSKIP, Pastor, at 7 o'clock P. M. Sacrament at 3 o'clock P. M. The evening services will be followed by a prayer-meeting. Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 10th inst., corner Catharine and Madison sts., by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. MURPHY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., corner Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3½ P. M. Seats free.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—On SUNDAY, Rev. Dr. GALLAUDET will preach at 7½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN at 10½ A. M., and Rev. STEPHEN F. HOLMES at 3 P. M. At the latter hour the service and sermon will be both read and interpreted in signs.

OLD JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—DR. LORE, Editor of the *Northern Christian Advocate*, will preach at 10½ A. M., and Rev. A. D. WILBOR, of Genesee College, at 7 P. M.; Rev. W. MANNING, of Lyons, will address the Sabbath-school at 2 P. M. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

TRINITY BAPTIST CHURCH, 52D-ST. and 3d-av.—Preaching on SUNDAY by the Pastor, Rev. J. STANFORD HOLME. MORNING sermon for the children; the first of a series on the *Lord's Prayer*. EVENING—*The Important Duty of Keeping in Memory the Gospel that Paul Preached.*

AT THE NEW-ENGLAND (CONGREGATIONAL) Church, SUNDAY EVENING, Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT will deliver the second lecture of the series on the Life and Times of Jesus Christ. Subject—*The Jewish Church.* Morning service at 10½. Evening at 7½.

FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF THE OLD Brewery, No. 61 Park-st.—The original Mission at the Points—Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M.; short addresses by visitors; singing of select pieces by the children.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the CROWN PETROLEUM COMPANY of New-York and Canada, for the election of Directors, will be held at No. 200 Mulberry-st., Nov. 21, at 2 o'clock P. M. S. J. GOODENOUGH, Secretary.

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. Dr. PRICE, Rector, will hold Divine Service on SUNDAY, Nov. 10, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., in the Hall at the northwest corner of Broadway and 28th-st. The Rector will preach at each service. Seats free.

HARLEM UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. G. MELLIN will preach in National Hall, corner of 129th-st. and 4th-av., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Services commence at 3½ o'clock. Sunday-school at 2½ o'clock.

NOTICE.—EVERETT ROOMS, BROADWAY, corner 34th-st., Rev. R. C. SHIMEALL, Minister. Services morning and evening. Subject for evening at 7½ o'clock—*Mylenarianism not Millerism.* An important subject. Seats free.

TWENTY-SIX QUICK AND EXPERIENCED carpenters can have immediate employment in Tremont, Westchester County, N. Y., on Monday morning, the 11th inst., on a large frame building; all things ready. Apply to L. S. JAQUETH, Builder, Tremont.

REV. T. M. DAWSON, PASTOR OF THE Seventh Presbyterian Church, corner of Broome and Ridge sts., will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Morning subject, *The Heavenly Refiner.* Evening, Sunday-school anniversary sermon to children.

PRESBYTERIAN CONGREGATION worshipping in the Hall of the Historical Society, corner of 2d-av. and 11th-st.—Preaching on SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., by Rev. W. T. WYLIE, of Newcastle, Penn.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, corner 14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.—Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Rev. URIAH SCOTT will preach SUNDAY; seats are all free; Church supported entirely by voluntary contributions.

REV. MATTHEW HALE SMITH preaches in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, on SUNDAY NIGHT, on *London Midnight Mission to the Fallen.* PHILIP PHILLIPS will sing "Your Mission."

ALLEN-ST. METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church, between Rivington and Delancey sts.—Preaching at 10½ by Bishop THOMPSON; at 7 by the Pastor, Rev. L. S. WEED. Sermon on *Peter's Vision.* Sacrament at 3 P. M. Seats free. All invited.

THIRTIETH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BEtween 8th and 9th avs., Rev. A. C. FOSS, pastor. Sacramental service on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. At 7½ P. M., sermon to the young by Rev. Dr. HOLMES, President of the Iowa Wesleyan University.

A MEETING FOR PRAYER IN BEHALF of the Young Men's Christian Associations of all lands will be held at the rooms of the New-York Association, No. 161 5th-av., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.

FREE METHODIST CHURCH.—THE Lord willing, there will be preaching in the Hall No. 161 8th-av., corner 18th-st. on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Love feast after morning service. All lovers of an earnest Christianity are invited.

REV. DR. DIX WILL PREACH SUNDAY NIGHT, Nov. 10, in St. Luke's Church, Hudson-st., opposite Grove. Subject—*The Law of the Episcopal Church, and her highest interest forbid Non-Episcopal Ministrations within her Fold.* Services commence at 7½.

COME HOME TO ZION!—THE MESSENger, S. S. SNOW, will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Gathering Dispensation; its Manner, Time and Object.*

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL SERVICES at the room of the City Mission, No. 212 Grand-st., between Mott and Elizabeth sts., every SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock. Seats free. Rev. R. H. BOURNE, Missionary.

ST. CLEMENT'S PROTESTATT EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Amity-st., between Macdougal and Sullivan sts., Rev. T. A. EATON, Rector. Divine service every SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock, and in the EVENING at 7½. Strangers provided with seats.

N. FRANK WHITE WILL SPEAK BEfore the Society of Spiritualists, at Masonic Hall, No. 114 East 13th-st., on SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Conference at 12 M. Children's Lyceum at 2½ P. M.

SEVENTH-AV. M. E. CHURCH, BROOKlyn. Rev. WM. BUTLER, D. D., of the New-England Conference, and formerly Superintendant of Missions in India, will preach at 10½ o'clock A. M., and the Pastor, Rev. GEO. A. HALL, at 7 o'clock P. M.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, corner of Downing-st., Rev. DAY K. LEE, Pastor.—Services SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Morning subject—*Will Evil Sin and Suffering be Eternal.* Evening—*What Shall we Remember of Earth in Heaven.*

REV. GEORGE W. WOODRUFF WILL preach in the Seventh-st. M. E. Church on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock; and Rev. Dr. LORE, of Auburn, N. Y., will preach in the EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Sacramental services will be held at 3 o'clock.

BEDFORD-STREET M. E. CHURCH.—Bishop JANES will preach in this Church on SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M., and Rev. Dr. EDDY, of Chicago, at 7½ P. M.

GREENPOINT M. E. TABERNACLE—Reunion services SUNDAY, Nov. 10. Preaching at 10½ A. M. by Rev. JOHN S. INSKIP; at 7 P. M., by Rev. Bishop JANES. Love Feast at 3½ P. M.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH—No. 9 University-place, near 8th-st. Services EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. Rev. L. C. HENRIOD, Pastor, from Neuchatel, Switzerland.

THE FIRST SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY in Dodworth Hall will be addressed by distinguished speakers at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Conference at 3 P. M. The public invited.

DR. THOMPSON WILL LECTURE ON the *Greek Church and its Relations to the Future of Christianity*, at the Broadway Tabernacle Church, on SABBATH EVENING, Nov. 10, at 7½ o'clock.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH—16TH-st., between 6th and 7th avs.—Preaching on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, on the *Nearness of the Second Coming of the Lord.* Seats free; no collection.

ELDER ISAAC ERRETT, OF CLEVELAND, Ohio, will preach in Christian Church, 28th-st., near Broadway, LORD'S DAY, Nov. 10, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH.—34TH-ST., between 7th and 8th avs. Preaching in the MORNING at 10½ o'clock by Rev. Bishop CLARK. EVENING, at 7½, by Rev. Dr. CRARY, of St. Louis.

WEST 23D-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near 7th-av.—Rev. H. D. NORTHROP, Pastor elect, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 34th-st., near Broadway—Rev. JOHN THOMSON, D. D., Pastor. Services on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 50th-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES B. DUNN, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

LEE-AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, OF Brooklyn, E. D., (Fulton Ferry and Greenpoint cars to Taylor-st.)—Rev. J. HYATT SMITH, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M.

FORTIETH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN Church, near Lexington-av. The Pastor, Rev. J. E. ANNAN, will preach next SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SAINT THOMAS' CHURCH—B. W. WILLIAMS, Sexton and Undertaker, No. 228 6th-av.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

PREACHING AT JANE-ST. M. E. CHURCH, SUNDAY, Nov. 10, at 10½ A. M., by Rev. W. G. BROWNING; at 7½ P. M., by Rev. J. K. WAGER, Troy Conference. The public are invited.

SECOND FLOOR—THREE LARGE AND ONE hall room, all upon the street and well lighted; elegantly furnished, at No. 54 East 23d-st., with private table.

THE UPPER CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., south side, near 6th-av. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR GOODS,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
WHITE, SCARLET AND GRAY
WOOL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
SHAWLS AND LAP RUGS,
SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS AND ELASTICS.
TRAVELING-BAGS.
MACINTOSH COATS, &c.
A LARGE VARIETY OF
BEAUTIFUL GOODS,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, AT
UNION ADAMS',
NO. 637 BROADWAY.

GREAT REDUCTION
IN
DRY GOODS.

STRANG & ADRIANCE,

No. 355 BROADWAY, BETWEEN FRANKLIN AND LEONARD STS., will offer on Monday the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

since the war.

In consequence of the great decline in prices, at the heavy auction sales of the past week, they now offer

ALL WOOL EMPRESS CLOTHS,

Of the quality heretofore sold at $1 50, at $1 00 per yard.
Of the quality heretofore sold at $1 25, at 75c. per yard.
Of the quality heretofore sold at $1 00, at 65c. per yard,
and the finest imported at same reduction.
SILK in great variety,
PLUSHES in all colors,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
at same reduction.

PARIS KID GLOVES,

In all colors, heretofore at $1 75, now $1 25.
In all qualities, heretofore at $1 50, now $1.
In all qualities, heretofore at $1 25, now 75c. Great bargains.

The largest assortment of
CLOAKINGS
in the City at same reduction.
LYONS SILK VELVETS
AND
SHAWLS
at the same reduction.
NEWEST PATTERNS PRINTED DELAINES, 18c.
STANDARD PRINTS, fast colors, 12½c.
4-4 BLEACH SHIRTINGS at 10c.
Finer qualities in same proportion.

FALL STYLES.

CURTAIN MATERIALS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
BROCATELS,
STRIPED TERRYS AND REPS,
CRETONNE CHINTZES,
LACE CURTAINS,
CORNICES, &c., &c.

FINE LINENS.

SHEETINGS,
BLANKETS,
QUILTS, &c.
TAYLOR, McGIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY,
Between 11th and 12th sts.

BLANKETS,
COMFORTABLES,
QUILTS, &c.
A complete assortment, embracing
FINE MEDIUM AND COMMON,
of every desirable size and quality at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
LARGE STOCK OF ARMY BLANKETS CHEAP.
WM. GARDNER,
No. 244 Canal-st., between Broadway and Centre-st.

HORSE BLANKETS.

HORSE BLANKETS in FINE MEDIUM and COMMON QUALITIES, from $2 25 each and UPWARD, EMBRACING SOME VERY FINE ONES AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
WM. GARDNER, No. 244 Canal-st.,
Between Broadway and Centre-st.

GOODS FOR CHILDREN'S WEAR,
Infant's Wardrobes, children's Cloaks and Suits, Cloth Sacks, Blouses, Gabrielle Dresses, &c., &c.,
Ready made and made to order.
Slips, Aprons, Waists, Blankets, Bibs, Shoes, Corsets, Spencers, Caps, Bonnets, &c., &c.
At F. DE PERCEVAL'S.
No. 739 Broadway, opposite Astor-place.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, NEW STYLES.
Velvets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries; French woven and hand-made Corsets, $1 25; the best $1 25 Kid Gloves. Also, the celebrated seamless Gloves, and Mme. Jouvin's, in new shades. Ladies' and Misses' Underwear, at ELGER'S,
Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

GOVERNMENT BLANKETS AND CLOTHING,
Consisting principally of eleven-pound Army Blankets, Rubber Blankets and Ponchos, Cavalry and Infantry Great Coats, Pants, Blouses, &c.
Also, Harness, Saddles, Tents, Wagons and Horse Covers, &c., &c. PITKIN & CO., No. 5 Park-place.

MILLINERY.

LADIES' BONNETS.
Ladies' $10 Bonnets, worth $20, this day, at
L. BINNS' Premium Millinery,
No. 577 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Theatre.
Children's hats and furs.
Ladies' velvet bonnets, $10, real lace.

CLOTHING.

SPECIAL SALE OF
CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'
FINE CLOTHING!
WHOLESALE STOCK OF $100,000
RETAILING AT
LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
Garibaldis, Zouave Suits, Sacks, Jackets, Pants, Overcoats, &c.
Business and Fine Dress Suits for young men at very low prices.
These goods are all first-class, and will be found at less than half of Broadway prices.
SUTPHIN & DAYTON,
No. 31 Chambers-st., near Centre, up stairs.

PERSONAL.

MR. J. W. EDDY, LATE OF OIL CITY Bank, will oblige by sending his present address to TREDWELL & JARMANS, No. 120 Fulton-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW-YORK DYEING AND PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
WORKS ON STATEN ISLAND,
No. 98 Duane-st., } New-York.
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This old and well-known Company, the LARGEST of its kind in the WORLD, and in the FORTY-NINTH year of its existence, is prepared with the most extensive and improved Machinery to Dye, Cleanse and Finish in a manner unequaled, every variety of ladies and gentlemen's garments, and piece goods. Garments cleansed by our new French process without being ripped.

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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, NOV. 9, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, Matinee. DEBORAH. Leading character by Mlle. Fanny Janauschek.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, GRAND DUCHESS MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, LES IDEES DE MME. AUBRAY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock—MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS. Characters by the Company.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, IN-SHAVOGUE; OR, WEARING OF THE GREEN, and THRICE MARRIED. Leading characters by Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Florence.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE
24th-st., 5th-av. and Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE MERCHANT OF VENICE PRESERVED and CINDERELLA. Leading characters by Leffingwell and Miss Blanche Chapman.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2 1-2 and EVENING at 8, THE EARL'S DAUGHTER; OR THE PRIDE OF BIRTH. LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS; LIVING GORILLA, and 300,000 CURIOSITIES.

BANVARD'S OPERA HOUSE AND MUSEUM.
Corner of Broadway and 30th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock—MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, DEVIL'S AUCTION; OR, THE GOLDEN BRANCH. Curiosities from all parts of the world.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS,
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock—MATINEE.
THIS EVENING commencing at 8 o'clock, NEW-YORK CIRCUS TROUPE—EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIANISM AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES.

BUNYAN HALL,
Corner Broadway and 13th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2 o'clock—MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, "THE PILGRIM," SPLENDID TABLEAUX, GRAND TRANSFORMATION. Philip Phillips sings.

DODWORTH HALL,
No. 806 Broadway.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2 o'clock, ARTHUR SKETCHLEY—THE ADVENTURES OF MRS. BROWN.

STUDIO BUILDINGS,
No. 51 West 10th-st.
THIS DAY, commencing at 9 o'clock. Exhibition of PAGE'S PAINTINGS.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
SUNDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRAND CONCERT.

BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM,
Atlantic-st., corner Clinton.
SUNDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, CONCERT.

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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL.

No dispatches by Atlantic Cable were received in this City yesterday. It is believed that the land wires have been blown down, but no intimation is given as to the time which will be required to place the line in working order again.

The Secretary of the Treasury has determined to sell at public aution on the 9th of December, at Washington, all the interest which the Government has in the Dismal Swamp Canal. The Government holds 800 shares of the stock; the other 1,200 are owned by private parties, who will probably bid in the Government shares.

A letter from the Dry Tortugas says that all the soldiers at Fort Jefferson have signed a petition to the President for the release of Dr. Mudd, one of the Lincoln assassins, in consequence of his services in attending the yellow fever patients at that post this Fall. He was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

A boiler explosion occurred in Pittsburgh, Penn., yesterday, in the mill owned by Reese, Graff & Duell. A portion of the building was completely demolished. Twenty persons were instantly killed and many others seriously injured. The only persons who could give an explanation of the explosion are among the killed.

E. A. Whipple will deliver an eulogy on Gov. Andrew on the 27th inst., at Music Hall in Boston, by invitation of the City Government.

LOCAL.

The various political parties are preparing for the charter election to be held in December. The following officers are to be chosen: Mayor; eight Aldermen, in Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth and Sixteenth Aldermanic Districts; six School Commissioners and Trustees, in the several Wards; also, Councilmen to succeed Cornelius Flynn, just elected Coroner, and Anthony Hartmann, member-elect of the Assembly. It is said, also, that an election for Councilmen throughout the City will be ordered, on the ground that the present incumbents are not entitled to hold over for another year.

In the matter of opening the circle at the intersection of Broadway and Fifty-ninth-street, George H. Purser, representing the Corporation Counsel, applied to the Supreme Court yesterday morning for the taxation of the bill of costs, charges and expenses of the Commissioners of estimate and assessment. William A. Whitbeck, representing the West Side Association, and also as counsel for several property owners in interest, objected to the bill, and argued that the fees charged by the officials were grossly exorbitant. Judge Barnard reserved his decision.

Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the Citizens' Association was held at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, for the purpose of considering what measures are necessary in order to secure the construction of wharves and piers commensurate with the future wants of the City. Addresses were made by A. A. Low, Charles Tracy, Wm. E. Dodge, George F. Noyes and others, and a series of resolutions was adopted.

The examination in the case of Abner B. Newcomb, Ex-Deputy United States Marshal, for bribery, was continued yesterday before Commissioner Osborn. Caroline Brockway, wife of the convicted counterfeiter, Chas. Brockway, was examined, after which the investigation was adjourned until Monday.

A man named Walter Shay was accidentally shot with a pistol, in a liquor-store at the corner of Hamilton-avenue and Van Brunt-street, Brooklyn, yesterday, by a young man named Thomas Whalen. The wound will probably prove fatal.

The funeral services of the late Alexander W. Bradford were performed at Trinity Chapel yesterday. The body was sent to Albany for interment.

We are indebted to the Purser of the steamship *Europe*, of the Compagnie Générale Transatlantique, for late Paris papers.

Flour, Oats and Pork were lower and Wheat heavy, yesterday, and a rather less active market. A brisk speculative demand prevailed for mixed Corn, which advanced 3c.@4c. per bushel. Cotton was a shade stronger and more freely purchased. Freights were firmer and moderate engagements were reported. Other branches of business were essentially unaltered.

Parties in the Future—The Democratic Programme.

The more candid of the Democrats temper their exultation with a frank acknowledgment of the assistance derived from "citizens who have not for the last few years acted with the Democratic Party." It is admitted, too, that this assistance, which has been made available by the errors and follies of the Republican organization, can be counted upon only so long as the Democratic Party occupies middle ground. A return to Copperheadism, it is confessed, would drive off the voters whose help has secured victory, and force them again into the Republican ranks. How far these professions are genuine, and to what extent they are shared by the active workers of the party, we need not particularly inquire. There might be some difficulty in reconciling them with the fact that in Ohio and Minnesota the Democratic candidates for the highest positions on the ticket were, during the war, pronounced enemies of the Union; or with the further fact that the gains realized in Pennsylvania and throughout the West are mainly attributable to the efforts of politicians of whom Mr. Pendleton is the most favorable type. But these debatable points we are not just now, required to touch. It is enough that the success of the party in this State is attributed by those who have achieved it to coöperation, which nothing but good judgment and unceasing care can retain for future service.

By what process, however, may these professions be reconciled with the practice which is foreshadowed on the reconstruction question? The course was comparatively clear so long as the hopelessness of resistance to the law on the part of the South was conceded by that section of the Democracy to whose recent declarations we refer. There was undoubted strength in tactics which, while recognizing the power of Congress to enforce its will, aimed at future contests for the modification of its action. The prudence which dictated this view of the question has been discarded since the victories were obtained. Instead of accepting the obvious facts of the case, and reserving effort for the period when statesmanship may deal confidently with a reunited country, a revolutionary policy is laid down for the guidance of the Democratic Party. The refusal of the Southern whites to submit to the operation of the law is assumed and justified. And on the additional supposition that the next Congressional elections will give to the Democrats the command of the House, a plan is sketched substantially identical with the wild notions which have sometimes been imputed to Mr. Johnson respecting "the Rump Congress." Here it is, in few words: With a Democratic House and a President in alliance with the same party, the Southern whites are to upset the State organizations formed under the Reconstruction Acts, and are to form others in accordance with their own ideas, repudiating altogether negro suffrage. Then Senators and Representatives are to be elected, and the latter are to be forthwith admitted by the Democratic majority. Then "the Southern Senators, plus the Conservative Senators from the North, will form a majority of that body, organize as such, and neither the House nor the President will recognize any other Senate." Are we wrong in designating this programme revolutionary? Do we exaggerate when we represent it as the beginning of a new and bitter struggle, or as proof that Democratic successes point to tumult and disaster rather than to the pacification which the country impatiently awaits?

We consider it certain, then, that the "citizens who have not for the last few years, acted with the Democratic Party," and to whom that party is indebted for the advantages acquired this Fall, will not prolong the connection. The succor they have rendered, directly by their votes or indirectly by abstaining from voting, cannot be continued to a party which uses its triumph as an assurance that rebels will regain control of the Southern States. The Conservative classes at the North, who on the *World's* own showing hold the balance of political power, have not acted with the purpose of restoring the Democracy to the control of the Government. Their course was rendered possible by the comparative moderation of the Democratic platform, but in the great majority of instances they have not dreamed of affiliating formally with that organization. Their chief purpose has been to rebuke the intolerance and extravagance of the managers of the Republican Party, under a conviction that the lesson may result in the setting aside of its extreme and arrogant leaders. With Copperheadism as the alternative, this had not been possible. And we may rest assured that as between the objectionable features of Radicalism and the programme of violence and rebel victory which the principal organ of the Democracy proclaims, there will not be a moment's hesitation.

In a strict party sense, this prospect is eminently satisfactory. The more extreme the ends of Democracy the more easy the defeat of its nominees. With pro-rebel affinities, disguised under a pretence of Union sentiment, on one hand, and Radical reconstruction, with all its harshness, on the other, we have no fear of the preference that will be evinced by any Northern constituency. What occurred when the Democratic Party was a rank Copperhead organization will occur again now that it avows its purpose to destroy the Senate by fraud, sustained by force, and to bring back the leaders of the rebellion to place and power. The party will be trampled down as ruthlessly as would be its promised revolution. The Republican Party will once more sweep everything before it. Moderate Republicans will overcome their indifference and disgust, and will rally around their party standard, even though it be upheld by Radical hands. The War Democrats, on seeing the feast to which they have been invited by the party for the time victorious in this State, will resume their places in the Union ranks, and will vote as steadily as during the rebellion against a policy which aims at combination with Southern malcontents to secure possession of the Federal Government. We shall again have plain, straightforward sailing. There will be no tacking or trimming, no bolting or staying away from the polls, in the presence of an organization conducted in the interest of the enemy.

But other than party considerations are involved in the issues which will hereafter divide the Democrats and Republicans. The bane of the latter has been their excess of strength. Presuming upon the Congressional weakness of their adversaries, they have been reckless in the policy adopted toward the South, and indifferent to subjects immediately affecting the material concerns of the country. Measures have been pushed through on the hypothesis that a certain amount of moderate support might be dispensed with, without injury to the party. Radicalism has insisted on having its own way, regardless of consequences. The same may be said of the party action in local matters. The extremists have wielded authority with a defiant air. Moderate men have been denied admittance to Conventions and participation in the working of the organization. Corrupt candidates have been foisted upon the party, despite of protest and warning.

Now, all this could scarcely have happened had the party in opposition borne a less objectionable record than that of the Democracy. A compact, high-principled opposition is one of the essentials of successful parliamentary government, and its absence from Congress has been a prime cause of the errors that have been committed, as well in regard to reconstruction as in reference to finance and taxation. Of late the Democrats in the House have been a faction, fighting now with one wing of the Republicans, now with another, and finally throwing their little weight into the scale of ultraism. Under an expectation that faction might be superseded by a responsible opposition, we have not shared the alarm which has been excited in some quarters by the results of the elections. Confident that the Union sentiment of the country is strong enough to keep the Government out of Democratic hands, we have hoped that the presence of a respectable minority would exercise a wholesome influence over the conduct of business, the tone of debate and the character of legislation. Such an influence cannot be looked for if the suggestions of the *World* indicate the objects of the party with which it acts. If it intend to conform to the reputation it earned during the war, to resist reconstruction at every stage, and to give aid and comfort to the Southerners who reject the scheme embodied in the law, it will be powerless except for evil. As a qualifying, correcting agency it will be impotent. And the objects for which it contends will at once stimulate and excuse the extreme measures of the Radicals.

Unless the Republican management be given over to men to whom experience teaches no lesson, we may trust to the efficacy of the warning administered by the elections. Whatever the Democrats plot for or threaten, the party now dominant in Congress owe to their supporters and the country greater moderation and energy than have yet been shown in the work of reconstruction. Energy and judgment in hastening its consummation are above all things necessary, that the great stumbling-block to national unity and peace may be forever removed. But moderation is needed all the time to restrain extremists, and to prepare the way for that policy of forbearance and generosity which should distinguish the final stage of the reconstruction business. Only some gross and cruel blunder can furnish the Democrats the opportunity on which they calculate.

Corruption—Callicott and the Tribune.

We find the following in the *Tribune:*

> "We certainly *do not* know that Mr. Callicott was ever bribed, as the Times alleges; and we hear that he has brought an action for libel against the Times, based on the above charge. The truth in the premises, whatever it may be, will thus be judicially established, and we trust the verdict of the jury will be accordant therewith. Mr. Callicott has been charged with a grave offence, and is soon to be tried on that charge. We know nothing of his guilt or innocence; but we hold him entitled to a fair, impartial trial; and of this it seems to us that the Times, with one or two other journals, has insidiously labored to deprive him. *Such interference with the course of justice ought to react on its authors.*"

In other words, the Times ought to be made to suffer severely for having referred to him or his past history in any way except to praise and puff him, until after he has been tried on the indictment pending against him. This, of course, is no "interference with the course of justice," on the *Tribune's* part.

The *Tribune's* assertion that we have attempted in any way, directly or "insidiously," to influence Courts, juries or public sentiment, in regard to Callicott's guilt or innocence of the offences with which he stands charged, and for which he is to be tried, is utterly untrue. We have never spoken of it at all, except to chronicle the progress of the case, or without specially noting the fact that his case ought not to be prejudged. We defy the *Tribune* to find anything in our columns to warrant or excuse the imputation by which it seeks to justify its own palpable attempt to help Mr. Callicott in the libel suit to which the *Tribune* refers.

Our reference to Mr. Callicott was made to illustrate the *Tribune's* habitual mode of denouncing and "rooting out" corruption. It calls loudly upon everybody to vote against anybody *known* to be corrupt; but it seldom fails to come to the rescue of any *individual* of its own party, who runs the risk of defeat in a canvass, in consequence either of public rumor of his corruption or from being charged directly on responsible authority with some specific act of misconduct. Thus, in the late canvass, it protested against condemning men on public rumor; and when a Western Senator was arrested on a charge of having taken a bribe in a specific case, the *Tribune* turned its batteries upon the man who had ventured to appear as a witness against him,—on the eve of the election. And we cited the case of Mr. Callicott as another illustration of the same habit.

We will recall to the *Tribune's* mind the facts in this case. Mr. Callicott was a Democratic member of the State Assembly in 1863, from a Brooklyn District. There was a *tie* between parties and no Speaker could be chosen. After a long contest Mr. Callicott went over to the Republican side and gave that party a majority of one. This might have been deemed a highly patriotic and self-sacrificing act,—and probably would have been so regarded but for two circumstances,—first the fact that it was *to elect himself Speaker*, that Mr. Callicott changed sides,—and second, that he received a few days after a check for $1,200, drawn or indorsed by the Chairman of the Republican State Committee. These facts appeared in an investigation by a Legislative Committee,—were published in the newspapers at the time, and now stand on record in the printed documents of the State Assembly. The *Tribune* undoubtedly knows them perfectly; but says it "does *not* know that Mr. Callicott was ever bribed." That may be technically true. Neither Mr. Callicott nor the *Tribune* may deem *that* bribery: they may both consider it, as they both apparently do consider it, a "fair business transaction."

The *Tribune* evidently so regarded it, and not only that, but deemed it a highly praiseworthy act on Mr. Callicott's part,—one which entitled him to special praise, and to the increased confidence and admiration of the public. For in face of the almost unanimous protest of the Republicans in his district, it insisted on his renomination as the Republican candidate—did all in its power to promote his election, and succeeded, with what other aid he could command, in getting for him about 275 votes. And it was afterward still more successful, seconded by the efforts of others, in getting Secretary Chase to appoint him Special Cotton Agent in the Southern States.

What the *Tribune* thus approved and admired as a highly praiseworthy act, on the part of a public officer, we deemed a dishonorable and corrupt transaction. When a man changes his party relations from conviction—from change of opinion as to principles or measures, or as to the best policy for the country in an emergency—we respect his action so long as we have confidence in his motives. But when he makes the change *to put himself in office*, and takes from the representatives and agents of the party which profits by the change $1,200 *in cash, in addition thereto*, our confidence in the purity of his motives, and our respect for the integrity of his character, are both somewhat impaired.

It is quite true, as the *Tribune* states, that Mr. Callicott has sued us for libel for having spoken of this transaction as an act of bribery. He claims at our hands the sum of $50,000 for the damage we have thereby done to his "feelings and his reputation." The amount seems to us rather high, in view of the much smaller sum which consoled him in the previous instance, for changing parties;—but this is of little consequence. Large as it is, we shall pay it when compelled to do so by the Courts of law. We are rather glad of the chance which the suit will give us of "judicially establishing the truth in the premises"—an object so dear to the *Tribune's* heart,—especially as we can now follow up certain lines of testimony as to the $1,200 check paid to Mr. Callicott, upon which the Legislative Committee in the former case did not allow the prosecution to enter.

The Red Man Eloquent.

Whatever may be the result of the councils and treaties just concluded between the big chiefs of the red and white races on the Western Plains, they have furnished some unsurpassed contributions to our small stock of original Indian eloquence.

During the progress of the negotiations with the various wild tribes of the prairies, our correspondents on the spot have kept our readers very fully apprized of what was going on, and have also reported for us the speeches of the warrior chiefs, as they fell from their lips or were translated through the mouth of the interpreter.

Those who have given themselves the pleasure of reading these accounts and reports have obtained a better idea of the wild life and feelings of the untutored savage as he now exists and roams upon the Great Plains, and of the modes of thought, forms of expression, and style of oratory that belong to such natives as the "simple great Man," that one of them claimed to be, than they could obtain in any other way except as participants or observers at the councils themselves.

On this occasion the Indian has done justice to his traditionary fame for eloquence. The characteristics of Indian oratory have been the subject of no little criticism. It has been frequently dissected by the most skillful critics, and even our greatest scholars and orators, like Jefferson and Webster, have not disdained to study and analyze its nature, and to point out and illustrate its features of force and beauty. The pathetic speech of Logan ("who mourns for Logan?") was for a long time our finest specimen of it; but since Logan's day we have had many other examples no less distinguished for natural beauty and simplicity of figure, for strength and terseness of statement, for delicacy, for pathos and sentimentality, for the concord of sweet sounds, and for effectiveness. Nothing could well differ more than these speeches in external form and architectural design from the oratorical masterpieces of the race to which we belong; and yet, in one as in the other, we discern certain broad laws of thought and effect which appear and work themselves out, consciously or unconsciously, as other laws of the universal humanity work themselves out, with approximate similarity, in other departments of intellect and action. The studied, logical and tremendous eloquence of Demosthenes—the vigor, ornateness, incisiveness and skill of inversion displayed in the orations of Cicero—the monumental orations of our familiar, though none the less great modern names, from Burke to Webster—do all, assuredly, differ as widely from any existing specimen of savage eloquence as the architectural piles of Athens, London or New-York differ from the groups of Indian tents in which the red man spends his life; and if, after these immortal memories, we mention the grotesque names of Big Mouth, Red Cloud, Poor Bear or Satanta, an irrepressible smile necessarily follows. And yet we need not explore the Infinite half as far as some of the German philosophers have done, to discover that intrinsically there are points of intellectual and rhetorical resemblance which can be traced much further than those may imagine who have never troubled themselves with a thought about the matter. But we neither propose to follow them out nor to make any extended analysis of the general, special, or distinctive characteristics of Indian eloquence, as recently displayed.

It must be remembered that the orators at the recent councils belonged to the real wild Indians of the Plains—not individuals of such tribes as have been brought under the influences of civilization and education, and whose mental habits and ideas have received their basis in the knowledge of the white man—but chiefs of the prairie and the tent, of the tomahawk and the scalp-lock, of the whoop and the charge, of the breech-clout and war-paint, of the buffalo and the antelope, of nature and native power, of the Great Spirit and immemorial traditions. They assembled from far distances at appointed places on the Plains to hold council with the representatives of the white man as to his interests and theirs. Not a few of them were right from the war-path—from bloody fights with enemies of our color and of their own; and among the things to be discussed were some means of stopping the war which has been waged for three years, or rather for three centuries, and at the same time reconciling their natural rights with our imperative necessities. The purpose was a great one, and the stake was great, involving the possession of an empire and the destiny of two peoples; and the Indian approached the subject with a dignity and a majestic reserve becoming its importance and also natural to himself. Each of the speakers at all of the councils put forth the Indian claims in a way essentially similar to the others, generally basing them simply on nature and justice; but at the same time every one of them had arguments and illustrations of his own, which frequently showed remarkable powers of reason and imagination.

Probably the most striking of all the brief speeches delivered was that of the chief Big Mouth; but, on the whole, Satanta, the old warrior chief of the Kiowas, must get the palm for varied, frequent and graphic displays of oratory. Satanta, as our correspondent who reported his speeches has mentioned, has no equal on the Plains in cunning or native diplomacy, while in boldness, daring and merciless cruelty he is far beyond Red Cloud, who is his rival in influence. He first distinguished himself, to our knowledge, for eloquence, in May last, when he confronted Gen. Hancock and the other leaders of a hostile expedition at Fort Larned, and in a fiery speech, denounced those who were heaping wrongs upon his race. This speech was a striking effort, from its opening, in which he proclaimed, by the heavens and the earth, that he would "talk straight," till its close, in which, looking round upon the prairie, he pronounced it, as well as the heavens above, large and good, and declared he did not want the earth stained by the blood of war. Another speech of Satanta was delivered at the grand council which opened on the morning of the 19th of October, and at which 400 chiefs were assembled. He alluded feelingly to his desire for peace and freedom, and asked earnestly to be permitted to lead such a life as he had been accustomed to from his youth. "I don't want to settle. I love to roam over the prairies. I feel free and happy; but when we settle down we grow pale and die." The latest of his speeches was the farewell speech he delivered at the conclusion of the treaty of peace with our Commissioners on the 24th ult. On this occasion the old chief was accompanied by one hundred of the principal warriors of the Kiowa tribe; and immediately after its close, this tribe, as well as the Comanches, struck camp and left for the Cimmarone River in the South. He spoke with a gravity and earnestness that added force to his words. "If," said he, "the treaty bring prosperity to us, we of course will like it the better. If it bring prosperity or adversity, we will not abandon it." He alluded delicately to the fact that the white man often forgot to keep his treaties with the Indian; and then at the close, referring to the treaty just made, he rose to the heights of friendship, offering his heart and his hospitality, and adding: "For your sakes, the green grass shall not be stained with the blood of the whites. Your people shall again be our people, and peace shall be our mutual heritage. Good-bye! You may not see me again. But remember Satanta as the white man's friend." He is spoken of as having a very grave yet musical voice, and at times displays the deepest emotion. On the occasion of one of these speeches, our correspondent says that when he graphically pictured how he loved his land, his free life and his traditions, there was a world of feeling in his tones, betraying his knowledge of the vast difference between the power of the aggressive pale face and his waning race. A certain dim foreboding of the Indians' fate swept across his mind, and in its passage lit his eyes up with a fierce light, and his voice rose to a pitch of frenzy as he exclaimed: "We don't want to settle—I love to roam over the prairie: there I am free and happy."

MINOR TOPICS.

The *Tribune* (which seems to be sore about something) is very anxious that the liberal Republican newspapers should not try to prove by-and-by that they "did their very best" to elect the Republican ticket. We hope they won't, because nobody would believe it if they did. When they "*do* their best" they are very apt to succeed, and we should be very sorry to accept the result of the last election as a specimen of what they can do when they try. The fact is, we were discouraged in advance by being assured, over and over again, by the *Tribune* that our help was not wanted. We were exhorted to go over to the Democrats, where we belonged; and although such fraternal counsels did not prevail, they could not be without more or less effect on our spirits. We were assured that an omnibus would hold all the votes we could influence,—that the eastern counties were going to do splendidly,—that we should gain 20,000 in this City and Brooklyn alone, that the great cause of universal liberty despised the paltry calculations of weak-kneed, timid, half-and-half politicians, and that the Men and Brethren were quite sure to go in and win. Confiding in the omniscience of our neighbor, and being full of modest self-distrust, we stood a little back, so as not to interfere with the Men-and-Brethren rush;—but it seems they didn't rush. We regret the circumstance.

A morning paper says there is good authority for the statement that President Johnson has not yet commenced writing his message. Is not that matter worthy the immediate attention of the Judiciary Committee? Does it not disclose at last some tangible ground for impeachment? The same paper, however, follows this startling disclosure with the consoling assurance that if the President has anything to say to Congress, he will say it about the 2d of December. We suppose this will depend on whether he is captured by the colored troops of the District of Columbia before that date or not.

We have often heard of the power of "political preaching," but never remember to have witnessed so impressive an example of its effects as in Massachusetts last Tuesday. The friends of the Prohibitory Law arranged, by a concerted scheme, to have a thousand clergymen preach simultaneously a thousand sermons in a thousand pulpits, in favor of Prohibition, on the eve of the election. The effect was instant and miraculous. The State turned by a tremendous majority against the Prohibitory Law. What would have been the result but for the delivery of these ten hundred discourses we do not, of course, pretend to say; but we would advise the Prohibitionists, if they feel like making the same issue next year, to get these thousand clergymen to preach a thousand sermons *against* Prohibition, and perhaps that will create a "reaction" and drive the State back the other way.

Col. Forney devotes five columns in each of his "two papers, both daily," to backing Gen. Grant for President. The *Tribune* don't make any particular objection to Gen. Grant, and says he may be a good Republican; but it is "not satisfied with his backers." This is giving Col. Forney a *very* cold shoulder. We never supposed the "reaction" would go quite so far as that.

Chief-Justice Chase must be infinitely obliged to his friend Mr. Wade for making public, just at this moment, his little reminiscences of Presidential wire-pulling in 1860. "Mack" went (or was sent for) to see the latter gentleman, and found him "head and tail erect" and "snorting." With regard to Mr. Chase, he snorted to the effect that "in 1860, Chase wrote me a letter asking me to sound the members of the two Houses, and see what his prospects were. I did so." Mr. Wade then tells us that he found only one Chase man in the Senate and only a few in the House, and that he wrote to Chase that "the thing looked a little blue," but that he had "better come on." Instead, however, "Dick Parsons, of Cleveland," came on, and "did a little prospecting," and Chase "wanted me to decline" in his favor, and so forth, and so forth. We would suggest that if anybody is "doing a little prospecting" for Mr. Chase now, it would be well for him to see at once that Mr. Wade does not snort any more about these little secrets of eight years ago. Not that there is any harm in these little bids and manœuvres, but people have a fancy for the sort of man who, having achieved greatness, waits to have Presidential greatness thrust upon him. And Mr. Wade paints the Chief-Justice as anything but a coy candidate—a Cincinnatus reluctantly answering the summons of his countrymen to take the helm of State. We fear there was a tinge of malice in the frankness of "Old Ben."

It seems that Hon. Mr. Wade thinks it time to take a step backward. In accordance with the custom now so much in vogue, a newspaper correspondent has had a "conversation" with him, and reports him as characterizing Mr. Stevens' pending Confiscation Bill as "foolery" (with a dashing emphasis, understood.) "To think of passing such a bill now is sheer folly and nonsense. If the negroes want land *let them work for it.*" If such language isn't high treason, in these days of the "great struggle between capital and oppressed labor," we should like to know what it is.

The visit of the Emperor of Austria to Paris gave the people of that capital a chance to exercise their fine gift of practical satire. It is not to be supposed that the Parisians really feel much admiration for the head of the House of Hapsburg, but during his sojourn in their city they praised him for his recent concessions to the people, which comprise many privileges which they have vainly striven to secure. Even the Faubourg St. Antoine took the cue, and shouted for "liberty as it is in Austria." Perhaps it was on this account that Francis Joseph was driven through the streets of Paris in a close carriage, able neither to see nor visible to the multitudes that assembled to catch a glimpse of his white uniform.

Dr. Inman's arguments against violent exercise, which are the occasion of a very sharp controversy in the English Press, will be a great comfort to lazy people. The Doctor makes out a very strong case for his side, and the instances he brings forward to sustain the position that gymnastic training may bring on decline rather than tend to longevity, are certainly very striking; and although equally striking examples are brought forward to sustain the opposite view, the weight of testimony appears to be in the Doctor's favor. Let sedentary men take comfort, and not accuse themselves of slow suicide if they neglect the method of cure for all the ills of mind and body prescribed by the advocates of muscular exercise.

There is no accounting for Parisian tastes. At a fashionable supper party which took place recently in the French capital, among the attractions of the table were some curious specimens of cutlery not usually seen on such an occasion. One, says a correspondent, was a Turkish knife which had been employed in cutting off the heads of Ottoman traitors. No. 2 was a sort of Japanese bowie-knife with which a courtier of the Tycoon had committed harikari. No. 3 was an executioner's blade from Pekin, employed in slicing Chinese Jack Sheppards. We are not surprised to learn that the appetising effects of this novel table cutlery were so great that every kind of sauce was dispensed with.

We again enter our protest against the practice, which prevails among some tobacco smokers, of obtruding their stale smoke and villainous pipes into public places. Ferry-boats and street cars are becoming favorite resorts of smokers, who complacently puff their second-hand smoke on all sides, to the intense disgust of all who are not addicted to the use of tobacco. Every man has the right to smoke as much as he chooses, but he has no right to offend his neighbors who don't smoke. In all mixed assemblages there are some persons to whom the smell of tobacco is perfectly intolerable, and among this class may be counted the majority of ladies. Yet the smoker, in his selfish enjoyment of his cigar or pipe, utterly ignores their right to breathe the undefiled air, and obtrudes himself and his smoke upon them at all times and all seasons. It is getting to be almost impossible for non-smokers to ride in either the cars or ferry-boats on account of this nuisance.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music—German Drama.

Mlle. Janauschek, who, like *King Lear*, seems to feel more at home amid the raging elements, and, to be little less than paradoxical, appears to be eminently happy in the delineation of the fiercer passions, finds work to her taste in portraying the character of the intriguing *Countess Eboli*, in Schiller's gloomy play of "Don Carlos." This part she played last evening before an attentive audience. The character of the unhappy Queen is certainly the sympathetic role of the tragedy; but Mlle. Janauschek feels her own power when she passes that over and undertakes to bind the interest through a very long and often tedious play—tedious from the prolixity of its discussions in dialogue on dead and gone politics of dead and gone people—by the vividness which she gives to the nature of the Queen's dame of honor, who, loving the *Don*, and finding her passion not reciprocated, effects his ruin. The fourth act of the piece may be called the Princess's act—for she absorbs attention in it from first to last. No poet so well as Schiller in this act, probably, has proven so well the old saying that no hate is like the hate of woman scorned, and few actresses so well as Mlle. Janauschek could express with such vehemence, without a taint of vulgarity, the fierce rage, mad triumph, and quickly succeeding remorse that this noble artiste depicts here. It is gratifying to know that Mlle. Janauschek will repeat the performance on Tuesday next, we believe, and it is to be hoped to a larger audience. On Monday, in celebration of Schiller's birthday, which falls on to-morrow, Mlle. Janauschek will appear in selections from "Don Carlos," from "Love and Intrigue," and in an anniversary sketch called "Schiller's Childhood."

Miscellaneous.

The first performance of the new opera of "Romeo and Juliette" is announced for next Friday. Miss Hauck is to be the fair *Capulet*, and Sig. Pancani *Romeo*.

Mr. Hartz is to commence a short season of magic at Dodworth's Hall, on the 18th inst., with new apparatus, which replaces that which was recently destroyed by fire.

The marble portrait statue of Mr. Forrest as *Coriolanus*, by Thos. Ball, is now on exhibition at No. 812 Broadway.

The last of Mr. Arthur Sketchley's amusing narrative entertainments, of which "Mrs. Brown" is the ludicrous heroine, is announced to be given at Dodworth's Hall this evening. "Mrs. Brown's" receptions have been fashionably attended, and the old lady has become a familiar figure to the New-York public.

Mr. Harrison's concert company have had a great success in Boston and Springfield. The people in both cities have turned out strongly to welcome Madame Parepa, and Mr. Leopold De Meyer's eccentricities have excited his audiences as greatly as they did here.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Santa Barbara Oil Wells—The Mammoth Grapevine.

From Our Own Correspondent.

San Francisco, Friday, Oct. 18, 1867.

I was aroused one morning from my stateroom on the coast steamer near Santa Barbara by a strong smell of kerosene, and supposed that the room-lamp had been knocked over, but at the same time I heard something said about "oil on the water," and went up on deck. To my surprise, I found the sea for miles covered with floating oil, which had the exact smell of petroleum. We were then some two miles from land. There was considerable swell on, but the Captain said he had seen the sea as smooth as glass and covered with oil for miles at this point.

I felt that I had now run through with all the California experiences. I had waded in silver mud in the mills at Virginia City, bathed in streams turbid with golden sands in the Foot Hills, and now sailed over petroleum seas near Santa Barbara. It was this phenomenon, it will be remembered, which gave the first impulse to the excitement in California about petroleum, and resulted in the formation of several large petroleum companies a few years since. Any one who recalls the *furor* about Pennsylvania oil wells, where the superficial indications were often far less encouraging to an unscientific eye, might well excuse the excitement in regard to this region. A very trustworthy gentleman also informed me that he had often known of cattle mired and lost in a substance on this coast which looked like thickened petroleum. Under the light of present experience, a scientific man would at once say that the presence of large masses of asphaltum on the surface, or even of flowing oil, was a presumption against the existence of much petroleum oil at that point.

Oil fit for burning is not obtained when the strata are exposed to the air or turned up on edge, or are only covered with a light detritus. There must be a superficial covering of rock over the oil-stratum, to confine the fluid or to allow it gradually to form away from the atmosphere. This is always the case in Pennsylvania. The strata there are generally horizontal or turned up at a slight angle. The facts in regard to this coast seem to be that a bituminous slate formation extends from Los Angeles to Cape Mendocino, with the strata generally turned up at a high angle. The contortions of this slate near Santa Barbara were very marked. The asphaltum is often in the sandstone over the bituminous slate, as if it had been forced up by heat and pressure. In the slates themselves, as we learn from Prof. Whitney's report, it is somewhat uniformly diffused. The precise relation of asphaltum to petroleum is uncertain—whether it arises from the thickening or oxidization of that oil; what proportion of the hydro-carbonic in the bituminous slates evaporate on exposure, and what are oxidized to asphaltum, the geological survey agree is an entire matter of uncertainty. The only thing clear is that the strata near Santa Barbara are too much exposed to the air to allow of much petroleum near the surface, and that the oil which is extracted is too thick for practical use. I could not doubt from what I heard that pure petroleum does sometimes come forth from some of the borings, but at such a depth and under such expense that it does not pay, commercially. Labor, machinery and transport are so high in this part of California, that, with the present price of oil, it is doubtful if a full-flowing well of oil would pay much profit.

Some of these large oil-ranches would make excellent vineyards.

Santa Barbara itself has one of the most beautiful situations in California, placed in a green valley opening out to the sea, between picturesque hills on each side, and with a fine chain of mountains in the background. The grand old Spanish Mission seems to stand guard over it, upon the hills behind.

THE BIG GRAPEVINE.

One of the wonders of California is a mammoth grapevine at Montecito, near this place. It was planted by a lady, Donna de Dominguez, over sixty-five years ago, from a slip which she had cut in Monterey County for a horse-whip. It is trained on a trellice about ten feet from the ground, and covers now a space, as I measured it, of ninety-three feet by about fifty. The circumference of the trunk, five inches from the ground, was three feet three and a half inches, and eight feet high; just below the branches it measured four feet and three inches; it bears about eight thousand pounds of grapes per annum, and is said to almost support the family which own it. There are several vineyards in this region also, and many groves of orange, lemon, olive and almond trees. But here, as everywhere, the Mission-grape is too much in use, from which a good wine can seldom be made. The peope are very anxious to be relieved from the tax on native brandy; but I trust that they will not be by the coming or any other Congress. No article is a more legitimate subject for taxation; it is mainly a luxury, and a deleterious one. If not taxed much of the wine of the country will be turned into it. On the much-disputed question of the influence of light wines as checking intemperance, I have no doubt, from much observation of wine countries, especially of Hungary, that they act on a broad scale in this direction, though naturally with many exceptions. But truth compels me to say that thus far native wines in California have had no such desirable effect; perhaps, first, because light wines are not much made here, and second, because Californians do not drink their own wines if they can help it. Here and in Los Angeles, where wine could be sold at a profit for ten cents a bottle, no person in the hotel or on the boat called for wine at his meals, but instead, immediately after, every one rushed to the bar for raw whisky. With such habits, dyspepsia and indigestion are naturally common.

Such is the sluggishness of this southern population in California, that in a country, the most blessed by nature in the world, they do not raise enough wheat for themselves, and have not a single flour mill. Our steamer brought a quantity of flour for the town, and had to land it in boats after a very tedious fashion, no one in Santa Barbara having had enterprise enough to employ a lighter.

The want of good harbors for these Southern towns is a great obstacle to their progress; but a greater is the want of what the people call "live men." The most energetic man on the whole coast is, as I mentioned before, Gen. BANNING, of Wilmington.

SILK-GROWING.

One vigorous and interesting experiment, however, is being made here by Messrs. PACKARD & GOUX in silk-worms. They have 4,000 thrifty mulberry trees and 6,000 more are planted near the town from their nurseries. The produce this season is about 300,000 cocoons of excellent quality. Everything promises success to this important experiment.

With all the social drawbacks no part of California offers more material inducements to the farmer and horticulturist than does this Southern section. Good land can be bought cheap anywhere from $5 to $50 an acre, according to location, and everything almost that man wants can be produced upon it—every fruit or product of the semi-tropical and temperate zones. The climate is healthy; there is regular connection by daily stage in seventy-two hours with San Francisco, and a tri-monthly steamer in forty-eight hours. The Southern Pacific Railroad will eventually pass here. The country only needs more Yankees to be the best part of the State,

In regard to the great question of temperance in this State, it seems to me unwise for the moral community to throw itself into a struggle with such an important horticultural interest as vine-growing. California is as certain to be a vast vine-growing and wine-making State as France. All the conditions of its soil and climate point to this as one of the most natural and profitable branches of production of the State. No moral opposition could sensibly affect it. Furthermore, the drunkenness of the State (which especially in the mining towns and in the south, is lamentable,) does not come from wine-drinking. It is the result of heavy drinking of brandy and whisky. Now, assuming the universality of this appetite for alcoholic stimulus, and admitting (as most are ready to do) that a light wine is healthful and promotive of digestion, would it not be the part of a wise legislator, and even a moralist, to endeavor to check the heavy drinking by introducing or encouraging the taste for light beverages. Would not temperance in a wine country, such as California, be best promoted by inducing the vine-growers to make a light, pure wine, and by discouraging the use of brandy and whisky? To expect total abstinence in a country where wine is 35 cents a gallon, seems almost as absurd as to inculcate it at Bordeaux or in Johannisberg. The increased use of brandy can at once be checked by Congress continuing the Internal Revenue Tax. And instead of petitioning Congress for its removal, all public-spirited Californians should unite to request its continuance. A pure light wine can be made if the public demand it. Any effects on the people, from such a course as is proposed, must naturally be distant, but it is the coming generation that alone can be influenced by true temperance. Wine will never take the place of whisky with old topers. But, on the broad scale, we may reasonably believe that the use of light wines in California will in future years promote self-restraint in drinking, as it has done in Hungary, Germany and France, as compared with Sweden, Scotland and England, where these wines cannot easily be obtained. Thus far, as I have before remarked, California gives us no data for conclusions. The course of all reformers and friends of the public good here on this question must be shaped by experience elsewhere. That points, it seems to me, in but one direction. C. L. B.

THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Official Statements as to Its Affairs.

The pending contest for the management of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company gives interest to the following official testimony respecting the affairs of that corporation. This evidence was taken before a Committee of the Legislature of this State in the months of February and March last, the Committee having been appointed in consequence of public reports of mismanagement on the part of the present Board of Directors. The subjoined extracts, which present the leading points, are now for the first time made public. We give them a place in our columns with no intention of taking part in the controversy now going on, but because they embody information concerning the Company, given by its officers, and, therefore, perfectly authentic, which has not hitherto been generally accessible to the public:

TESTIMONY OF ALLAN M'LEAN.

Q.—You are President of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—How long have you been President? A.—Since October, 1860.

Q.—What is the capital stock of that Company today? A.—Twenty millions. In the Fall of 1866 it was increased from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 in October, and then in November the Board took action, making the additional increase to take effect on the 2d of January.

Q.—What was done with that increase of the capital stock? A.—It was increased from $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, and $5,000,000 was sold.

Q.—To whom? A.—It was sold to Leonard W. Jerome and his friends.

Q.—At par? A.—It was sold at 200.

Q.—The decrease in the dividend was owing to the falling off in the receipts of the Company? A.—No; because three per cent. on $20,000,000 was more than five per cent. on $10,000,000; therefore, in the aggregate, we divided more. In 1866 we paid five per cent. on $10,000,000—that was $500,000; then in November, when the next dividend was declared, we declared five per cent, on $15,000,000, making $750,000; then when we came to deal with $20,000,000 we paid three per cent., which was $600,000, or $150,000 less than the dividend on the previous quarter.

Q.—About what are the assets of the Company today? A.—I think they are worth at least $27,000,000.

Q.—At least that? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—In what do they principally consist? A.—About five and a half millions in cash and securities; two millions in loans; I separate them for the information of the Committee; that makes over $7,000,000; then there are $500,000 in debts due on old steamers; but until they come in as cash we do not enter them as cash, so we call them bills receivable; the Company has 97,000 tons of coal, upon which has been paid about $1,600,000, so that that coal is the same as so much cash; then there is about $500,000 more in supplies for the steamers, which are paid for on the spot; then we have 26,000 odd shares of our own stock, and I suppose that will count up $10,000,000; we enter that stock as an investment, and we treat it as an investment; the stock that we took back from Mr. Jerome is also to be counted, making altogether about $14,000,000; we have about $1,200,000 or $1,300,000 in real estate; that real estate is mostly in San Francisco, in the most valuable part of the city; we have built large wharves and bonded warehouses there, and the property is increasing enormously in value; I put our real estate at about $1,200,000; we have also a great deal of very valuable estate in Panama, where the Panama Railroad will eventually go, which is also very valuable; I try to keep my estimate within the cost of the property, therefore I put it at $1,200,000, though it is worth a great deal more; then the steamers will make up the balance, and I have estimated them at a very reasonable figure; it would be very easy to make our assets foot up $30,000,000; I am of the opinion that they are worth that much, entirely independent of the business in which they are engaged.

Q.—You think the stock is worth 150? A. Yes, sir: we think it is worth more; I think it is worth more; I have been connected with the Company since 1859, and have been familiar with its business for the last seven years, and I think the stock is worth to-day more than 150; as the executive officer of the Company I would not sell it for 150.

Q.—What relations does this corporation bear to Wells, Fargo & Co.? A.—Wells, Fargo & Co. are their freight agents.

Q.—What expenses are incurred in connection with that Company by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company? A.—The Pacific Mail Company pays them a commission, five per cent., on the net receipts for freighting.

Q.—Who is President of Wells, Fargo & Co.? A.—Lewis McLane.

Q.—Is he connected with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company? A.—He is a Director and stockholder.

Q.—Do you know of any case where three thousand shares of stock were divided among the Directors of your Company? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—If it had been done would you be apt to know it? A.—There is some foundation for that story, and if the Committee wish—if they want to hear it: The Company had some restricted stock. There is the free stock, which is sold in the market, and restricted stock—which was bought by Brown Brothers & Co., and *the note on which was reserved in trust*, and some three years ago they sold that stock to the Pacific Company, *keeping it restricted*.

Q.—What are we to understand by that? A.—That was done to retain the vote on that stock. * * *That with the stock which the Browns held gave us a majority of the Board.* When the capital was increased that majority was retained, so that the control is kept in the present direction, being a large majority.

TESTIMONY OF C. K. GARRISON.

Q.—Are you a Director in the Pacific Mail Steamship Company? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—What is your opinion as to the management of this corporation? A.—The management of the corporation is virtually in the hands of one concern; it is virtually in the hands of Brown Brothers & Co.

Q.—Do they manage it for their own private interests? A.—That is a matter which it is impossible for me to say; *they have the power of making the Board of Directors and electing such persons as they please.*

Q.—Are they able to do that by having a majority of the stock? A.—That, perhaps, is a matter which requires a little explanation. There was a combination formed for the purpose of controlling this stock some years since. Jerome had a block of it, *and the Company agreed to loan him a very considerable sum of money upon condition that he would place an irrevocable proxy with Brown Brothers.* Others went into it, and it put a majority of the stock into the hands of Brown Brothers with an irrevocable power of attorney, from the date of this agreement to December, 1868. When that came in, the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company was running a line on this side; that had been under a contract for five years, and the contract expired. Then the question was whether we should put on an opposition or merge in the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we concluded, after a good deal of discussion, to merge the two lines in one, and participate as a partner, taking 20 per cent. interest, and the stock was increased on condition that it should be put in the same pool and remain there with this other stock during this given period. It was under this absolute power given to Brown Brothers & Co. that they virtually controlled the concern.

Q.—Why do Brown Brothers desire to have control of this Company? A.—Suppose you owned an iron establishment, with a large amount of money, would you not like to have control of this Company, to furnish the engines for it? They would do that to give the building of the engines to the Novelty Works. This is one of those things that is left entirely to their control.

Q.—Were you one of the Directors who voted for a five per cent. dividend? A.—Yes; I voted for it all the way because it had been promised. I knew that it had been represented by gentlemen who should not have represented it, that there would be a five per cent. dividend.

Q.—Do you know the names of the Directors who gave such an assurance? A.—I had a promise from Mr. Skiddy up to the last hour of the afternoon previous to the day when we declared a dividend, that he should not vote for less than a four per cent. dividend.

Q.—Did he vote for it? A.—No, Sir; he made a motion the next morning for a three per cent. dividend.

TESTIMONY OF HOWARD POTTER.

Q.—Are you connected in any way with the Pacific Mail Steamship Company? A.—I am a Director.

Q.—You are also connected with the firm of Brown Brothers? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—In what capacity? A.—As partner.

Q.—What amount of stock does your firm of Brown Brothers represent—what amount do they control? A.—Somewhere about 20,000 shares. I should say that Brown Brothers had no interest in the Company whatever, but individuals of the firm and relatives have. As Trustees they hold other stock. The total of the stock we represent is between fifty and sixty thousand shares of Pacific Mail, and that includes the interest of the Atlantic Company.

THE ELECTIONS.

The Vote for Supervisors.

The following is the vote for Supervisor in this City and County:

Wards.	Isaac J. Oliver	John Brice	Smith Ely, Jr.	William V. Alexander	Patrick J. McAleer	William Joyce	Isaac Rosenberg
1	198	1,347	673	122	231	1,422	302
2	74	153	108	80	48	162	47
3	137	314	287	141	111	161	755
4	230	1,501	1,332	245	960	1,516	206
5	555	1,108	1,012	659	508	1,194	413
6	158	1,846	1,429	168	761	1,864	894
7	627	3,261	1,587	964	1,207	2,830	544
8	1,078	2,070	1,685	964	614	2,013	1,659
9	2,647	1,960	2,314	2,764	881	2,086	1,007
10	731	1,737	1,759	807	690	1,846	686
11	1,084	3,095	3,103	1,092	1,057	3,247	1,745
12	1,430	1,287	1,907	1,450	522	1,348	1,175
13	855	1,143	2,061	888	1,617	179	1,206
14	285	1,661	1,835	451	651	2,102	604
15	1,468	1,117	1,008	1,336	246	1,158	529
16	2,004	1,847	2,030	2,121	459	1,750	1,243
17	1,643	3,307	5,283	1,928	2,402	3,910	1,676
18	1,634	2,589	2,994	1,762	1,132	2,743	1,333
19	1,804	2,218	2,571	1,813	771	2,189	1,535
20	2,308	3,379	3,193	2,113	2,089	2,341	1,181
21	1,964	3,296	1,453	1,971	550	2,547	631
22	2,049	1,973	3,033	1,982	1,069	2,582	1,516
Total	26,961	42,159	42,701	25,699	18,485	43,183	19,496

The Charter Election.

The Tammany branch of the Democracy held their primary elections last evening for delegates to the City, Aldermanic and School Officers Conventions. The City Convention will be held this evening at Masonic Hall. It is probable that Mr. HOFFMAN will be renominated for Mayor.

Some doubt seems to exist as to whether or not the law extending the term of the members of the Board of Councilmen until January, 1869, is valid. The clause making this extension was inserted in the Tax Levy, and no reference being made to it in the title of the bill, it is held by some of our authorities to be invalid. It rests with the Police Commissioners (not with the Clerk of the Common Council, as has been stated,) to order an election for Councilmen if they consider the law invalid.

The other officers to be elected are, a Mayor, eight Aldermen in Second, Fourth, Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth and Sixteenth Aldermanic Districts; six School Commissioners and Trustees in the several wards; also, Councilmen to succeed CORNELIUS FLYNN, just elected Coroner, and ANTHONY HARTMANN, member-elect of the Assembly.

The Election in Wisconsin.

A special dispatch from Madison, Wis., 6th inst., to the Chicago *Tribune*, says:

"Pretty full returns have been received from all parts of the State, which show small Democratic gains, except in the southwestern part of the State, on the vote of 1865, when FAIRCHILD had about 9,000 majority; but the Republican majority in the State will probably be between 6,000 and 7,000, and cannot fall below 5,000. The Democrats never made such desperate efforts, and they have brought out every voter whom they could rally and persuade. Very few voters, in spite of all their appeals, have changed from the Republican to the Democratic side. The Legislature will be strongly Republican, though we lose two or three Senators, including one to fill a vacancy by a Republican resignation. The Senate will probably be twenty Republican to thirteen Democratic, and we shall have ten to twenty majority in the Assembly."

Registered Voters in South Carolina.

The following is the official statement of the number of registered voters in the several districts of South Carolina:

Districts.	Whites.	Blacks.
Abbeville	1,722	3,352
Anderson	1,801	1,398
Barnwell	1,902	3,695
Beaufort	227	6,278
Berkeley	983	8,264
Charleston	3,452	5,111
Chester	1,222	2,198
Chesterfield	1,071	817
Clarendon	754	1,552
Colleton	1,370	3,870
Darlington	1,572	2,910
Edgefield	2,507	4,367
Fairfield	942	2,434
Georgetown	432	2,726
Greenville	2,077	1,485
Horry	1,065	466
Kershaw	859	1,765
Lancaster	988	881
Laurens	1,628	2,372
Lexington	1,480	975
Marion	1,887	1,737
Marlborough	961	1,207
Newberry	1,181	2,251
Orangeburg	1,645	3,371
Pickens	2,075	853
Richland	1,235	2,812
Spartanburg	2,698	1,462
Sumter	1,190	3,285
Williamsburg	809	1,725
Union	1,426	1,893
York	2,006	2,078
Total	45,751	79,585

Arrest on a Charge of Forgery in Nashville.

From the Nashville Press & Times, Nov. 5.

JOHN M. KILLS, formerly a mail contractor under Postmaster LINDSLEY, and during the war connected with the Quartermaster's Department here, was arrested yesterday, charged with having committed heavy forgeries against the United States Government. The forgeries alleged were perpetrated just at the close of the war, and after KILLS had been discharged from the army. They embrace heavy vouchers for all sorts of stores, forage, horses, &c., and with the spurious signature of Gen. SCHELL, of the Quartermaster's Department, attached. Many of these vouchers found their way to Washington lately, and, of course, excited the astonishment of the Departments. The matter was placed in the hands of skillful detectives in the employ of the Government, and these officers have been busy working up the case. Three months were expended in tracing out the vouchers, and at last the detectives considered themselves in possession of sufficient data to warrant their proceeding to action. Yesterday Officer FARHAM, of Washington, arrived in the city and made known his errand to United States Marshal GLASCOCK, of Nashville, who, at the former's request, at once arrested Mr. KILLS. That gentleman was taken before R. McP. SMITH and bound over in the sum of $5,000. Detective FARHAM desired the accused to be placed under much heavier bonds, but the five thousand was found to be the extent of the law. Mr. KILLS promptly secured bail and was set at liberty. He will be required to answer the charge of forgery before the United States District Court at its next session. Detective FARHAM, after the arrest of KILLS, telegraphed at once to Chicago to cause the arrest of a well-known banker named R. M. WHIPPLE, who is accused of being implicated. From the information now in the hands of the Government officials, there can be but little doubt that the forgeries in this case are more than $100,000. Other arrests will be promptly made of men supposed by the Government to be implicated in this matter. It is said that suspicion rests upon a number of wealthy and influential business men in different parts of the country.

A Long-concealed Murder Divulged.

From the Charleston (S. C.) News, Nov. 6.

The older portion of the community remember the mysterious murder of LYONS, a watchmaker, who kept a store on East Bay, near the Custom-house. This murder occurred over twenty years ago, and various surmises were entertained and several persons arrested at different times on suspicion. The store was broken open and completely gutted, while LYONS was murdered in a most barbarous manner. A jeweler named FLASH was suspected of having committed the crime, and though the evidence appeared strong, he succeeded in clearly establishing his innocence. The evidence was only circumstantial, and several persons who had been intimate with LYONS were suspected, some of them having carried the stigma to the day of their death. Reliable intelligence recently received from Germany states that a German named PAPPE, formerly a clerk in a drug-store in this city, was executed in Hungary for murder. On the scaffold, he confessed that, among other crimes, he had murdered LYONS in order to rob his store. The news will be extremely gratifying to the old residents of the city, and especially to those who have been so long suspected of this crime.

If You Want a Good

LIGHT AND STYLISH HAT, go to VAIL'S, No. 141 Fulton-st.
—*Advertisement.*

Imperial Eugenie in Her Boudoir, with doors of ivory inlaid with gold, has yet to learn how tame are all her floral essences, compared with the Extract of the "NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS." When she inhales its fragrance all her Paris perfumes will be cast aside. PHALON & SON, New-York.

Sold by all druggists.

"A Slight Cold," Coughs.—Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "SLIGHT COLD" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give sure and almost immediate relief. "*The Troches*" have proved their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.

The Hair, Scalp and Face.

Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York, (founder of the Dermatological science in this country,) successfully treats all cutaneous diseases of the head, loss of hair and premature grayness.

The Doctor also cures moles, wens, warts, moth, freckles, tan, comedones, (black worms,) unnatural red noses, and all pimply eruptions and scorbutic affections on the face, neck or other parts of the body.

No charge for consultation, personally or by letter. Send for circular.

Universal Exposition, Paris, 1867.

STEINWAY & SONS TRIUMPHANT, having been awarded THE FIRST GRAND GOLD MEDAL for American Grand, Square and Upright Pianos by the unanimous verdict of the International Jury. This medal is distinctly classified *first* in order of merit *over* all other American exhibitors, and *over* more than four hundred pianos entered for competition by nearly all the most celebrated manufacturers of Europe.

Warerooms, Nos. 109 and 111 East 14th-st., New-York.

Human Hair.—Many years in chemical experiments have resulted in the perfection of CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR, an unrivaled hair dressing, imparting new life and increased nutriment to the hair; preventing baldness and arresting its progress when commenced; regulating and sustaining the principle upon which the color of the hair depends, thereby positively restoring gray hair to its original color and youthful beauty, and stopping its falling out at once. Sold by all druggists, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.

S. A. CHEVALIER, M. D., New-York.

One might search through a whole drug-store without finding such a reliable remedy as Hoff's Malt Extract Beverage of Health. It shows its wonderful healing power especially in cases of secretions on the lungs and chest, consumption, coughs and bronchitis. Besides being a pleasant drink, it is an excellent tonic, especially for ladies. "I recommend it to my colleagues and to the public at large," writes a well-known physician, Dr. Med. Schaeffer, of Alleghany, Penn., to HOFF'S Malt Extract Depot, No. 542 Broadway.

For sale at the Depot and by Druggists and Grocers.

Dr. S. A. Chevalier's Beautifier and Preserver, a vegetable and botanical cream for improving the complexion and skin. Prepared only and solely by the world-renowned chemist, SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D., No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York. Sold by all druggists.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 44 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Dr. I. W. Lyon's Tooth Tablets,

FOR CLEANSING and PRESERVING THE TEETH. Sold by all druggists. Price, 50c. Office, No. 11 Dey-st. [*Advertisement.*]

On the Topmost Wave of Popularity,

Without a competitor, and defying competition, bound to flourish as long as THE GOOD SHIP TRUTH spreads her sails, or nature produces fiery tinted hair, or time sheds its whiter spray on human heads. CRISTADORO'S HAIR-DYE wins golden opinions from all sorts of people, and can never "go by the board" while it is held desirable to man or woman to be comely. Factory No. 68 Maiden-lane; applied at 6 Astor House.

"Honest Miles O'Reilly."—A Letter from Gen. Halpine says:

To the Supervisors of Gettysburgh Asylum:

Having labored for three years to erect a home for our crippled veterans, and having passed a bill for that purpose in the New-York Legislature, incorporating some 100 of our best citizens as Directors, but under which bill no action has been had from that time to this, and knowing the great and crying necessity of the case, the shame of leaving our disabled veterans to starve or beg, I hereby most cordially indorse your enterprise, and it shall have all the aid of my tongue, pen and influence.

Very truly yours, CHARLES G. HALPINE.

Genin's Hats and Furs.

Hats for Misses, Boys and Infants. Ladies' and Children's Furs of every description. Sleigh Robes, Fur Gloves, Fur Caps and Fur Trimmings, all at reasonable prices. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Exposition Universal, Paris, 1867.

The HOWE MACHINE COMPANY—ELIAS HOWE, JR.—No. 699 Broadway, New-York, awarded, OVER EIGHTY-TWO COMPETITORS, the ONLY CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR and GOLD MEDAL given to American Sewing-machines.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

SEWING-MACHINES.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

Another Grand Triumph.

The FLORENCE was awarded the First Prize for family sewing-machines at the American Institute Fair, 1867, just closed. FLORENCE S. M. CO., No. 505 Broadway.

Mettam's Galvano Electro Metalic Insoles, Belts and Armlets, for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, cold feet and all nervous diseases. Send for circular. LORIN BROOKS & SONS, No. 434 Broadway, Sole Agents.

Albermal Hotel.—Ladies residing at the various hotels wishing beautiful boots and shoes for themselves and families, good articles, moderate prices, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 3 Union-square.

Reform for Ladies.—Madame Jumel's Mammarial Balm and Breast Elevator develops the bust physiologically. No. 907 Broadway, or No. 14 East 20th-st.

Pyle's O. K. Soap—Hard, and not liable to imprudent waste. It recommends itself. Try it. Sold by grocers everywhere. Depot No. 350 Washington-st.

At Everdell's Card Depot, No. 302 Broadway, the most elegant Wedding Notes, Cards, Monograms, &c.

Window-Shades, All Colors and Qualities. Low prices for cash.
TERHUNE & BRETT, No. 1st Fulton-st.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

BABCOCK—LOWREY.—On Wednesday, Nov. 6, by Rev. Howard Crosby, D. D., JARED S. BABCOCK to MARY W. LOWREY.

BOORAEM—WREAKS.—On Thursday, Nov. 7, at Grace Church, Jersey City, by Rev. Dr. Alexander Leonard, J. VAN VORST BOORAEM to ELIZABETH, youngest daughter of the late Henry Wreaks, of Sheffield, England.

CRANE—FLEMING.—On Wednesday, Nov. 6, at Christ Chapel, Elizabeth, N. J., by Rev. Stevens Parker, ALBERT G. CRANE to MARY LISLE, youngest daughter of Gilbert B. Fleming, Esq.

FRY—DUNCAN.—On Thursday, Oct. 31, by Rev. Edward Hitchcock, CHARLES E. FRY, of Washington, D. C., to ANNA E., daughter of the late Francis Duncan, of New-York City.

☞ Washington, D. C., papers please copy.

HASLEHURST—WOOD.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Nov. 7, at the Summerfield M. E. Church, by Rev. James M. Buckley, EDWARD HASLEHURST to LIZZIE, daughter of Jarvis Wood, Esq. No cards.

LOUDON—THOMAS.—At the Third Reformed Presbyterian Church, 23d-st., on Thursday evening, Nov. 7, by Rev. J. R. W. Sloan, ROBERT J. LOUDON to Miss JENNIE, daughter of James Thomas, Esq., all of this City.

OWEN—GRAVES—LATHROP—GRAVES.—On Tuesday evening, Nov. 5, by Rev. Henry W. Beecher, at the residence of the brides' father, Mr. R. R. Graves, Dr. FRED. W. OWEN to LOUISA M. GRAVES; and L. C. LATHROP to FANNIE R. GRAVES, all of Brooklyn.

READ—DAHLGREN.—On Wednesday, Nov. 6, at the residence of Mrs. S. Abbott Lawrence, Newport, R. I., by Rev. Mr. White, MATTHEW P. READ, of this City, to MARTHA M., daughter of the late Bernard Dahlgren, of Philadelphia.

VALENTINE—SPIES.—In Brooklyn, at the house of the bride's mother, on Thursday evening, Nov. 7, by Rev. Dr. M. W. Jacobus, of Allegheny, WILLIAM VALENTINE to MARY H., youngest daughter of the late Francis Spies, Esq., both of Brooklyn.

VAN RENSSELAER—WHITMORE.—In Emmanuel Church, Boston, on Thursday, Nov. 7, by Rev. F. D. Huntington, D. D., PHILIP L. VAN RENSSELAER, of New-York City, to ANNIE L., daughter of C. O. Whitmore, of Boston.

WHITE—HARRIS.—On Thursday, Nov. 7, by Rev. Charles F. Pomeroy, HENRY C. WHITE, Jr., U. S. Navy, to ANNA J., daughter of John R. Harris, Esq., of Brooklyn. No cards.

DIED.

ANDREWS.—On Thursday, Nov. 7, CHARLES TERRY, son of Charles S. and Mary J. Andrews, aged 4 months and 25 days.

The funeral will take place on Sunday at 1:30 P. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 39 West 43d-st. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend.

DAY.—In Hartford, on Saturday morning, Nov. 2, FREDERICK BALLARD DAY, only son of Albert F. and Caroline B. Day, aged 10 years and 6 months.

FOSTER.—On Wednesday, Nov. 6, LEONIE, only daughter of Van Wyck Foster, aged 22 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the Presbyterian Church, corner of South 3d and 5th sts., Brooklyn, E. D., at 11 o'clock A. M. on Saturday, the 9th inst.

MERCER.—In Paris, on Monday, Oct. 14, SINGLETON A. MERCER, of Philadelphia, in the 57th year of his age.

MACODUCK.—Suddenly, at Havana, Cuba, on Thursday, Oct. 31, in the 37th year of his age, JAMES ALONZO, son of Capt. Samuel Macoduck, of ship *Caravan*.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

PATTERSON.—On Friday morning, Nov. 8, JAMES PATTERSON, in the 86th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the residence of his son-in-law, George Ross, No. 250 West 22d-st., on Saturday, Nov. 9, at 1 o'clock.

REED.—On Friday, Nov. 8, after a short illness, WILLIE ALEXANDER, only son of Wm. H. and Mary Elizabeth Reed, aged 2 years, 4 months and 9 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 13 Columbia-st., New-York, on Sunday, Nov. 10, at 1½ o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.

RAFFERTY.—At Paterson, N. J., on Friday morning, Nov. 8, at 6¼ o'clock, ALECIA, eldest daughter of Philip Rafferty, in the 21st year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of her father, No. 93 Marshall-st., Paterson, on Monday morning, Nov. 11, at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited to attend.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, Nov. 6, after a short illness, FRANK HUSTON, only child of Frank and Mary Huston Smith, aged 4 years, 7 months and 23 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 7 South Portland-av., near De Kalb-av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Nov. 9, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further notice.

STAFFORD.—On Friday morning, Nov. 8, of injuries received a year ago, Dr. JAMES ROMEYN STAFFORD, in the 60th year of his age.

Friends of the family and of his brother, Samuel S. Stafford, are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 240 Union-st., near Court-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, the 10th inst., at 2 P. M.

SCHIEFFELIN.—At Homburg, on Wednesday, Oct. 23, suddenly, ELIZABETH R., wife of Philip Schieffelin, and eldest daughter of Richard T. Haines.

VAN DINE.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Nov. 7, MARIAH VAN DINE, aged 76 years.

The relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of J. B. Simonson, Portland-av., near Atlantic, this day, (Saturday,) at 1 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOW READY,
AT 9¼ O'CLOCK THIS MORNING,

THE GREAT NEW FAMILY PAPER,
THE FIRESIDE COMPANION,
THE FIRESIDE COMPANION,
THE FIRESIDE COMPANION,
Contains THREE GREAT STORIES:
THREE GREAT STORIES:
THREE GREAT STORIES:
UNDER THE GASLIGHT,
UNDER THE GASLIGHT,
UNDER THE GASLIGHT,
By AUGUSTIN DALY.
AWAITING THE SIGNAL,
AWAITING THE SIGNAL,
AWAITING THE SIGNAL,
By SCOTT R. SHERWOOD.
UNDER THE HARROW,
UNDER THE HARROW,
UNDER THE HARROW.
By P. HAMILTON MYERS.
CHARMING SKETCHES BY
MARY KYLE DALLAS AND OTHERS.
WILD FOREST ADVENTURES,
AMUSING ANECDOTES, EDITORIALS, &c. &c.

In places where there is no Newsdealer THE FIRESIDE COMPANION can be obtained by subscription Terms $3 a year, in advance.

GEO. MUNRO & CO.,
No. 137 William-st., New-York.

VIGOR OF LIFE.

Beauty of complexion, clear skin, secured to all who use the R. R. RESOLVENT, containing SARSAPARILLIAN. One bottle of this medicine contains more of the active principles of cure than ten bottles of the largest size Sarsaparillian bottles in vogue. A few doses of Resolvent restores the vigor of life to the weak, feeble and impaired constitution. Price $1, at No. 87 Maiden-lane.

WINTER CLOTHING.
WINTER CLOTHING.

The best stock finest goods at the lowest prices.
LARGEST STORE IN THE CITY.
F. B. BALDWIN,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The "Officer's Union" connected with this institution will hold its second annual meeting on MONDAY next, the 11th inst., at 5 o'clock P. M., at Delmonico's, corner of 5th-av. and 14th-st. A general attendance of ex-officers is requested. By order,

S. HASTINGS GRANT, Recording Secretary.

WISTAR'S WILD CHERRY BALSAM

has been used with great success for nearly
HALF A CENTURY,
FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION,
and every affection of the
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST.

It does not dry up the cough, but loosens it, and cleanses the lungs of all impurities.
For sale by all druggists.

LECTURE BY MR. GREELEY.

HORACE GREELEY will speak at the Cooper Institute on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, before the students of the New-York Business College, on *Success in Business*. Admission by ticket, to be had free of charge, at the College Rooms, No. 937 Broadway: also at the Mercantile Library Rooms, Clinton Hall and Liberty-st., and at the *Tribune* Office. No reserved seats.

S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

STEEL SPRINGS.

All kinds of Eliptic and Side Springs made from Swedish Stock by WM. ROWLAND & Co.,
No. 948 Beach-st., Philadelphia.

STEEL.

Spring, Blister, Tire, Toecalking, Sleigh, Plow, Saw, Shovel and Hoe Steel made by
WM. ROWLAND & CO.,
No. 948 Beach-st., Philadelphia.

SAWS.

Mill, Cross-cut and Tenon Saws manufactured by
WILLIAM ROWLAND & CO.,
No. 948 Beach-st., Philadelphia.

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 50 cents per hundred.

FURNITURE AT REDUCED PRICES!
FURNITURE AT REDUCED PRICES!

In order to reduce our stock, which is very large and choice, the entire stock offered at greatly reduced prices until Jan. 1.

MEEKS' Furniture Warerooms, No. 686 Broadway.

PURE GOLD WEDDING RINGS,

For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

DIAMOND FINGER-RINGS.

High priced, medium and low priced, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

SLEEVE-BUTTONS AND STUDS.

New styles, Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, Eight, Ten to Fifty Dollars a set, for sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool per steamer CITY OF ANTWERP, and for the German States via Hamburg per steamer CIMBRIA, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 9th day of November, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:45 A. M.; Stations C, O and D, 8:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 8:10 A. M.; Station G, 8 A. M. JAMES KELLY, P. M.

REJOICE YE SUFFERERS! RISE YE BEDRIDDEN CRIPPLES!—DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT can be now procured. It is warranted a speedy cure for Chronic Rheumatism, Colic, Croups, Cuts, Pains of all kinds, or no pay. Do not suffer when you can instantly be relieved. Price 50 cents. Depot 56 Cortlandt-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists.

A NEW INVENTION.—THE BEST TRUSS and SUPPORTER ever invented, made with ELASTIC only, without any metal springs. Warranted the best ever invented in this country, or in the world. Perfect satisfaction given or the money returned. Call and examine for yourselves at No. 388 Broadway, New-York, up stairs.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—Services are held at this institution every SABBATH AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Short addresses and singing by a choir of more than 200 children. Strangers are invited to attend.

S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

500 MILES
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,
RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA,
ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

are now completed. The Union Pacific Railroad Company have built a longer line of railroad in the last eighteen months than was ever built by any other company in the same time, and they will continue the work with the same energy until it is completed. The Western Division is being pushed rapidly eastward from Sacramento by the Central Pacific Company of California, and it is expected that

THE ENTIRE GRAND LINE

to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870. MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WORK HAS ALREADY BEEN DONE, MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WHOLE LINE IS NOW IN RUNNING ORDER, AND MORE LABORERS ARE NOW EMPLOYED UPON IT THAN EVER BEFORE. More than

FORTY MILLION DOLLARS IN MONEY

have already been expended by the two powerful companies that have undertaken the enterprise, and there is no lack of funds for its most vigorous prosecution. When the United States Government found it necessary to secure the construction of the Union Pacific Railroad, to develop and protect its own interests, it gave the Companies authorized to build it such ample aid as should render its speedy completion beyond a doubt. The available means of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, derived from the Government and its own stockholders, may be briefly summed up as follows:

1.—UNITED STATES BONDS

Having thirty years to run and bearing 6 per cent. currency interest at the rate of $16,000 per mile for 517 miles on the Plains; then at the rate of $48,000 per mile for 150 miles through the Rocky Mountains; then at the rate of $32,000 per mile for the remaining distance, for which the United States takes a second lien as security. The interest on these bonds is paid by the United States Government, which also pays the company one-half the amount of its bills in money for transporting its freight, troops, mails, &c. The remaining half of these bills is placed to the company's credit, and forms a sinking fund which may finally discharge the whole amount of this lien. The claims against the Government since April of the current year amount to four and one-half times this interest.

2.—FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

By its charter the Company is permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to the same amount as the bonds issued by the Government, and *no more, and only as the road progresses*. The Trustees for the bondholders are Hon. E. D. Morgan, United States Senator for New-York, and Hon. Oakes Ames, member of United States House of Representatives, who are responsible for the delivery of these bonds to the Company in strict accordance with the terms of the law.

3.—THE LAND GRANT.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company has a land grant, or *absolute donation* from the Government, of 12,800 acres to the mile on the line of the road, which will not be worth less than $1 50 per acre at the lowest valuation.

4.—THE CAPITAL STOCK.

The authorized capital of the Union Pacific Railroad Company is $100,000,000, of which over $5,000,000 have been paid on the work already done.

THE MEANS SUFFICIENT TO BUILD THE ROAD.

Contracts for the entire work of building 914 miles of first-class railroad west from Omaha, comprising much of the most difficult mountain work, and embracing every expense except surveying, have been made with responsible parties, (who have already finished over 500 miles,) at the average rate of sixty-eight thousand and fifty-eight dollars ($68,058) per mile. This price includes all necessary shops for construction and repairs of cars, depots, stations, and all other incidental buildings, and also locomotives, passenger, baggage and freight cars, and other requisite rolling stock, to an amount that shall not be less than $5,000 per mile. Allowing the cost of the remaining one hundred and eighty-six of the eleven hundred miles assumed to be built by the Pacific Company to be $90,000 per mile,

THE TOTAL COST OF ELEVEN HUNDRED MILES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

914 miles at $68,058	$62,205,012
186 miles at $90,000	16,740,000
Add discounts on bonds, surveys, &c	4,500,000
Amount	$83,445,012

As the United States Bonds are equal to money, and the Company's own First Mortgage Bonds have a ready market, we have as the

AVAILABLE CASH RESOURCES FOR BUILDING ELEVEN HUNDRED MILES:

United States Bonds	$29,328,000
First Mortgage Bonds	29,328,000
Capital stock paid in on the work now done	5,369,750
Land Grant, 14,080,000 acres at $1 50 per acre	21,120,000
Total	$85,145,750

The Company have ample facilities for supplying any deficiency that may arise in means for construction. This may be done wholly or in part by additional subscriptions to capital stock.

Active inquiry has already been made for a portion of these lands, and arrangements are now proposed to offer a part of them for sale. While their whole value will not be available for some years to come, they will remain a very important source of revenue to the Company. The lands of the Illinois Central Railroad Company are selling at from $6 to $12 per acre, and other land-grant Companies in the West are receiving equal prices for similar properties.

FUTURE BUSINESS.

The most skeptical have never expressed a doubt that when the Union Pacific Railroad is finished, the immense business that must flow over it, as the only railroad connecting the two grand divisions of the North American Continent, will be one of the wonders of railway transportation; and as it will have no competitor it can always charge remunerative rates.

EARNINGS FROM WAY BUSINESS.

During the quarter ending July 31, an average of 325 miles of the Union Pacific Railroad was in operation. The Superintendent's report shows the following result.

EARNINGS.

Passengers, Freight, Telegraph and Mails	$723,755 54
Transportation of Contractors' Materials and Men	479,283 41
Total	$1,203,038 95

EXPENSES.

Fuel, Repairs, Offices, Conductors, Trains, &c.	$395,530 92
NET EARNINGS to balance	807,508 03
Total	$1,203,038 95

The net operating expenses on the commercial business for the quarter were $237,966 50. The account for the COMMERCIAL BUSINESS stands as follows:

Earnings for May, June and July	$723,755 54
Expenses for May, June and July	237,966 50
Net Profit	$485,789 04

The amount of Bonds the Company can issue on 325 miles, at $16,000 per mile, is $5,200,000. Interest in gold, three months, at six per cent. on this sum, is $78,000; add 40 per cent premium, to correspond with currency earnings, is $109,200—showing that the net earnings for this quarter were *more than four times the interest* on the First Mortgage Bonds on this length of road.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

whose principal is so amply provided for, and whose interest is so thoroughly secured, must be classed among the *safest* investments. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

and are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, and accrued interest at Six Per Cent. in Currency from July 1.

Many parties are taking advantage of the present high price of Government stocks to exchange for these bonds, which are over FIFTEEN PER CENT. CHEAPER, and, at the current rate of premium on gold, pay

OVER NINE PER CENT. INTEREST.

Subscriptions will be received in New-York at the Company's office, No. 20 Nassau-st., and by
CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, 7 Nassau-st.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall-st.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall-st.,
HENRY CLEWS & CO., Bankers, No. 32 Wall-st.
HEDDEN, WINCHESTER & CO., Bankers, No. 69 Broadway,

and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained on application. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New-York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New-York.
OCT. 28, 1867.

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER-WARE
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
FORD & TUPPER,
No. 609 Broadway, corner Houston-st.

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POLITICAL.

EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT U. S. GRANT CAMPAIGN CLUB.

At a meeting of the above Club, held at No. 293 Broome-st., on Thursday evening, 7th inst., the following officers were duly elected:

BENJAMIN F. SHAFFER	President.
THOMAS C. THORNTON SAMUEL F. SWEEZEY	Vice-Presidents.
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DELEGATES TO CENTRAL CLUB.—David Miller, Wm E. Macdonough, John R. Lawrence, John N. Lanthier, John Lewis.

AT A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICANS of the 16th Ward, held at their headquarters, No. 161 8th-av., corner of 18th-st., Nov. 7, 1867, Mr. Jas. Hunter was called to the Chair and Samuel Reynolds, Secretary *pro tem.*, when the following resolution was offered, that we proceed to ballot for permanent officers of the Grant Club for the ensuing year. The Chair appointed as Tellers, Samuel Reynolds, Andrew Gilmore and James Wallace. On the count of the ballots the following is the result: For President, James Hunter; First Vice-President, Joshua B. Thompson; Second Vice-President, Richard Willis; for Recording Secretary, Edward Albertson; for Corresponding Secretary, James B. Tuthill; for Treasurer, Joseph B. Taylor. They also elected delegates to the Central Committee and Executive Committee and Finance Committee, when the Club adjourned, subject to the call of the chair, with three cheers for Ulysses Grant.

Delegates to the Central Committee.—Hugh Gardner, Joseph B. Taylor, Robert Murray, Andrew H. Gilmore, Samuel Reynolds.

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AT A MEETING OF THE FRIENDS OF Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, held at the Warren House, No. 143 Hudson-st., on Thursday evening, Oct. 3, at 8 o'clock, it was

Resolved, That we form a First Assembly District Grant Campaign Club, and elect as officers for President Thos. Outwater, and for Secretary Edward Byrne.

On motion the election of the remaining officers was laid over until next meeting.

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The polls will be open from 2 to 4 P. M.
SAMUEL B. ISAACS, Secretary.

THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, Nov. 2, 1867.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed at the close of business on SATURDAY, the 9th day of November instant, preparatory to the annual election for Directors of the Company, appointed to be held on the 11th day of December next, and will be reopened on the morning of THURSDAY, the 12th day of December next.

E. D. WORCESTER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 2, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual election for nine Directors of this Company will be held at the Company's office, Nos. 59 and 61 Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 20, 1867, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Nov. 2, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SIX Directors of this Company will be held at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 13, at 12 o'clock.

WM. R. WADSWORTH, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of The Rathbone Petroleum Company, of West Virginia, will be held the second TUESDAY of November, 1867, at 12 o'clock M., at No. 54 William-st., New-York City, Room 22.

GEORGE BRADISH, President.
ROBERT C. EMBREE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL

S. W. BARNARD,

BANKER,

No. 141 Broadway, New-York.

Government and other securities, also gold, bought and sold on favorable terms.

Deposit and business accounts invited. Interest allowed on deposits by arrangement.

Commercial paper and other business securities negotiated.

Collections promptly made at lowest rates, and remitted or credited.

Bankers and correspondents receive prompt attention and favorable terms.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD COMPANY.

$600,000 SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS FOR SALE.

These bonds are part of a series of one million of dollars secured by mortgage on 290 miles of railroad, of which Messrs. Duning Duer and James Robb are Trustees. They have twenty years to run, with 7 per cent. interest coupons, payable semi-annually in New-York. The liens on the railroad having priority amount to $2,889,550, making the total incumbrance $3,889,550, and its estimated value exceeds ten millions of dollars. Since the conclusion of the war extensive improvements have been made, and its condition will compare favorably with that of leading lines of Western railway. The profits of the Company from 1858 to 1862 were large, and, after paying interest on bonded debt, yielded over 15 per cent. to the shareholders. Those of the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1867, were $547,187 76, being more than double of the liability for annual interest, including the issue of the second mortgage bonds, and earned during a most unfavorable season, owing to the failure of Southern crops.

We are prepared to receive bids for the above bonds, in whole or in part, and recommend them to the public as unquestionable security.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.

1868.

BELDING, KEITH & CO.,

AMERICAN BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

No. 30 Lombard-st.,
London, Eng.

BELDING, KEITH & CO.'S Weekly Circular will be enlarged and greatly improved after Jan. 1, 1868, and will contain a large amount of matter of value to Importers, Exporters, Bankers, Exchange Dealers and Manufacturers. No effort will be spared to make this Circular the best issued.

☞ To be had gratis on application as above.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

HAVING THIRTY YEARS TO RUN,

Bearing Six per Cent. interest in lawful money.

Regarded by Savings and other institutions as the most desirable of all the Government Securities.

For sale by JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 33 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK, NEWFOUNDLAND AND LONDON TELEGRAPH,

INTERNATIONAL OCEAN (CUBA LINE) TELEGRAPH.

MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS COMPANY'S STOCK.

FOR SALE AT MARKET RATES.

APPLY TO GEO. C. DUNBAR, NO. 7 WALL-ST. COMMISSION BROKER IN EXPRESS, TELEGRAPH AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Nov. 4, 1867.

DISMAL SWAMP CANAL.—IN ACCORDance with a resolution of Congress, approved July 25, 1866, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to sell the stock owned by the United States in the Dismal Swamp Canal Company, in such manner as to best protect the interests of the United States in said canal, and to insure that the same be kept open as a navigable highway without further expense to the Government:

Notice is hereby given that on MONDAY, the 9th day of December, 1867, at 11 o'clock A. M., eight hundred (800) shares of stock owned by the United States in said Dismal Swamp Canal Company will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Treasury Department, in the City of Washington.

The Dismal Swamp Canal connects the waters of Elizabeth River, in Virginia, with the Pasquotank River, in North Carolina, a distance of about twenty-eight and one-half (28½) miles, and has been constructed at a cost of upward of one million dollars. The whole number of shares in the Canal Company is nineteen hundred and forty-four, (1,944,) having an original par value of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) per share.

Full information in relation to the history and condition of the canal will be afforded upon application at this Department.

Terms of sale: One-tenth part of the purchase money to be deposited at the time of sale, and the balance to be paid upon the delivery of the instruments of conveyance.

HUGH McCULLOCH, Secretary.

TREASURY OF GEORGIA,
MILLEDGEVILLE, Oct. 12, 1867.

THE STATE OF GEORGIA PROPOSES to exchange for her bonds bearing 5 or 6 per cent. interest, due in 1868, 1869 and 1870, 7 per cent. secured by mortgage on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, due in 1886, on the following terms: Bonds due in 1868, subject to a deduction of 1 per cent.; those due in 1869, of 2 per cent.; those due in 1870, of 3 per cent.

The sum total of mortgage bonds after such exchange, will be 3,600,000, being the full amount authorized. Holders desiring to make the exchange, will notify Jno. Jones, State Treasurer, Milledgeville, Ga. By order of the Governor,

JOHN JONES, Treasurer.

RACINE TOWN BONDS;
Milwaukee City Bonds, aid Superior Railroad;
Milwaukee City Bonds, aid Beloit Railroad;
Fond du Lac, Wis., (old bonds;)
La Crosse, Wis., (old bonds;)
Mineral Point, Wis., (old bonds;)
Wanted at market rates.
Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 30, 1867.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank, and for Inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held on TUESDAY, the 12th day of November, at the Banking House, Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway, between the hours of 11 and 12 noon.

C. A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

FOR SALE—THE CONTROLLING INTEREST in a National Bank, situated in a very desirable and beautiful part of this State, not far distant from this City, thoroughly established and having a good line of deposits, (which is increasing yearly,) and of undoubted credit. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Responsible and reliable parties only, and none but principals, can be treated with. For particulars address J. M. E., Box No. 116 *Times* Office, giving real name and address, which will be regarded as confidential.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT there will be an election for Trustees of the Bruen Manufacturing Company at the office of said Company, No. 678 Broadway, City of New-York, on the 15th day of November, 1867. Said Trustees to serve until the next annual election. Polls open from 3 till 4 o'clock P. M.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,

Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of LAIGHT, OPEN DAILY from 10 to 3 o'clock.

Six per cent. interest, free of tax, on $5 to $5,000.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

1st.—For laying crosswalks at the intersection of Seventh-avenue and Broadway, between Forty-third and Forty-fifth streets.

2d.—For paving with stone blocks Fifty-ninth-street from Fifth to Eighth avenues.

3d.—For paving with stone blocks Twelfth-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues.

4th.—For building basin on southwest corner of Lewis and Fourth streets.

5th.—For building basin on the northwest corner of Lewis and Fourth streets.

6th.—For building basin on the southeast corner of Fletcher and Pearl streets.

7th.—For laying crosswalks in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, at Tenth-avenue, Broadway, Eleventh-avenue and Twelfth-avenue.

8th.—For paving with stone blocks Second-avenue, from Houston to Fourteenth streets.

9th.—For flagging Third-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-seventh to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, west side.

10th.—For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging sidewalks in Seventy-fourth-street, from First to Second-avenue.

11th.—For flagging sidewalks in front of numbers four hundred and twenty-eight and four hundred and thirty Tenth-avenue.

12th.—For flagging sidewalks in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from Third to Eighth-avenue.

13th.—For setting curb and gutter stones and flagging sidewalks in Fiftieth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.

14th.—For flagging sidewalks in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from First to Eighth-avenue.

15th.—For building sewer in Fifty-sixth-street, from sewer in Eighth-avenue to and through Eleventh-avenue to sewer in Fifty-ninth-street.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

1st.—Both sides of Forty-fourth-street and the southerly side of Forty-fifth-street, from Seventh-avenue to the extent of half the block west of Seventh-avenue; also the westerly side of Seventh-avenue from Forty-fourth to Forty-fifth streets; also the westerly side of Broadway and the easterly side of Seventh-avenue from Forty-second to Forty-third streets.

2d.—Both sides of Fifty-ninth-street, from Fifth-avenue to a point half way between Eighth and Ninth avenues; also both sides of the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block from Fifty-ninth-street.

3d.—Both sides of Twelfth-street from Fourth the Fifth avenues; also both sides of the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block from Twelfth-street.

4th.—The southerly side of Fourth-street between Lewis-street and Avenue D; also the westerly side of Lewis and the easterly side of Avenue D, from Third to Fourth streets.

5th.—The northerly side of Fourth-street, from Lewis-street to Avenue D; also the westerly side of Lewis, and the easterly side of Avenue D, from Fourth to Fifth streets.

6th.—The southerly side of Fletcher-street, from Pearl-street to a point distant 130 feet easterly therefrom.

7th.—Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from Tenth to Twelfth avenues; also both sides of the intersecting streets and avenues, to the extent of half the block from One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, and both sides of Lawrence-street, from Broadway to One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street.

8th.—Both sides of Second-avenue from Houston-street to a point distant half the block between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets; also both sides of Crystie-street to a point half the block south of Houston-street, and both sides of the intersecting streets to the extent of half the block from Second-avenue.

9th.—The westerly side of Third-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-seventh to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street.

10th.—Both sides of Seventy-fourth-street, from First to Second-avenue, and the westerly side of First-avenue and the easterly side of Second-avenue to the extent of half the block from Seventy-fourth-street.

11th.—Two lots known as Nos. 428 and 430 Tenth-avenue.

12th.—Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues; also three lots on the north side of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, known as Ward Nos. 7, 8 and 9.

13th.—Both sides of Fiftieth-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue.

14th.—Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from First to Second-avenue, and also from Third to Eighth-avenue.

15th.—Both sides of Fifty-sixth-street from Eighth to Eleventh avenues; also both sides of Eleventh-avenue from Fifty-sixth to Fifty-ninth streets; also both sides of Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth streets from Tenth to Eleventh avenues; also the southerly side of Fifty-seventh-street from Eighth to Tenth avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL, } Board of Assessors.
ISAAC O. HUNT,

Office Board of Assessors,
New Court-house, Nov. 5, 1867.

GUERLAIN,

PERFUMER,

Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, (English,) the only occupants of a house situated in East 26th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs., wish to rent to gentlemen without board, first floor consisting of large bedroom and parlor, and a front bedroom on third floor, with every convenience; references exchanged. Address Box No. 3,026, Post-office.

GRAMERCY PARK.—A GOOD ROOM (SECond floor) and excellent board may be had by a gentleman and wife who appreciate a comfortable, quiet home more than style; terms $40 per week; unexceptionable references given and required. Address R., Box No. 4,552 Post-office.

TWO NICE FRONT ROOMS COMMUNICATING, can be made in parlor and bedroom, with gas, bath, &c., to let to two gentlemen, or gentleman and wife; delightfully situated on Lexington-av., Murray Hill, with or without board. Address Box No. 1,700 Post-office.

PLEASANT ROOMS AND BOARD FOR the Winter may be obtained of the advertiser at his country residence; liberal table, library, piano, &c.; terms moderate. Address H. E., Town of Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

BOARD—A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD LET A handsomely furnished front room on second floor, to a gentleman and wife of refined habits, or to two gentlemen; also, a nicely furnished hall bedroom. Inquire at No. 173 West 13th-st. east of 8th-av.

BOARD.—A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD LET a pleasant room, on second floor, to a gentleman and wife of refined habits, or two gentlemen; terms reasonable. Inquire at No. 432 4th-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

A GERMAN LADY, A RESIDENT OF this City for some years, wishes to meet with a private family where her tuition in music, French or German would be considered an equivalent for her board. Address J. G., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

A FINE LARGE FRONT ROOM ON the second floor with pantries, with good board, where all the comforts of a home can be had. Also, a room suitable for two gentlemen. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Call for a few days at No. 185½ Forsyth-st.

BROOKLYN BOARD—NEAR THE WALL-ST. ferry; furnished or unfurnished rooms on second floor, with good board, to gentleman and wife or single gentleman; terms moderate. Apply at No. 38 Joralemon-st.

BOARDING.—LARGE, HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms, with hot and cold water, fire, gas and board for two; $20 and $25 a week, and hall rooms $8, in the first-class house No. 308 East 13th-st., two doors below 2d-av.

BOARDING.—VERY LARGE, HANDSOMELY furnished rooms on the first and second floors, with board, for two, $25 and $30 a week, in the first-class brown-stone house No. 308 East 13th-st., two doors below 2d-av. One hall room, $8.

BOARDING—IN ELIZABETH, N. J., TWO couples and a few single gentlemen can find a pleasant home in a private family; references exchanged. Address ELLIS, Box No. 1,064 New-York Post-office.

A COMFORTABLE ROOM ON SECOND floor, with bath, gas, &c., may be had by a first-class gentleman, at $8 per week. Inquire at No. 33 East 27th-st.

AN UNEXCEPTIONABLE SOUTHERN family have a few elegantly furnished rooms, with or without private table; best of references given and required. Apply at No. 38 East 19th-st.

A PARLOR AND BEDROOM ON THE second floor, and a large front room on the fourth floor to let, with board, at No. 117 East 17th-st., a few doors from Union-square. References exchanged.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OR SINGLE gentlemen can find very pleasant rooms at No. 50 East 11th-st., between 3d and 3d avs.; house and location first-class.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR SINGLE gentlemen, can be accommodated with handsomely furnished rooms at No. 78 1st-place, Brooklyn; the best of references given.

BOARD—THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER year will be paid for a permanent home in the country for two orphan children, ages 10 and 14 years. Address, stating particulars, A. B., Box 170 *Herald* Office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH board, (private table if desired,) elegant second floor, to a family of adults. Address L., Box No. 3,552 Post-office.

TO LET—A PRIVATE FAMILY LOCATED near Hoffman House will let one or two large and pleasant rooms, with or without breakfast; reference required. Address Box No. 3,856 Post-office.

PARTIES SEEKING ROOMS FOR THE Winter will find a pleasant home in a quiet family, second story, front room and hall bedroom, furnished or unfurnished; terms moderate. Call at 332 West 19th-st.

BOARD—THE SECOND FLOOR, ELEGANTLY furnished, with board for a family, in a first-class house. Apply at No. 13 Washington-place, near the New-York Hotel.

WANTED—FOR A LADY, A ROOM WITH board, on the second floor, in the neighborhood of Madison-av. and 28th-st. Direct, with particulars, S. F., Morristown, N. J.

ELEGANT ROOMS—NEWLY FURNISHED, with first-class board or private table, at No. 70 (old No.) East 15th-st. Location desirable; all modern improvements; references.

A FAMILY FROM THE COUNTRY HAVing taken the house No. 53 West 15th-st., would like to let the entire second floor, with board; also, one single room on the third floor.

A SMALL, GENTEEL FAMILY, AT NO. 260 West 11th-st., near 4th-st., will let, with board, a large, pleasant room on second floor, furnished or unfurnished.

NO. 125 WEST 26TH-ST.—TWO LARGE rooms, one single room, well furnished, with first-class board, to responsible and permanent parties; references exchanged.

NO. 140, NEW NO. 240 EAST 12TH-ST., between 2d and 3d avs., handsomely furnished back parlor, with board, for single gentlemen or gentleman and wife; house and neighborhood first class.

NO. 149 WEST 44TH-ST., HANDSOMELY furnished front room on second floor for gentleman and wife; also single room for a gentleman with board; references exchanged.

NO. 149 WEST 44TH-ST.—HANDSOMELY furnished front room for a gentleman and wife; also, single room for a gentleman, with board. References exchanged.

NO. 68 IRVING-PLACE—SECOND FLOOR, front; handsomely furnished; hot and cold water, &c.; en suite or singly. Also, two rooms, fourth floor, front, to adults, with board. House first class.

NO. 13 EAST 17TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH-AV. AND BROADWAY.—Handsomely furnished rooms, in suite or single, in a private family; breakfast and dinner if desired.

NO. 40 WEST 38TH-ST.—MURRAY HILL.—A second floor, handsomely furnished; also, a front parlor and bedroom on the third floor, with board. Private table if desired.

BOARD.—WANTED, IN A PLEASANT LOCAtion, rooms and board for a family without children. Address E. W. S., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

NO. 134 WEST 4TH-ST., NEAR WASHINGTON-SQUARE.—Pleasant rooms to let with board.

NO. 85 HENRY-ST., BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—Rooms with board, convenient to the Wall-st. or Fulton Ferries.

NO. 4 EAST 10TH-ST., ONE DOOR EAST of 5th-av.—Suites of rooms to let, with private table only.

NO. 11 EAST 18TH-ST.—TO LET, WITH board for two persons, a large front room on third floor, southern exposure, in a small family.

NO. 164 5TH-AV.—ROOMS EN SUITE—elegantly furnished; complete in all their arrangements; private table only.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let with board. No. 50 West 24th-st.; references exchanged.

NO. 46 WEST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—Handsomely furnished rooms to let, en suite or singly, with or without board.

NO. 26 EAST 30TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—To let, a handsomely furnished room, on the second floor, in a private house.

NO. 34 WEST 25TH-ST., NEAR MADISON PARK.—Desirable suites of furnished rooms for gentlemen, without board, in a first-class house.

NO. 23 EAST 4TH-ST., ONE BLOCK from Broadway, pleasant rooms, with board; terms reasonable.

NO. 164 5TH-AV.—ROOMS EN SUITE, ELEgantly furnished; complete in all their arrangements. Private table only.

NO. 108 WEST 13TH-ST., NEAR 6TH-AV., nicely furnished rooms on second floor to gentlemen only, without meals, or breakfast if desired.

NO. 194 WEST 14TH-ST.—A SECOND floor, furnished, either en suite or separately, with first-class board.

NO. 33 EAST-24TH-ST.—A VERY DEsirable parlor and bedroom, furnished, to let to gentlemen.

TO LET—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED rooms with board in private family. Price, $8 to $15. No. 64 West 32d-st.

TO LET—A NICELY-FURNISHED ROOM ON third floor, with or without board, in a private family. No. 68 Lexington-av.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—SUITAble for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; with or without board. No. 1,179 Broadway.

A BACK PARLOR, HALL-ROOM CONnecting, and two small rooms to let together, with or without board, at No. 39 West 12th-st.

PLEASANT ROOMS WITH BOARD IN A genteel family, may be obtained at No. 212 West 21st-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEmen, breakfast if required, at No. 8 East 22d-st.; references exchanged.

A STUDENT OF DIVINITY WANTS board in a private family in exchange for tuition. Address L. A. MITCHELL, Gen. Seminary, 20th-st.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, TWO SINGLE ROOMS for gentlemen. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

A COMFORTABLE ROOM ON SECOND floor, with bath, gas, &c., may be had by a first-class gentleman at $8 per week. Inquire at 33 East 27th-st.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM TO LET IN a private family, to one or two single gentlemen, at No. 271 West 12th-st., near 8th-av.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WANT unfurnished rooms and board for about $30; references. Address V. H., Box No. 5,571 Post-office.

FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD STORY front rooms, singly or in suite, to let without board or with private table, at No. 15 University-place.

PARLOR AND BED-ROOM ON SECOND floor; handsomely furnished; on Madison-av. Address H. C., Box No. 763 Post-office.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let with board at No. 50 West 24th-st.; references exchanged.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—AT NO. 13 East 16th-st., for gentlemen only; none but those desiring superior accommodations need apply.

BOARD—BROOKLYN—NO. 74 CLARK-ST., BEtween Hicks and Henry; reference required.

TWO SINGLE ROOMS, FURNISHED, for gentlemen only. No. 373 3d-av., corner 28th-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 157 Chambers-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway, offer for sale, THIRTY-FOUR VALUABLE LOTS, On East 48th and 49th sts., Comprising the whole front on the east side of 1st-av., extending 425 feet on 48th-st. and 419 feet on 49th-st., opposite.

These lots are in the immediate vicinity of the Beekman Hill improvements.

For further particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FIFTH-AV., BETWEEN 43D AND 44TH sts.—For sale—Two spacious four-story houses: One 38x81, lot 125 feet deep, and one 28x70, lot 125 feet deep, with or without stables. These houses, in all respects, are equal to any heretofore built in this City.

For permit and terms apply to
J. H. SHERWOOD, No. 470 5th-av.,
from 8 to 11 A. M., or 2 to 4 P. M.,
Or to WM. H. LEE, No. 314 Broadway.

JOHN S. PIERCE, REAL ESTATE broker and house agent, No. 6 Pine-st., gives special attention to the renting of stores and dwellings and purchasing and selling of real estate. Prompt collection of rents, interest, &c. Investments made and entire charge taken of estates. Money loaned on bond and mortgage. Orders solicited.

FOR SALE—SIX LOTS OF GROUND WITH the improvements, situate on 3d-av., near 76th-st., and 76th-st., near 3d-av., forming an L; improvements consist of five-story buildings, &c., occupied as a cabinet manufactory, with 50-horse power engine, &c. No agents need apply. Inquire of R. MURRAY, No. 46 Pine-st., between 10 and 3 o'clock.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED, ON MURRAY HILL, an elegant brown-stone front house, 25 feet wide, located on 38th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; house furnished in the most costly and complete manner; ready for immediate occupancy. Price $75,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND FURNITURE for sale. The brown-stone English basement house and lot No. 42 West 21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; house in perfect order and elegantly furnished; price $35,000; immediate possession. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone house on 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; house full size; lot 25x103½ feet; leasehold, with rear lot 25x103 feet in fee, on which is a first-class stable and dwelling; possession 1st of May next. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE 5TH-AV., BETWEEN 28th and 34th sts., a four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, completely furnished, for the sum of $75,000; the house is frescoed and painted, and is in complete order. Address J. GRANT, Box No. 163 *Times* Office. Agents need not apply.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE TWO-STORY AND basement brick house in Jersey City; lot 16.8x75 feet; price $4,500; $2,000 can remain on mortgage; excellent location; seven rooms; gas, water, &c.; ten minutes from ferries. Apply on the premises, No. 243 South 4th-st., Jersey City. Possession within ten days.

THORNTON M. RODMAN REAL ESTATE AGENT, No. 803 Broadway, corner 11th-st.—Careful attention given to the renting, selling and purchasing of real estate; rents promptly collected; taxes paid; repairs attended to, and entire charge taken of real estate.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FIRST-class brown-stone English basement house No. 24 East 35th-st., near Madison-av. House 20 feet wide, elegantly decorated and frescoed in oil; immediate possession. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE ON 31ST-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs., a beautiful basement house in fine order; complete and handsomely furnished; immediate possession can be had. For particulars, &c., apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A HOUSE FOR SALE AT A LOW FIGURE—three story and French attic, brown-stone, 21x50x100—possession at once. Apply on the premises, No. 54 West 49th-st., between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house No. 9 Gramercy Park, 26 feet 8 inches in front, in good order; private key to park. For particulars and permits apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A FIRST-CLASS CORNER HOUSE FOR sale or to let, with one adjoining; location beautiful. Inquire on premises, corner of 14th-st. and 2d-av., of JOHN GLASS.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE HOUSE and lot No. 72 5th-av., corner of 13th-st.; lot 60x100; a desirable locality for business purposes. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY brown-stone house, high-stoop, basement and sub-cellar, in splendid order, elegantly decorated; new fine chandeliers and gas fixtures, with all modern improvements; location fronting Carroll Park, Brooklyn; location healthy and unrivaled; convenient to all the ferries; commanding distant view of Prospect Park; must be examined to be appreciated; immediate possession; furnished or unfurnished; price reasonable, and terms very favorable. Apply to W. A. TOWNSEND & ADAMS, No. 434 Broome-st., New-York. The property will be shown by Dr. A. B. Chadwick, corner of Court and President sts.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—DESIRABLE cottage house, with garden, twelve rooms and all improvements. Address R., Box No. 6,163 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, 4TH-PLACE, Brooklyn, three-story modern high-stoop brick house, marble trimmings. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, NO. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 8, 1867.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 10 o'clock A. M. on WEDNESDAY, 13th instant, for supplying for the use of the United States Army SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn as follows, viz.:

1,000 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis or other brands of FLOUR, *suitable for keeping in a warm climate*. The brands and places of manufacture to be stated in the bids. The barrels to be in good shipping order, with round hoops, full head-lined and bungs sealed.

100,000 pounds of clean, dry BROWN SUGAR, in barrels, to be new and of the best in use for the purpose and be full head-lined.

Bids to be made duty paid.]

10,000 pounds of CRUSHED SUGAR. Barrels as above.

5,000 pounds WHITE GRANULATED SUGAR. Barrels as above.

4,000 pounds WHITE COFFEE SUGAR A. Barrels as above.

6,750 pounds first quality THOROUGHLY SMOKED new BACON SIDES.

3,750 pounds first quality sugar-cured SMOKED HAMS, to be bagged and packed in tight tierces.

The stores are required for immediate delivery.

Samples of the flour and sugar must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein.

The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., same as stated in previous advertisements from this office.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

C. L. KILBURN,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. and A. C. G. S.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, NO. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 7, 1867.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received until 12 o'clock M. on MONDAY, Nov. 11, 1867, by
Bvt. Maj. W. M. Quimby, A. C. S., Fort Columbus,
Bvt. Capt. Fredk. Fuger, A. C. S., David's Island,
At their respective stations, for furnishing the troops thereat with fresh beef, from Nov. 15, 1867, to May 31, 1868.

The proposals for Fort Columbus to include Fort Wood and New-York City.

The envelopes inclosing proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Fresh Beef."

The fresh beef is to be of good marketable quality, with equal proportions of fore and hindquarter meat, (necks, shanks and kidney tallow excluded,) and delivered, at the expense of the contractor, in such quantities and at such times as may be required.

No bid will be entertained that is not made by a regular butcher, who must give his name in full, his present place of business and residence.

The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., same as stated in advertisement of June 12, 1867, for Proposals for Furnishing Fresh Beef.

C. L. KILBURN,
Bvt. B. G., A. C. G. S.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE POST COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, DAVID'S ISLAND, NEW-YORK HARBOR, Nov. 8, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS (in duplicate) will be received until 12 o'clock M. on SUNDAY, Nov. 10, 1867, by the undersigned, at David's Island, New-York Harbor, for furnishing the troops thereat with fresh Beef from Nov. 15, 1867, to May 31, 1868.

The envelopes inclosing proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Fresh Beef."

The Beef is to be of a good marketable quality, with equal proportions of fore and hind quarter meat, (necks, shanks and kidney tallow excluded,) and delivered at the expense of the contractor in such quantities and at such times as may be required.

No bid will be entertained that is not made by a regular butcher, who must give his name in full, his present place of business and residence.

The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., same as in previous advertisements.

FREDERICK FUYER,
Brevet Captain U. S. A., A. C. S.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$10,000.—A MANUFACTURING JEWELER, with the above amount already invested in the business, wishes a practical man, or salesman, with equal amount in cash, as partner. The opportunity is a very excellent one, and a fair offer will be made with the right kind of a man. Address R. S., Box No. 130 *Times* Office, for one week.

AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE NEW-York Stock Exchange wishes to form a connection with some person or house of respectability and capital for the transaction of stock and brokerage business; unexceptionable references can be furnished as to character and ability. Address H. O., Box 5,264 Post-office.

E. HOLMES' BURGLAR ALARM-TELEGRAPH.—Patent for California and several other States is for sale. For full particulars, and volumes of testimony in its favor, apply at the Office, No. 201 Broadway.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE THE BUSINESS, a wholesale stock of ready made clothing, well assorted, in one or more lots, at a large reduction from cost, for cash or approved paper; also, a lot of counters tables and shelving. Address Box No. 4,673 Post-office.

A FACTORY, WITH STEAM POWER, TO LET.—A four-story brick building, 27x50, with privilege of three years' lease; in good location; suited to any kind of manufacturing purposes; terms moderate. Address FACTORY, Box No. 154 *Times* Office.

COAL.

COAL DELIVERED BY

PARMELE BROTHERS

IN NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN.

English House Cannel, Liverpool and American Orrell, Lehigh, Locust Mountain and Schuylkill Coals carefully prepared for family and office use.

Orders received at No. 32 Pine-st., New-York.

COKE $3 PER CHALDRON, DELIVERED, best quality, large and clean, no smoke or smell, easily kindled. Send your orders to Manhattan Coke office, 15th-st. and Avenue C.

J. SMITH.

COKE $3 PER CHALDRON, DELIVERED. Orders received at Manhattan Gas Company's office, corner Irving-place and 15th-st., and at Coke office, corner Avenue C and 15th-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

NOW IS THE TIME!

To secure, at reasonable prices, one of those fine building plots at Rutherford Park, N. J. Erie Railway, forty minutes from Chambers-st., eleven trains each way daily. Maps and all information of JACOB SHARPE, No. 24 Pine-st., or at the office of the Mount Rutherford Company, on the premises.

ELEGANT COUNTRY SEATS, FARMS and building sites, on the Hudson River, for sale by A. M. SCRIBA, Real Estate Broker, No. 38 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT on Long Island Sound, six hours from New-York and three hours from Boston, with 90 acres of land; the grounds are well laid out, the buildings are extensive, the water and gas works are complete, the location is healthy, (no chills and fever;) the mansion is large and the principal rooms are frescoed.

This property is adapted for school or other public purposes and is worthy of attention. It will be sold less than its real value and on suitable terms.

Also, a property below Peekskill, near a station, fine buildings, fruit trees, &c. City property would be taken in exchange; also, about thirty lots together, west of and near Central Park. R. AMERMAN, No. 640 5th-av.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—7 miles north of Central Park; the mansion is located in the centre of 15 acres, with large green-house, grapery, gatehouse, carriage-house, large barn, all with elegant surroundings; furniture if desired. Apply to NORMAN PECK, No. 4 Jauncey-court.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

AT TREMONT—ONE HOUR'S RIDE FROM City Hall. For sale or exchange, the residence of J. F. Smith, three minutes' walk from Harlem Railroad depot; three-quarter acre, with Gothic cottage, ten rooms, barn; gas in every room. For full particulars apply at No. 275 Pearl-st., from 1 to 3 o'clock P. M.

COTTAGE FOR SALE—AT ELTINGVILLE, Staten Island; beautifully situated, near church and school; five good bedrooms; price $4,000; lot 75x200 feet; more land if desired. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR six months or more, a pleasant and convenient house, situated in Poughkeepsie, at $60 a month; a good piano, if desired; possession immediately. For particulars inquire for a few days at No. 184 Pearl-st. C. DUBOIS.

ORANGE COUNTY FARM FOR SALE—An excellent farm of 170 acres, at Coldenham, on easy terms; possession immediate. Apply to J. HALLOCK DRAKE, Newburgh, or C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

TO LET.

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—At Bergen Point. Large kitchen, cellar, parlor, three medium-sized bedrooms and open garret; good well and cistern; fine view, and very convenient to boat and cars; only forty minutes from the City; just the thing for a small family; rent very moderate. Address H., Box No. 6,005 Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—THE EXtra-size brown-stone house, No. 23 East 22d-st.; house 34½ feet wide, elegantly furnished, and replete with modern conveniences; will be rented to strictly private family only. For further particulars and permits apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—OPPOSITE EARLE'S HOTEL, THAT favorite resort of merchants, in Canal-st., near Broadway, large newly-finished stores through to Walker-st., with showrooms, lofts and offices fronting on Canal, Elm and Walker sts. Excellently situated for jobbers.

TO LET AT WESTCHESTER—THE COUNtry residence of the late Capt. W. A. Spencer, situated about a mile from Williamsbridge, on the Boston Post road, consisting of a large dwelling house, gardener's lodge and stable; the garden is large and tastefully laid out. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

TO LET—IN ORANGE, N. J., WITHIN FIVE minutes' walk of Brick Church Station, a first-class house, completely furnished; fine outbuildings; possession during November. Apply to BURGESS & GODDARD, No. 78 Murray-st., or on the premises, Harrison-st., to JOHN BURGESS.

AT WOODSIDE, L. I.—ONLY THIRTY minutes from 34th-st. or James-slip ferry. To let very low for the Winter months, (or by the year,) a fine cottage (new) containing 15 rooms.

ROBERT T. MEEKS, No. 81 Cedar-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT NEW-ROCHELLE, a first-class brick house, with stable and four acres of ground; furnace and double sashes throughout; will be let cheap to May next to a good tenant; half a mile from depot. Apply to J. O. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st.

TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, THE BASEment and second floor of the new and substantial brick building Nos. 112 and 114 Wooster-st., 50x100 feet; well lighted; suitable for any manufacturing business. Apply to BRUNER & MOORE, Nos. 75 and 77 King-st.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE ON 35TH-ST., between 5th and 6th avs; a part of the rent will be taken in board if desired. Call at the office of "Peet Valve Co.," No. 33 Beekman-st., from 9 to 11 A. M., from 2 to 4 P. M.

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED house, No. 47 Lafayette-place, to a private family only. Possession immediately. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT CORNWALL LANDING ON THE Hudson, a furnished house until April 1, 1868. For particulars inquire of F. P. Fitts, No. 122 Warren-st.

JACOB COOKS.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET—IN NEW-York, Brooklyn, Mamaroneck, Westchester County; Elizabeth, N. J.; Staten Island, &c. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, extra width, width furniture, situated in East 40th-st., near 5th-av. For particulars and permits, apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE AT FLUSHing, one hour from City; very desirable and very cheap. Apply to TYLER, WRENN & CO., No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.

TO LET—LARGE MARBLE STORE NOS. 87 and 89 Leonard-st., next Broadway; a first-class store; possession given February, 1868. Apply to the owners, J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

TO RENT—FOR THE WINTER—A FULLY furnished house near 5th-av.; $1,000 per month. Address Box No. 122 Post-office.

BASEMENT TO LET—SUITABLE FOR STOrage or a light manufacturing business. Apply at No. 101 8th-av.

STORES TO LET—NO. 48 UNION-SQUARE, ground floor and first floor; also upper part of house.
WM. H. FIELD, No. 80 Cedar-st.

STABLE TO LET.—A FIRST-CLASS PRIvate stable in 26th-st., near 7th-av. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

OFFICE FOR RENT—NO. 117 BROADWAY, Room No. 13, or part of same, furnished.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN THE country, within one hour by rail of City Hall, until May, with privilege of renewing lease. Address, stating rent, size of house, ground, &c., Box No. 5,710 Post-office, New-York City.

WANTED—A COMPLETELY FURNISHED house, in a genteel neighborhood, for a family of adults; location not above 25th-st.; terms about $300 per month. Address, stating particulars, BEN, Box No. 4,706 Post-office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

THE FIRM OF HERBERT & CO., Jersey City, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
WILBUR F. HERBERT.
JOHN T. DAVIS.
R. CHARLTON MITCHELL.

The name of the firm will be signed in liquidation by R. CHARLTON MITCHELL or W. F. HERBERT.
Dated JERSEY CITY, Nov. 4, 1867.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 5, 1867.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.—THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership in the Banking and Brokerage business, at No. 27 Wall-st., under the name and firm of MURRAY & CHENEY.
B. MURRAY, JR.
P. D. CHENEY.

NOTICE.—EDWARD SPERING RETIRES FROM our firm this day. The business will be continued by the remaining partners.
BOWMAN & SPADONE.

DENTISTRY.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY!—DR. WAIT, NO. 261 4th-av., extracts teeth without pain, fills without pain, and inserts teeth without pain; cheapest and best; beautiful gum sets, $10; gold, $40; platina, $30; filling, $1, upward.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A PAPER-MILL FOREMAN IN one of the best book and news mills in this country, a middle-aged man of capacity, energy and integrity, who thoroughly understands the making of such paper, in all its departments, especially on the machine, and who has had experience in the management of help. Only first-class men noticed, and such are invited to communicate full particulars of experience and expectations. Address PAPER, Box No. 1,784 New-York Post-office.

AGENTS WANTED—EITHER MALE OR FEmale, to canvass New-York City or the country in order to obtain subscribers for some exquisite works of art. They are religious in their character, and of the highest excellence in their design and execution, and will find sale among the most refined and cultivated classes of society. None but persons of genteel address and intelligence need apply. Terms very liberal. Address Mrs. J. A. OERTEL, No. 19 Wyckoff-st., Brooklyn, L. I.

AGENTS WANTED!—MALE OR FEMALE, in all parts of the United States, to sell "ABBOTT'S LIVES OF THE PRESIDENTS," one of the best books for agents ever published in this country. The work is finely illustrated, complete in one volume, ready for subscribers, and sells splendidly.

Address B. B. RUSSELL & CO., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—A CLERK IN A TOY-STORE. A young man who understands the business well, and can come well recommended in all respects, may find a good situation by addressing, with reference, MILTON, ZOE & CO., Post-office.

TO LITERARY MEN.—WANTED, ONE capable of furnishing a series of thoughtful and able literary and scientific articles; with such a permanent arrangement would be made, and no other need apply. Address HERAUSGEBER, *Herald* Office.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family; a comfortable home and $8 per month. Apply at No. 1,337 Broadway, near 37th-st.

WANTED—A BOY ABOUT 15 YEARS OLD who can read and write and come well recommended; $5 per week or $10 per month with board, &c. Apply at HORSE BAZAAR, corner 37th-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—COMPOSITORS AT THE OFFICE of the *Journal of Commerce*, No. 78 Beaver-st.; permanent situations at $25 for weekly hands and 52 cents for piece-work.

WANTED—A BOY IN A REAL ESTATE OFfice; $3 per week. Address "WORK," Box No. 321 Post-office.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN AS COACHMAN; must have the best of reference. Apply at No. 76 Madison-av.

WANTED—A SUPERIOR COOK IN A PRIvate family; she must give first-class City reference. No. 233 Madison-av.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON
WILL REOPEN
HIS CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
With Primary Department and Gymnasium,
NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST.,
On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE,

No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies, No. 34 West 32d-st., New-York, will reopen, Sept. 17.

REV. and MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 17 West 38th-st.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE—A COLlegiate School for Young Ladies at Riverdale on the Hudson. Rev. GEORGE D. WILDES, A. M., Rector; Mrs. M. C. KEITH, Principal. Prospectus at Appleton's, No. 443 Broadway, New-York, or address the Principal.

ELEGANT BUSINESS WRITING GUARANTEED.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, remove all stiffness, cramping or trembling, and make elegant business penmen; they also teach book-keeping and arithmetic practically, and qualify pupils for head bookkeepers.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF PUPILS.

The best talent in Europe and America is secured, and no inferior teachers are nor will be engaged in the institution.

The directors will spare neither pains nor expense to retain the reputation which the Conservatory has so justly acquired during the past four years, that of the first MUSIC SCHOOL in America.

TERMS.—Regular classes $10 per quarter for every branch of instruction.

EDWARD MOLLENHAUER,
A. F. LEJEAL, } Musical Directors.
HENRY MOLLENHAUER,
GRISWOLD, Secretary.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
NOS. 161 5TH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY,

Corner 22d-st. Twelfth year. Rooms spacious, light, airy, steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon. Six have just entered college unconditionally—four Columbia, one Harvard, one Yale. Another fine class is preparing. Light gymnastics. A Literary Union gathers teachers and older pupils weekly. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION
PERMANENT LESSONS IN FRENCH.

Prof. TH. DE L'OUEST is now resuming his courses for beginners and advanced scholars.

Ladies from 3 to 5 P. M.
Gentlemen in the evening.
Spelling, reading, grammar, conversation.

Apply at the desk of the Library, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

LECTURE BY MR. GREELEY.

HORACE GREELEY will speak at the Cooper Institute on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, before the students of the New-York Business College, on *Success in Business*. Admission by ticket, to be had free of charge, at the College Rooms, No. 937 Broadway; also at the Mercantile Library Rooms, Clinton Hall and Liberty-st., and at the *Tribune* Office. No reserved seats.

S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

INTERNATIONAL ACADEMY.

English, German and French Boarding and Day School for boys and girls, No. 96 2d-av.

WHITE & LANPHER, Principals.

N. B.—Evening classes for young men, in French, German and book-keeping.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 25 East 21st-st., old No. 32,
will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 19.

WENTWORTH INSTITUTE.
SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
White Plains, Westchester County, N. Y.
MRS. S. A. STELWAGON, Principal.
The Winter Term commences Nov. 21, 1867.

MISS WARREN'S
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
DAY-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN. EVENING CLASSES ALSO.
NO. 38 WEST 9TH-ST.

REV. J. H. TYNG'S SCHOOL
For the careful
INSTRUCTION OF A FEW BOYS,
No. 907 Broadway.

S. A. FARRAND'S COLLEGIATE ACADEMY, No. 695 6th-av., near 40th-st.

Sufficient time is given to explain the difficulties each pupil meets with, and great pains are taken to teach him HOW TO STUDY. THIS IS DONE SO THOROUGHLY THAT HE NEEDS NO HELP AT HOME.

Among the patrons of the school are:

Rev. T. S. Hastings,	Horatio S. Brown,
Rev. Isaac Ferris,	Joel D. Hunter,
Rev. Peter Stryker,	Charles Folsom,
Rev. Howard Osgood,	Gamaliel G. Smith,
Rev. E. H. Chapin,	William M. Vermilye,
Rev. M. Meier Smith,	John J. Donaldson,
Dr. Chas. F. Taylor,	William H. Osborn,
George A. Wicks,	Charles A. Davison,
Charles Scribner,	John P. March,
Chas. H. Ludington,	Edward Smith,
Robert Jaffray,	William P. Williams,
John A. Stewart,	William E. A. Mackintosh

JOHN MACMULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French, English and Primary School, at No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., will be reopened on MONDAY, Sept. 16. A few boarders taken into the family of the Principal at Washington Heights. Families coming late to town may have their sons boarded for a few weeks. Circulars at the bookstore, No. 911 Broadway, and at the school, cor. Broadway and 20th-st.

MR. S. B. MILLS BEGS TO INFORM his friends and the public, that he is ready to receive advanced pupils wishing instruction in the highest style of piano-forte playing. For terms apply at his residence, No. 42 Union-square.

IRVINGTON INSTITUTE, AT IRVINGTON, on the Hudson, 23 miles from New-York, a French, English and Classical Boarding-school for boys; beauty of scenery and pureness of air unsurpassed. The French is strictly the language of the school.

BOYS' SCHOOL.—THE VERMONT EPISCOPAL INSTITUTE—Eighth year. Just enlarged to accommodate eight more pupils. Address, at once, Rev. THEODORE A. HOPKINS, Principal, or Rt. Rev. Bishop HOPKINS, Burlington, Vt.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS' SCHOOL, No. 56 West 11th-st., reopened Sept. 23. The reading class in history and English literature, and the French conversation class will commence Nov. 1. The class for little boys reopened Sept. 23, at 68 West 11th-st.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET will reopen Sept. 16, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply to LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

MRS. PLUMB'S ACADEMY OF PHYSICAL CULTURE, No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st. Sixth season. Classes in Calisthenics, or Light Gymnastics, for Ladies, Misses and Masters.

HOME INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, will reopen Sept. 11, 1867. For circulars address Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., New-York. For full information see circular. Address as above.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French boarding-school for young ladies, College-av., New-Brunswick, N. J. A NATIVE FRENCH TEACHER RESIDES IN THE FAMILY.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF N. Y. UNIVERSITY, on Washington-square.
CLASSICAL, COMMERCIAL, PRIMARY, FRENCH.
Fits for COLLEGE, BUSINESS, WEST POINT.

TOWNSEND'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 260 Bowery.—Private instruction, day and evening, in Book-keeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Correspondence, &c. Ladies department.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. Pupils received at any time. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

MRS. BEAN'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 110 West 42d-st.

KINDERGARTEN SCHOOLS—FOR BOYS 688 6th-av., bet. 39th and 40th sts.; for girls 66 West 36th-st.; reopen Sept. 16. Address E. M. COE.

THE MISSES WATSONS' SCHOOL FOR misses and children, at No. 28 East 28th-st., near Madison-av.

MR. R. P. JENKS' SCHOOL, AT NO. 1,182 Broadway, will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 17.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, White Plains, New-York.
O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR.—A COLLEGE GRADuate and student at the Union Theological Seminary desires to visit a pupil one or two hours a day. Address T. R. STROBRIDGE, No. 9 University-place, care of Room No. 19.

MR. W. M. HOWLAND, A GRADUATE of Harvard, and experienced in teaching, desires to prepare one or two pupils for College; excellent references will be given. Address No. 37 Lafayette-place.

A LADY DESIRES PUPILS FOR THE English branches, at their residences, or young ladies to read history and literature. Address BOOKSTORE, No. 134 6th-av.

LESSONS IN OIL PAINTING, PASTEL and drawing, by a lady artist. Cards and reference to E. Dechaux, No. 694 Broadway.

MRS. THOMAS CAULFIELD OFFERS instruction to advanced pupils. Singing, harp, piano-forte. Applications No. 64 West 39d-st.

WANTED—TEACHING OR COPYING. Address MISS M. H. S., No. 353 West 30th-st.

FURNITURE.

REMOVAL.

WARREN WARD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF COTTAGE FURNITURE,
Have removed to their
NEW WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner Crosby, one block east of Broadway, between the St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels,
Where they are prepared to furnish every variety of
CHAMBER, PARLOR, LIBRARY AND DINING-ROOM FURNITURE,
BEDDING, &c., &c.
UNSURPASSED IN QUALITY AND AT THEIR USUAL REASONABLE PRICES.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
SPRINGMEYER BROS.
LATE J. H. BELTER & CO.
FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BUREAUS,
(one lock controlling four drawers.)
Also, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Oak Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture.
No. 722 Broadway, New-York.
Factory, 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A first-class family; understands meats, poultry, fish and game, and all kinds of soups, pastry, jelly and ice cream, and is a good baker of bread; has good City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 89 Carmine-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman who thoroughly understands her business, to take care of children; is a good plain seamstress; would do chamber work; would go in the country; has City reference. Call for two days at No. 138 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as first-class laundress in a private family, or to perform chamberwork and do fine washing; best City references. Can be seen till engaged at No. 344 East 23d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble young women in the same house; one as first-class waitress; the other as chambermaid and do fine washing; understands fluting; has the very best of City reference for five years from last place. Inquire at No. 14 East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN woman, a situation as housekeeper or nursery governess; is competent to take the entire charge of a large family; no objection to the country; wages not so much an object as a comfortable home. Can be seen at No. 189 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, in the fancy-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, 16 or 17 years old, six or eight months in this country; would like to take care of children, do plain sewing or light chamberwork. Call or direct a note to M. O. C., No. 85 6th-av., near Waverly-place; can be seen there till suited and recommended.

WANTED—FOR A GOOD GERMAN GIRL, A situation as cook, washer and ironer, or for general housework. Apply at Mrs. LOWE'S Institute for German Servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Chrystie, between Bowery and Chrystie-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as seamstress; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; has two and a half years' reference. Call at No. 217 East 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook, washer and ironer; has a boy 9 years old; would like to have him with her; moderate wages; best City reference from her last place. Call at No. 335 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LAUNDRESS, who thoroughly understands her business; can do all kinds of fine washing and ironing; can give good City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 438 East 14th-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as nurse and seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing; is capable of hearing the children's lessons if required; has good City reference. Call at No. 132 West 19th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST REspectable Protestant woman, as seamstress and ladies' maid in a first-class family; can cut and fit dresses; has the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 662 3d-av., in the dry-goods store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress by a young woman of long experience; has had the entire care of infants; understands bringing up by the bottle; best City references. Call or address No. 161 West 24th-st., two flights of stairs, front room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant girl a situation as chambermaid or waitress; no objection to do housework; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 236 West 19th-st., top floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTEStant girl, a situation as cook; will assist in the washing; fifteen months' reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 144 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman, as first-class seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing and dressmaking, cut and fit, operate, &c.; best City testimonials from her last place. At BOOKHAM'S, 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN, a situation as first-rate cook; is an excellent baker of bread and pastry; has no objection to going in the country; can come well recommended. Call at No. 113 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman, with good City reference, a situation as first-class laundress. Can be seen at No. 132 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., Monday.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOman, a situation as child's nurse or as chambermaid and waitress; has good City reference. Apply on second floor, corner 20th-st. and 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman, with good City reference, a situation as first-class laundress. Can be seen at No. 132 West 30th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress or seamstress; best of City references. Call at No. 58 West 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN A situation as cook; will assist in the washing and ironing; best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 327 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as lady's maid; is a good dressmaker and understands hair-dressing; has the best of reference from respectable families in Europe. Call at 10 Madison-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 224 Chrystie-st., between Stanton and Houston sts., near the Bowery, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook by a respectable Protestant woman; understands cooking in all its branches; can give good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 325 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as a first-class chambermaid and plain sewer, and will assist in the washing. The very best of City reference can be given at 45 3d-av., two doors from 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl to do the plain cooking, washing and ironing of a small family; has good City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 310 West 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERmaid or waitress, a situation; is willing and obliging; can do plain sewing; wishes steady home for the Winter. Call at No. 104 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A situation as cook in a small private family; is a good cook and baker; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 104 West 28th-st., second floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid by a Protestant girl in a first-class private family; has eight years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 386 7th-av.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS situations, one as cook, the other as waitress, in a private family; best City references. Call for two days at 3 Milligan-place, between 10th and 11th sts., 6th-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A WIDOW AND her daughter, aged 11 years, the mother to cook, wash and iron, the daughter to be generally useful; reference. Apply at 85 Greenwich-av., top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress; can do plain sewing; good reference. Call at No. 211 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl to assist as cook, washer and ironer; the best City reference. 3 Union-court, University-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED cook, who understands game and soups; has lived in the best families in the City. Call at 158 East 28th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A DECENT, RESPECTABLE colored man, a situation as coachman; has a thorough knowledge of horses, and can give the very best of City and country references. For particulars, call on or address ROBERT THOMPSON, No. 93 William-st., Newark, N. J.; or No. 211 West 15th-st., New-York City, for two days, from 7 to 10 A. M.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WANTS A SITUAtion for his coachman; he is a single man, trustworthy and competent; has a thorough knowledge of the City; leaving on account of his present employer going to Europe. Can be seen at the stable, No. 96 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a respectable young man who thoroughly understands his business and management of horses; has had a long experience in England; the best of City reference given. Address W. G., No. 8 East 36th-st., Mr. Purdy's private stables.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY A single young man; thoroughly understands driving, horses, harness and carriages; understands gardening; is sober, industrious, faithful, careful City driver; 10 years' unexceptionable City reference. Address M., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, A SITUATION in a private family; is willing and obliging; understands his business thoroughly in all its branches; has first-class private family references, both City and country. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN a private family by a single man who is strictly temperate and thoroughly understands his business; has lived 4½ years in his last place; highest recommendations given. Call or address R. P., No. 620 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, A SITUATION for his coachman, an American, who is worthy of a good situation; there is no better man in the City; call and you will be satisfied. Call or address Mr. LOWDEN, No. 79 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable reference, a situation as waiter in a family. Call at No. 64 West 18th-st. for two days. No objection to go into the country.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR gardener; has thorough experience in care of horses and driving; will give the best of City reference as a steady, sober, faithful man and capable of all. Address J. B., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; has good reference, and can be recommended by late employer; is willing to make himself useful. Address J. D., Box No. 202 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN JUST DISENgaged, a situation; is a young man who thoroughly understands his business; is a careful driver; has good reference; will be found obliging and willing. Address M. D., Box No. 212 *Times* Office, or No. 408 East 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a single man; thoroughly understands his business in all branches, and all kinds of farm work and the care of horses; is willing and obliging. The best of reference. Address S. E., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a single man; thoroughly understands his business; the best of reference from his last employer. Address J. K., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Scotchman of long experience and undoubted qualification; the best of City recommendations. Call or address H. S., No. 73 West 18th-st., (private stable.)

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as assistant book-keeper or copyist in either English or German language. Address C. P., No. 57 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a steady man with good reference. Apply at No. 88 Front-st.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL,

NASSAU, N. P., BAHAMAS.

This house is now open for the accommodation of guests, under the management of J. M. STAPLES, late of Stevens House, New-York.

A new steamer will succeed the *Corsica* in January next, landing passengers at the wharf. Persons wishing to spend the Winter months in Nassau can address

TUNNELL & LOINAZ, Proprietors.

SHIPPING.

STEAM BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.—The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company, INMAN LINE, will dispatch one of their steamships between Antwerp and New-York every four weeks.

Sailing from New-York:
CITY OF CORK.....WEDNESDAY, Nov. 20
From Pier No. 45 North River.
Sailing from Antwerp.
CITY OF CORK.....Oct. 26

RATES OF PASSAGE:

FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM ANTWERP.	
First cabin	$100	First cabin	$80
Steerage	40	Steerage	40
Payable in currency.		Payable in gold.	

For further information, apply at the Company's office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL — CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:
CITY OF ANTWERP.....SATURDAY.....Nov. 9
CITY OF NEW-YORK.....SATURDAY.....Nov. 16
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY.....Nov. 23
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....SATURDAY.....Nov. 30
CITY OF PARIS.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 7
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	105	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	115	Steerage to Paris	45

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York. Philadelphia office, No. 411 Chestnut-st.

CUNARD LINE OF EXTRA STEAMERS. BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN. FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY
HECLA.....Nov. 6
TARIFA.....Nov. 13
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin.....$80 Gold.
Steerage.....$25 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 currency.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green. E. CUNARD.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.
THE CHEAPEST LINE.
Steamships ATLANTIC, BALTIC and WESTERN METROPOLIS, FOR SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE AND BREMEN. First cabin, $110; second cabin, $65; steerage, $35, Gold. The regular trips being discontinued during the Winter months, extra departures will be advertised. For freight, expressage, bills of exchange or passage apply to ISAAC TAYLOR, President, 40 Broadway.

THE NATIONAL LINE.
Steamers weekly to Liverpool and Queenstown, leaving Pier No. 47 North River, every SATURDAY
VIRGINIA, PROWSE.....SATURDAY, Nov. 9
HELVETIA, CUTTING.....SATURDAY, Nov. 16
DENMARK, THOMSON.....SATURDAY, Nov. 23
ERIN, HALL.....SATURDAY, Nov. 30
Cabin passage, payable in currency, $100.
Steerage passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $25 in currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 in currency.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway, or No. 73 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALIA, VIA PANAMA.
The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $364 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class, payable in United States gold coin.
Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.
Arrangements are now completed for issuing through bills of lading. Freight payable here.
For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William-st., New-York.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.
Passage to London direct, $110, $75 and $30 currency. Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, Nov. 16.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGS, from New-York, Nov. 30.
CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, Dec. 14.
ATALANTA, Capt. PINKHAM, from New-York, Dec. 28.
The elegant British iron steamship BELLONA will leave Pier No. 3, North River, for London direct, on SATURDAY, Nov. 16, at 12 M.
Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.
For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st. HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.
The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:
MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
CHICAGO, NEBRASKA,
with other first-class steamers building. To sail:
CHICAGO.....WEDNESDAY, Nov. 20
NEBRASKA.....WEDNESDAY, Nov. 27
MANHATTAN.....WEDNESDAY, Dec. 4
From Pier No. 37 East River.
Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $25, currency.
Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT. FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.
Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.
CALEDONIA, MACDONALD, SATURDAY, Nov. 9.
IOWA, HEDDERWICK, SATURDAY, Nov. 16.
BRITANNIA, LAIRD, SATURDAY, Nov. 23.
From Pier No. 6 North River, at noon.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
To Liverpool, Glasgow and Derry, cabins, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $150.
Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $25.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $35.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York. FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents.
To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR: AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
RUSSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Nov. 13.
JAVA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 20.
SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Nov. 27.
CUBA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 4.
PERSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Dec. 11.
CHINA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Dec. 18.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$150
Second Cabin Passage.....80
FROM NEW-YORK TO PARIS
Chief Cabin Passage.....$165
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$125
Second Cabin Passage.....70
Payable in Gold.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
EUROPE.....LEMARIE.....SATURDAY, Nov. 16
PEREIRE.....DUCHESNE.....SATURDAY, Nov. 30
VILLE DE PARIS.....SURMONT.....SATURDAY, Dec. 14
ST. LAURENT.....BOCANDE.....SATURDAY, Dec. 28
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,) TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $160; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $88.
Baggage checked through to Paris.
Medical attendance free of charge.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railways and crossing the channel, besides saving much time, trouble and expense. GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
MEXICAN MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS. POSTPONEMENT OF SAILING DATE.
The first-class iron steamship GEORGIA, JOHN DRAKEN, Commander, having been detained at the request of the Mexican Government to relieve the sufferers at Matamoras, will leave Pier No. 3, North River, on SATURDAY, NOV. 16, AT 3 P. M., for the above ports.
Freight and passage office No. 26 Broadway. E. W. TURNER, Agent.

SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
United States mail steamship MOUNT VERNON will sail for above ports from Pier No. 21 North River, on SATURDAY, Nov. 9, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 44 Beaver-st.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, Nov. 23.
GUIDING STAR, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, Dec. 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, Jan. 23.
These elegant steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.—EVERY THURSDAY—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.'S steamships E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, THURSDAY, Nov. 14. MONEKA, Capt. SHACKFORD, THURSDAY, Nov. 21, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad. For freight or passage apply to WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents, 3 Broadway.

MOBILE, GALVESTON AND LAVACCA.—The steamship RAPIDAN, leaving Pier No. 36 North River on SATURDAY, Nov. 9, at 3 P. M., will receive freight for the above ports, to be reshipped at New-Orleans per Morgan's line of steamers without expense at New-Orleans. For rates of freight apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL, VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.
Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, as follows:
Nov. 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. LAPIDGE.
Nov. 11—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. GRAY, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. PARKER.
Nov. 21—RISING STAR, Capt. CONNER, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. CAVERLY.
100 pounds baggage allowed free to each adult passenger. Medicines and attendance free.
All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Departure of 11th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.
Steamer of Nov. 11 connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, from San Francisco, Dec. 4; at Yokohama with steamers NEW YORK, for Hong Kong, and COSTA RICA, for Nagasaki and Shanghae.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. F. R. BABY, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA. CHANGE OF TIME.
REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE AND FREIGHT.
The fast and elegant steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Capt. JERRY W. SMITH, will be dispatched by the North American Steamship Company on FRIDAY, Nov. 15, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., connecting on the Pacific Coast with the favorite steamer AMERICA, Capt. WAKEMAN.
The accommodations on these steamers are unsurpassed by those of any steamers afloat.
To follow, steamship SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.
For passage or freight apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st., New-York. WM. H. WEBB, President, No. 54 Exchange-place.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will sail on MONDAY, Nov. 11, at 12 o'clock noon.
Freight received from Tuesday, 5th, A. M., until Saturday at 3 P. M.
For rates, &c., inquire at freight office on Company's Pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st. WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M. PRECISELY, FROM PIER No. 4, NORTH RIVER.
COLUMBIA, Capt. D. B. BARTON, Nov. 14.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, Nov. 21.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. RICH. ADAMS, Nov. 28, 1867.
For freight or passage, apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, at noon on
MONDAY, Dec. 2. MONDAY, Dec. 30.
Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....50
Payable in gold.
For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FROM PIER 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st. Steamships ALBEMARLE, SARATOGA, HATTERAS, NIAGARA and VIRGINIA. Leaving every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke, Virginia and Tennessee Air Line and Petersburgh Railroads and their connections.
Bills of lading signed on the pier.
For freight or passage apply on the pier, or to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
EVERY THURSDAY. FREIGHT AT HALF TARIFF RATES.
The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamships GEN. BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, Nov. 14. HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails THURSDAY, Nov. 21.
From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely, giving through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in the interior of Florida and by Florida steamers to all points on the coast.
For freight or passage apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
BLACK STAR INDEPENDENT LINE. Freight at the reduced rates.
Steamship HUNTSVILLE, CROWELL, leaves SATURDAY, Nov. 9.
Steamship MONTGOMERY, LYON, leaves SATURDAY, Nov. 16.
At 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
All goods destined for the interior, shipped by this Line, consigned to the Central Railroad and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, or to Octavus Cohen & Co., Agents in Savannah, will be forwarded to place of destination at a total cost not to exceed that now charged by the combination lines.

REGULAR LINE FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST. Freights by this line always low, FIRST CABIN PASSAGE $15. The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail on SATURDAY, 9th inst., at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 E. R., foot of Wall-st. Agents at Charleston will forward all goods free of commission. ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st. Steamer MATANZAS will sail on the 16th inst.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT—ATLANTIC Coast Mail Steamship Company's new and first-class light-draft side-wheel steamship RAPIDAN, Capt. EATON, will leave Pier No. 36 North River, for the above port on SATURDAY, Nov. 9, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:
MONTEREY, on SATURDAY, Nov. 9.
All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT—THE CROMWELL LINE.—Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., at 3 o'clock P. M. as follows:
GEO. WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, Nov. 9.
GEN. GRANT, SATURDAY, Nov. 16.
For passage or freight, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.
FOR
BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE,
VIA BRISTOL, R. I.
FROM PIER NO. 40 NORTH RIVER.

The magnificent steamers BRISTOL, Capt. BRAYTON, and PROVIDENCE, Capt. SIMMONS, at 4 P. M. daily. Only one hour and thirty minutes by rail from Bristol to Boston. Arriving in Boston in ample time to connect with Northern and Eastern trains.
These steamers are the largest, staunchest and most elegant ever placed upon the American waters. In the number and size of their state-rooms, and extent and splendor of their accommodations, they are unrivaled.
Tickets sold and staterooms secured at the office, on Pier No. 40 North River, near foot of Canal-st. Also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the office of Westcott's Express Company, No. 1 Park-place, Nos. 785 and 945 Broadway; Harlem Railroad Depot, 26th-st. and 4th-av.; Hudson River Railroad Depot, 29th-st. and 9th-av., New-York; No. 259 Washington-st., Brooklyn.
By purchasing tickets at any of these offices, baggage can be checked from residence to destination. H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager. GEO. W. TIERS, Agent.

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH AND RED BANK.
The favorite steamboat META will leave pier foot of Barclay-st., short pier, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, Nov. 2, 11 A. M.	Friday, Nov. 1, 7 A. M.
Tuesday, Nov. 5, 12:30 P. M.	Monday, Nov. 4, 7:30 A. M.
Thursday, Nov. 7, 2 P. M.	Wednesday, Nov. 6, 2 P. M.
Saturday, Nov. 9, 2:30 P. M.	Friday, Nov. 8, 2 P. M.

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The strong and commodious steamboat SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave foot of Chambers-st. Fare reduced to 25 cents.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1 P. M.	Monday, Nov. 4, 8:30 A. M.
Thursday, Nov. 7, 2 P. M.	Wednesday, 6th, 10 A. M.
Saturday, Nov. 9, 2:30 P. M.	Friday, Nov. 8, 12 M.
Monday, Nov. 11, 2 P. M.	Monday, Nov. 11, 7 A. M.
Tuesday, Nov. 12, 2:30 P. M.	Tuesday, Nov. 12, 7:30 A. M.
Thursday, Nov. 14, 9 A. M.	Wednesday, 13th, 7:30 A. M.
Saturday, Nov. 16, 10:30 A. M.	Friday, Nov. 15, 7:30 A. M.
	Monday, Nov. 18, 8:30 A. M.

CHANGE OF HOUR.
The New-Haven Trans. Co.'s steamers will leave pier 28 E.R., daily, on and after Monday, Nov. 4, at 4 P.M., instead of 6 as heretofore. Saturday night at 12, as usual.

LLOYD'S DOCK, (HUNTINGTON,) OYSTER BAY, (EAST NORWICH,) UNION DOCK, (BAYVILLE,) AND NORTHPORT.—On and after WEDNESDAY, Nov. 7, the steamer D. R. MARTIN, Capt. SAML. E. UNDERHILL leaves Pier No. 24 East River (Catharine-st.) at 3½ P. M. and foot of 37th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M. daily, for Lloyd's Dock and Oyster Bay; Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Northport; Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Union Dock (Bayville.)

FOR GLEN COVE—LANDING AT WHITESTONE, Bayles' Dock, Great Neck, Sand's Point, GLEN COVE, Mott's Dock, Glenwood and Roslyn.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 11, the elegant new steamboat ARROWSMITH, CHAS. POST, Master, will leave Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip,) daily, Sundays excepted, at 3 P. M. for above-named places.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with the railroad.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS AND all kinds of slate work, plain and ornamental, manufactured by the PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY. Also roofing slate. The trade supplied. Warehouse No. 40 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 154 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS AND decorated marble mantels, wainscoting, panels, &c. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av., bet. 35th and 36th sts.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

CUCKOO CLOCKS, OUR PATENT AND manufacture, better and cheaper than any imported; fine watches, gold chains, diamond, pearl and other fine jewelry; solid silver and silver-plated ware, wholesale and retail, at A. FRANKFIELD & CO.'S, 209 6th-av., corner 14th-st., 315 6th av., corner 28th-st.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., mail train, for Greenport and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Syosset passenger trains and all way-stations.
3 P. M., express train for Yaphank and Riverhead, SATURDAYS only.
4 P. M., Syosset and Glen Cove passenger train and all way-stations.
5 P. M., Farmingdale and Hempstead passenger train, and for North Islip SATURDAYS only.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point 9:15 A. M.; arrives at Hunter's Point at 4:40 P. M. To take effect Nov. 4, 1867. I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.
On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburgh and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.
Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburgh, Penn." J. B. MONTGOMERY, Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
4 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and all stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
7 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 3:30, 6:30 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 5 P. M. for Paterson; 7 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent. H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, April 29, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
10:30 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
12 M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with train for the West.
3:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:45 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North. This train will run on Sundays.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 8 P. M.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 8 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12:30 A. M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:20 and 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:23 and 6:33 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

LEGAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO., IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 40 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 6, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, duly convened to-day at this office, the following resolutions increasing the guarantee capital stock of this Company, and directing the time and mode of subscribing for and paying in the same, including the closing and opening of the stock transfer-books, were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the guarantee capital stock of this Company be increased one hundred thousand dollars, and that the subscriptions for the same, in shares of fifty dollars each, shall be received at the office of this Company, No. 40 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the eighth day of February next, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and three o'clock P. M., and on each succeeding day between the same hours during six business days thereafter, unless the subscription shall be sooner filled, and the par value of every such share, being fifty dollars, is hereby required to be paid in, in cash, in sums of ten dollars per share at the time of making such subscriptions, and the balance, being forty dollars per share, within ten business days from and after the fifteenth day of February next, and the proprietors of the existing guarantee capital are hereby declared to have the preference in such subscriptions. Resolved, That notice of the intention to increase the capital stock of this Company one hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby directed to be published for a period of three months, in two daily newspapers published in the City of New-York. Resolved, That the stock transfer-books of this Company be, and the same are hereby directed to be closed on and from Wednesday, the fifth day of February next, at noon, until Wednesday, the fourth day of March next, at noon. By order, NICHOLAS DeGROOT, Secretary.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the matter of WILLIAM BRACKETT, Bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts. By order of the Court: Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1867, at 12 o'clock noon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before JOHN FITCH, Esq., one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, and show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt, and that the second and third meetings of creditors of said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, will be had before the said Register at the same time and place, that cause may be shown against the said discharge. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
Dated NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1867. J. E. CARY, Attorney.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—In the matter of JULIUS HEYE, bankrupt, in bankruptcy, before John Fitch.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned having given notice of his appointment as assignee of Julius Heye, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
Dated at New-York, the 24th day of October, A.D. 1867. I. M. ANDRUSS, Assignee, No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—In the matter of JOHN CAMPBELL, Jr., bankrupt, in bankruptcy, before John Fitch: To whom it may concern: The undersigned having given notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN CAMPBELL, in Coxsackie, in the County of Greene and State of New-York, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District. Dated at New-York the 8th day of November, A. D. 1867. I. M. ANDRUSS, Assignee, No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, ACCORDING to law, to all persons having claims against CATHARINE COLYER, late of the County of Richmond, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator of the said deceased, at the office of A. de Groot, at Port Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., on or before the 5th day of May next.—Dated this 19th day of October A. D. 1867. PETER COLYER, Administrator.
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MACHINERY.

TO OWNERS OF STEAM BOILERS.
SMITH'S
PATENT FUSABLE SAFETY VALVE, OR PLUG.
is a protector against the explosion of steam boilers by either low water or high steam, and has been extensively introduced in England with the most satisfactory results. For further information apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 171 Broadway, New-York.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.
Combining the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address J. C. HOADLEY & CO., Lawrence, Mass.

ASTROLOGY.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS Clairvoyant, No. 220 West 26th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.—Tells the name and shows likeness of future husband; brings together those long separated; lucky numbers.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE REVEALED.—Prof. E. KEMBLE, Clairvoyant, tells of luck, business, &c., at No. 106 Bleecker-st. Ladies, 50 cents; gents, $1.

REWARDS.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF METROPOLITAN POLICE, No. 300 MULBERRY-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 28, 1867.
REWARD.—AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of Metropolitan Police, held this day, it was resolved, that a reward of five hundred dollars ($500) will be paid from "The Metropolitan Reward Fund" to any person or persons who shall furnish information that shall lead to the detection, arrest and conviction of any person or persons guilty of felonious homicide, in causing the death of CLEMENT CURTIN, conductor of the Belt Railroad, who died on the 3d of September last, from injuries inflicted by malicious persons, on the 21st of August previous, at about 7 o'clock P. M., near Bellevue Hospital. THOS. C. ACTON, President. S. C. HAWLEY, Chief Clerk.

$5 REWARD.—STOLEN OR STRAYED from No. 41 5th-av., a white DOG, with brown spots. The above reward will be paid to any one returning him as above.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
—
ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK.
FRIDAY NEXT, NOV. 15.
FRIDAY NEXT, NOV. 15.
First night of Gounod's masterwork,
ROMEO E GIULIETTA.
ROMEO E GIULIETTA.
ROMEO E GIULIETTA.
ROMEO E GIULIETTA.
—
REDUCTION OF PRICES.
Reduction of prices of admission to the following rates:
GENERAL ADMISSION,
ONE DOLLAR ONLY.
FAMILY CIRCLE,
FIFTY CENTS ONLY.
Secured Seats, from 50 cents to $1 extra.
Private Boxes, $10.
Box Office now open. All the regular Ticket Offices now open.
Particulars in future advertisement.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MAX MARETZEK.....DIRECTOR.
GERMAN DRAMA.
FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
—
REDUCTION OF PRICES.
—
GENERAL ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR ONLY.
FAMILY CIRCLE, FIFTY CENTS ONLY.
SECURED SEATS, FROM FIFTY CENTS TO ONE DOLLAR EXTRA.
PRIVATE BOXES, TEN DOLLARS.
MONDAY, NOV. 11,
GRAND GALA PERFORMANCE
IN COMMEMORATION OF
SCHILLER'S BIRTHDAY.
TUESDAY, NOV. 12,
THE GLADIATOR OF RAVENNA.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.
IMPORTANT SALE OF ELEGANT FURNITURE,
VALUABLE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS DRAWINGS AND ENGRAVINGS, MARBLE STATUARY BY CELEBRATED ARTISTS,
An extensive and valuable cabinet of rare Coins and Medals, Armour, Sevres and Saxe Porcelain, curious and original real Bronzes, Books and Curiosities, very rare objects D'Art and Vertu, silver and plated ware from Chustafie of Paris, rare plants and birds, &c., &c., being the entire collection of
Mr. LOUIS BORG,
Vice-Counsel of France,
who is about leaving for Europe.
The furniture, draperies and decorations, &c., were all furnished to order, by Messrs. Pottier & Stymers, regardless of cost.
The paintings are already well known as a collection made by Mr. Borg during the last thirty years in this country and Europe.
The medals, coins and tokens are believed to be unequaled as a collection in this country.
The bronzes are of high artistic value. In fact this sale will afford an opportunity for connoisseurs to add works of art to their collections seldom, if ever, offered in this country.
The sale will take place at his residence, No. 24 East 35th-st., near Madison-av., commencing on TUESDAY, Nov. 12, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M., continuing until the entire catalogue is disposed of.
Catalogues can be obtained of the Auctioneers on and after Saturday, Nov. 9.
The house will be open for exhibition on Monday 11th inst., by card only, to be obtained at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 93 Liberty-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
ADMINISTRATORS' SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS,
PART OF THE ESTATE OF EDWARD BANKER, DECEASED.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on MONDAY, Nov. 11, 1867, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the undersigned Administrators:
$2,000 Seven per cent. First Mortgage Bonds of Oswego and Syracuse Railroad Co.
4,000 Six per cent. Mortgage Bonds of New-York and New-Haven Railroad Co.
4,000 Seven per cent. First Mortgage Bonds of Staten Island Railroad Co.
300 Five per cent. New-York City Water Loan.
3,000 Kentucky Six per cent. Bonds.
3,000 Seven per cent. Richmond Co. Bonds.
950 Ohio Six per cent. Canal Stock.
1,000 Brooklyn City Improvement Loan six per cent.
5,000 Six per cent. New-York Central Railroad Bonds.
5,000 Connecticut Six per cent. Bonds.
2,000 New-York Six per cent. Canal Loan Certificates.

16 shares Manhattan Co.	$50 each.
116 shares Staten Island Railroad Co.	50 each.
123 shares New-York and New-Haven RR. Co.	100 each.
35 shares Manhattan Gaslight Co.	50 each.
68 shares Mechanics' National Bank	25 each.
38 shares Fulton National Bank	30 each.
25 shares Bank of America	100 each.
52 shares Merchants' National Bank	50 each.
50 shares Pennsylvania Coal Co.	50 each.
25 shares Howard Fire Ins. Co.	50 each.
2 shares Bowery Fire Ins. Co.	25 each.
10 shares North River Ins. Co.	25 each.
16 shares Screw Dock Co.	
10 shares Hartford and New-Haven RR. Co.	100 each.
40 shares Manhattan Fire Ins. Co.	100 each.
5 shares Bank of State of New-York	100 each.

SALE POSITIVE. By order of
JAMES H. BANKER, HENRY HILTON, } Administrators.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer—Late Salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANO-FORTES, MIRRORS, CARPETS, &C.
By JOHNSTON & THEALL, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at 10½ o'clock, at their Salesroom, No. 63 Liberty-st., a general assortment of household furniture, mirrors, carpets, &c., removed for convenience of sale; also, two elegant sewing-machines in walnut cases, Sloat's Elliptic. Catalogues now ready.

SALE OF METALS, NEW QUARTERMASTER STORES AND LUMBER.
DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 26, 1867.
Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, Nov. 11, at Lincoln Depot, under the direction of Brevet Col. A. P. Blunt, A. Q. M.:
50 HORSES and 50 MULES, more or less;
30 AMBULANCES, worn;
250 ARMY WAGONS, worn;
7 SPRING WAGONS, worn.
Several of these spring wagons are of very superior finish.
The mules offered are a very select lot, well worthy the attention of purchasers.
After which the following metals and Quartermaster stores, entirely new, to wit:
1,150,000 pounds iron,
3,000 pounds copper,
1,000 pounds copper bottoms,
1,000 pounds lead,
500,000 pounds horse-shoes
500,000 pounds mule-shoes,
600 empty bottles,
100,000 pounds steel, assorted
10,000 pounds chains, assorted,
15,000 bolts,
1,000 stove feet,
5,000 broom handles,
500 lamp chimneys,
600 pieces lampwick.
Together with a number of miscellaneous articles, consisting in part of carpenters' and blacksmiths' tools, sash weights, knives, engines, globe valves, fire brick, &c., &c.
Also, the following wagonmakers' lumber:
5,000 feet 1½-inch oak plank,
8,000 feet 2-inch oak plank,
7,000 feet 2½-inch oak plank,
42,000 feet 3-inch oak plank,
10,000 feet 4-inch oak plank,
5,000 feet 5-inch oak plank,
3,000 feet 4-inch hickory plank,
12,000 feet plank, assorted sizes.
Sale to commence at 10 A. M. and continue from day to day until all are sold.
Horses, mules and wagons will be sold singly; other articles in lots.
The metals will be delivered to purchasers at 6th-st. wharf or at railroad depot.
Catalogues of sale can be had on application.
Terms—Cash, in Government funds.
By order of the Quartermaster-General.
J. C. McFERRAN, Deputy Quartermaster-General, Brevet Brigadier-General, U. S. Army.

FERRY LEASES AT AUCTION.
In pursuance of the announcement made this day, the lease of the Thirty-fourth-street Ferry to Hunter's Point, Long Island, for a term of ten years from November 1, 1867, will be sold at the City Hall, on TUESDAY, November 26, 1867, at 12 o'clock M., in the Governor's Room.
Also,
will be sold at the same time and place, the lease of the Ferry as now established from the foot of Roosevelt-street, East River, to South Seventh-street, Brooklyn, Eastern District, for the term of ten years from November 1, 1867.
Also,
the lease of the Ferry as now established from the foot of Ninety-second-street, East River, to the village of Astoria, Long Island, for the term of ten years from November 1, 1867.
The said leases will be sold subject to the condition that the landings of the Ferries, or any part thereof, not the property of the Corporation of the City of New-York, shall be procured at the risk and expense of the purchaser, and that the said corporation shall not be liable at any time for any expense whatever in connection therewith.
The purchaser of these franchises will be required to comply with the covenants on the part of the city contained in the present leases, and provisions of section forty-one of the amended charter of 1857.
NEW-YORK COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, Oct. 26, 1867.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, FOURTH DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, No. 61 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1867.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have distrained upon the distillery and fixtures known as McGee's Distillery, situated at No. 74 Robinson-st., New-York City, for the payment of a tax assessed against JOHN H. McGEE, distiller, et al., as due the United States, and for fraud upon the Internal Revenue Laws, and said property will be sold at public auction on the premises on the 16th day of October, 1867, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.
J. F. BAILEY, Collector Fourth District New-York.
The above sale is adjourned to the 14th day of November, 1867, at the same time and place.
J. F. BAILEY, Collector.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.
BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., AT THEIR salesrooms, Nos. 694 and 696 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.,
TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Nov. 12, at 3 o'clock, and following days at same hour, until all is sold, large sale of American and English books, embracing a great variety of choice standard works in all departments, in rich and substantial bindings, and miscellaneous publications, including superbly illustrated books, richly bound in morocco; embellished juveniles, photograph albums, &c. All new, fresh and perfect stock. Also, fine stationery, &c. The whole to be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Catalogues may be had on application.

SUPREME COURT SALE—IN PARTITION.—JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer, will sell at auction, on
TUESDAY, Nov. 12, 1867,
at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom,
No. 111 Broadway,
under the direction of Alfred W. Lowerre, Esq., Referee, the valuable houses and lots Nos. 269, 271, 273 and 275 East Houston-st., and No. 188 Suffolk-st.
The above property is well located and well worthy the attention of real estate buyers.
Sale positive to the highest bidder.
For maps and further particulars inquire at the office of the Referee, No. 96 Warren-st., or at the office of C. J. & E. De WITT, Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 88 Nassau-st., New-York.

THE HONORABLE HUDSONS BAY CO.'S BUFFALO ROBES.—A sale by catalogue of the foregoing will take place at the Company's warehouse, No. 17 Common-st., Montreal, on TUESDAY, Nov. 19, 1867. Catalogues will be prepared. Sale at 2 o'clock. JOHN LEEMING & CO., Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

SEVENTH REGIMENT (N. G.) BAND CONCERTS.
SEVENTH SEASON.
First Concert SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 23, 1867.
SEASON TICKETS CAN BE OBTAINED OF Wm. A. Pond, music-store, No. 547 Broadway; Peter J. Bogert, hat-store, Nos. 416 and 615 Broadway; J. C. Rushton, druggist, No. 1,117 Broadway, corner 25th-st.; Brower Brothers, stationers, No. 295 Broadway, and O. S. Grafulla, at the Seventh Regiment Armory.

SWIMMING, SWIMMING, SWIMMING.
First grand Aquatic Entertainment in America at the New-York Swimming Academy, 6th-av., corner 30th-st., MONDAY, Nov. 11, 1867. Races to commence at 7½ P. M. Admission $1. Boys half price.

EXERCISE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT.
J. WOOD'S Gymnasium, No. 6 East 28th-st., open Day and Evening. Classes now forming. $20 a year.

"In the hours of our happiness and prosperity let us remember the unfortunate and disabled soldiers who saved us a country and a nationality."—LINCOLN.

GRAND POPULAR MOVEMENT TO ERECT THE
GETTYSBURG ASYLUM
FOR
INVALID SOLDIERS,
UNDER A SPECIAL CHARTER FROM THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Passed March 6, 1867.

AN APPEAL TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.
The object of this Association is to provide, by public exertion, a NATIONAL HOME for our disabled soldiers, to erect an asylum for those who in their patriotism have served their country at the expense of their health and happiness, who in the battle for the nation's life were maimed, and are now incapable of working for their own maintenance. France has her Hotel Des Invalides, where rest the ashes of the great Napoleon; England her Greenwich and Chelsea Hospitals, the former being one of the finest architectural structures ever devoted to charity. Russia, Prussia, and, in fact, nearly all European countries have magnificent retreats for the unfortunate soldiers—Monarchies provide for the alleviation of the suffering caused by war, but free, prosperous Republican America has no place for her crippled and sick soldiers but the county poor-house, or the sidewalks of her crowded cities. These noble patriots left happy homes to save our common country in the hour of her deep distress. We pledged to them our lasting gratitude, and now those who are dependent look to us in their utter need to redeem those pledges—they have performed their part—we enjoy the result of their sacrifices—we must not be recreant to our obligations. Let us each devote but a single dollar to this purpose, and the Gettysburgh Asylum will afford the soldiers a Home and our country will be honored by the noble institution.

THE LAND HAS BEEN PURCHASED by this Association, and Ten Thousand Dollars have already been paid toward the preservation of the battle-ground—about thirty acres (adjoining the site of General Meade's headquarters) have been set apart for the use of the asylum.

LEXINGTON-AVENUE, NEW-YORK, Oct. 28, 1867.
Having labored for three years to erect a home for our Crippled Veterans, and having passed a bill for that purpose in the New-York Legislature incorporating some 100 of our best citizens as Directors—but under which bill no action has been had, from that time to this—and knowing the great and crying necessity of the case, the shame of leaving our disabled veterans to starve or beg, I hereby most cordially indorse your enterprise, and it shall have all the aid of my tongue, pen and influence. Very truly yours, CHAS. G. HALPINE.

Fully sympathizing with your great object, I tender you, gratuitously, the services of my Full Orchestra on the occasion of your Festival at Irving Hall. THEODORE THOMAS.

From the Postmaster-General of the United States.
I recommend to all Postmasters that they shall aid this truly benevolent and patriotic enterprise. A. W. RANDALL.

Being satisfied with the integrity of your enterprise, we cheerfully consent to display your diamonds at our establishment. BROWNE & SPAULDING,
OCT. 25, 1867. Nos. 568 and 570 Broadway.

We hereby certify that we have examined the diamond goods, pearls, emeralds, rubies and other precious stones, as described in the list, and find them all genuine. HENLE BROS., Diamond Importers, No. 26 Maiden-lane, New-York. J. HERMAN, Diamond Setter, No. 394 Broome-st., New-York.

In order to promote public confidence in the highest degree, and for the furtherance of this great object, the Association has decided to place the $300,000 worth of diamonds on public exhibition at the large jewelry establishment of Messrs. Browne & Spaulding, under the Metropolitan Hotel, in the City of New-York. The world-renowned yacht *Henrietta* has also been purchased. The farm of 600 acres is located in Sullivan County, N. Y., and is one of the finest stock farms in the State: has a splendid mansion, and is complete in every particular.
There will be 1,200,000 tickets issued at $1 each, admitting the holders to both of the
GRAND MUSICAL FESTIVALS:
ONE AT
IRVING HALL, NEW-YORK, SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 8, 1868,
AND ONE AT
HORTICULTURAL HALL, PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 22, 1868,
ON WHICH LATTER OCCASION
$641,950 IN VALUABLE PRESENTS
will be distributed among the Ticket-holders, in accordance with the Charter and the following
SCHEDULE OF AWARDS:

No.		
1	1 Grand Cash Award	$100,000
2	1 Splendid Farm, (600 acres)	60,000
3	1 Yacht, the Famous *Henrietta*	50,000
4	1 Diamond Necklace, 48 Brilliants	30,000
5	1 Diamond Brooch and Ear-Rings, (all Large Diamonds)	25,000
6	1 Diamond Brooch and Ear-Rings, (all Large Diamonds)	25,000
7	1 Diamond Brooch and Ear-Rings	15,000
8	1 Diamond Necklace, 28 Brilliants, Star Setting	8,000
9	1 Diamond Necklace, 29 Brilliants	7,000
10	1 Diamond Cross, set in Silver, (Large Diamonds)	7,000
11	1 Diamond Slide, 15 Brilliants	6,000
12	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	5,600
13	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	5,000
14	1 Diamond and Pearl Cameo Bracelet, Brooch and Ear-Rings	5,000
15	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	4,000
16	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet	4,000
17	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	4,000
18	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet	4,000
19	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch and Ear-Rings	4,000
20	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet	4,000
21	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	4,000
22	1 Diamond Single Stone Scarf Pin	4,000
23	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	4,000
24	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet	4,000
25	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	3,500
26	1 Diamond Emerald Cluster Brooch	3,500
27	1 Pearl Necklace	3,500
28	1 Pair Diamond Single Stone Ear-Rings	3,500
29	1 Diamond Cross	3,000
30	1 Diamond Single Stone Stud	3,000
31	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	3,000
32	1 Pair Diamond Single Stone Ear-Rings	3,000
33	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	3,000
34	1 Diamond Single Stone Stud	3,000
35	1 Pair Diamond Single Stone Studs	3,000
36	1 Diamond Brooch, (in Silver)	3,000
37	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	3,000
38	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	3,000
39	1 Diamond Single Stone Stud	3,000
40	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	2,500
41	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	2,500
42	1 Diamond and Emerald Brooch	2,500
43	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	2,500
44	1 Pearl Breast-Pin, Ear-Rings and Head Ornament	2,500
45	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	2,500
46	1 Diamond Cross	2,500
47	1 Diamond and Emerald Ornament	2,500
48	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	2,500
49	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	2,000
50	1 Diamond Cluster Stem Pin	1,500
51	1 Single Stone Diamond Ring	1,500
52	1 Diamond Cross	1,500
53	1 Pair Diamond Cluster Ear-Rings	1,500
54	1 Diamond Single-Stone Ring	1,500
55	1 Diamond Single-Stone Stud	1,500
56	1 Diamond Bracelet	1,500
57	1 Diamond Single-Stone Ring	1,500
58	1 Diamond Cluster Ring	1,500
59	1 Camel's Hair Shawl	1,500
60	1 Choice Emerald Stud	1,500
61	1 Single-Stone Ring	1,500
62	1 Single-Stone Pin	1,500
63	1 Cluster Brooch	1,500
64	1 Diamond Single-Stone Pin	1,500
65	1 Pair Diamond Single-Stone Ear-Rings	800
66	1 Diamond Single-Stone Ring	800
67	1 Diamond and Emerald Cluster Ring	800
68	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet, Ear-Rings and Pin	800
69	1 Camels' Hair Shawl	800
70	1 Diamond and Ruby Three-Stone Ring	800
71	1 Diamond and Emerald Cluster Ring	800
72	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	800
73	1 Pair Diamond Cluster Studs	600
74	1 Gentleman's Gold Watch and Heavy Chain	600
75	1 Diamond Single-Stone Ring, Star Setting	500
76	1 Diamond and Garnet Cluster Ring	500
77	1 Diamond Single-Stone Pin	500
78	1 Emerald Knob	500
79	1 Pair Diamond and Ruby Ear-Rings	500
80	1 Diamond Cluster Ring	400
81	1 Diamond and Emerald Stem Pin	400
82	1 Ladies' Diamond Set Watch	400
83	1 Diamond Single-Stone Ring	350
84	1 Gold Watch	300
85	1 Diamond and Opal Ring	250
86	1 Diamond Single-Stone Stud	150
87	1 Diamond Single-Stone Ring	150
88	1 Diamond Three Stone Ring	150
89	1 Diamond Single Stone Stud	150
90	1 Pearl Scarf Pin	150
91	1 Diamond Cluster Ring	150
92	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	150
93	1 Gentleman's Diamond and Amethyst Ring	150
94	1 Diamond Cluster Pin	100
95	1 Cameo and Pearl Brooch and Ear Rings	100
96	1 Cameo Brooch	100
97	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	100
98	1 Diamond Cluster Ring	100
99	1 Ladies' Gold Watch	100
100	1 Coral Brooch and Ear-Rings	100
101	1 Pair Garnet Sleeve Buttons	100
102	1 Gold and Pearl Scarf Pin	50
103	1 Emerald Scarf Pin	50
104	1 Emerald Scarf Pin	50
105 to 1,104	One thousand Copies of the Splendidly illustrated Presentation Work, entitled the "Tribute Book," at $20 each	20,000
1,105 to 2,104	1,000 Photograph Albums at $5 each	5,000
	Also, 120,000 Cash Presents, $1 each	120,000
	Making in the aggregate 122,104 Presents, valued at	$641,950

HOW TO OBTAIN TICKETS.
Orders may be sent to us in registered letters or post-office orders, in sums from $1 to $25 at our risk. Larger amounts should be sent in drafts or by express, at the following
CLUB RATES.
Five Tickets to one address, $4 50; 10 tickets to one address, $9; 20 tickets to one address, $17 50; 40 tickets to one address, $35; 50 tickets to one address, $43 50; 100 tickets to one address, $85.
Address all orders and communications to
GETTYSBURG ASYLUM ASSOCIATION,
No. 1,126 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia, Penn.
New-York Office, No. 611 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMPANY.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
OPEN FROM SUNRISE TILL 10 P. M.
Two performances in the lecture-room each day, commencing at 2½ and 7½ P. M.
The management beg to announce the inauguration of a brief season of
LEGITIMATE DRAMA,
commencing with Westland Marston's beautiful drama, entitled
THE EARL'S DAUGHTER;
OR,
THE PRIDE OF BIRTH,
produced with new scenery, new costumes, new effects.
To be seen at all hours,
A LIVING GORILLA,
the first ever captured alive.
An extensive collection of
BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL FISH.
GORDON CUMMING, the Lion-Slayer's Collection.
LIVING SKELETON.
A MAMMOTH FAT INFANT,
A GIANTESS, A DWARF, A CIRCASSIAN GIRL,
LIVING SEA LEOPARDS,
THREE ROCKY MOUNTAIN MOOSE,
LIVING SNAKES, MONKEYS, LEARNED SEAL,
HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, &c.
OVER 300,000 CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

BANVARD'S OPERA HOUSE AND MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner of 30th-st.
EVERY EVENING AT 8 O'CLOCK.
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1 O'CLOCK.
THE DEVIL'S AUCTION;
OR, THE
GOLDEN BRANCH.
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
OF
Mlle. GUISEPPINA MORLACCHI,
THE GREATEST
STAR DANSEUSE OF THE WORLD
whose performances are pronounced by the
PRESS AND THE PUBLIC
as the true interpretation of the
POETRY OF MOTION.
THE LARGEST NUMBER OF
PREMIERES DANSEUSES
EVER PRESENTED ON ONE STAGE.
MR. De POL'S
GRAND EUROPEAN BALLET COMPANY,
GRAND EUROPEAN BALLET COMPANY,
AND
Sig. GIOVANI LUPO.
RESERVED SEATS FOR
SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE,
AT BOX-OFFICE OF THE THEATRE,
AT CHICKERING'S, No. 652 Broadway,
MACOY'S, No. 114 Broadway.

STEINWAY HALL.
SEASON OF 1867-68.
SERIES OF GRAND ORATORIOS.
Mr. L. F. Harrison begs to announce that he has completed arrangements for a series of Six Grand Oratorios, to take place during the season of 1867-68, at Steinway Hall, on the following dates:
THURSDAY, Nov. 28.....THE SEASONS.
THURSDAY, Dec. 12.....SAMSON.
WEDNESDAY, Dec. 25.....THE MESSIAH.
THURSDAY, Jan. 23.....THE CREATION.
THURSDAY, Feb. 20.....JUDAS MACCABÆUS.
THURSDAY, March 19.....ELIJAH.
Mr. Harrison has secured the services of the best Soloists, including the celebrated Prima-Donna,
MME. PAREPA-ROSA,
THEO. THOMAS' FULL ORCHESTRA,
and the grand chorus of the
NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY.
Subscription Tickets for the Six Oratorios, including Reserved Seats, $6.
Can be obtained at all the Music Stores. Ticket office No. 112 Broadway; Irving and Steinway Halls.

THE "PILGRIM,"
Corner Broadway and 13th-st. SIXTH WEEK, and great success of the noblest Religious Entertainment in the world.
COL. BALLING'S LAST AND BEST COMPOSITION,
"THE RIVER OF DEATH,"
is just completed, and is now added to the already magnificent series. Several important additions to the
GRAND TRANSFORMATION FINALE
will be brought out at the same time, making it the most beautiful and impressive spectacle ever presented.
EVERY EVENING, 8 O'CLOCK.
MATINEES, AT 2 P. M., TUESDAY AND SATURDAY.
Admission, 50 cents and $1.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT.....Director
MATINEES AT 2½.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
First week of the accomplished Parisian equestrienne,
MLLE. EMILIE HENRIETTA,
IN HER GREAT STEEPLE-CHASE ACT.
First week of the latest Parisian novelty,
LES NAINS GROTESQUES.
THE GREAT JOHN HENRY,
THE WONDERFUL DENZER BROTHERS,
and the entire strength of the
GREATEST COMBINATION
OF
STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS,
from all parts of the world, ever brought together in this country, in singularly diversified,
NOVEL AND STARTLING FEATS.
Admission, 50c.; children under ten, 25c.; to reserved seats, 75c.; children, 50c. Begins at 8.
ON MONDAY NIGHT, Nov. 11,
THE GREAT RUSSIAN ATHLETE,
JOSEPH PFAU,
JOSEPH PFAU,
the only successful rival of the renowned Leotard, will make his first appearance in America in his
ASTOUNDING FEATS
UPON THE FLYING TRAPEZE.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
No. 125 5th-av., near 20th-st.
Classes formed daily for children and advanced pupils in singing, harmony, piano, harp, violin, and all other instruments, and in playing concerted music; popular elementary, choral and orchestral classes are also forming. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS BALL'S
great marble portrait statue of
EDWIN FORREST,
as Caius Marcius Coriolanus, on exhibition at No. 872 Broadway, commencing Monday, Nov. 11. Doors open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admittance, 25 cents.

LECTURES.

LECTURE BY MR. GREELEY.
HORACE GREELEY will speak at the Cooper Institute on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, before the students of the New-York Business College, on *Success in Business.* Admission by ticket, to be had free of charge, at the College Rooms, No. 937 Broadway; also at the Mercantile Library Rooms, Clinton Hall and Liberty-st., and at the *Tribune* Office. No reserved seats. S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

DANCING.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 82 5TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST.,
NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
LADIES' CLASS—Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2 to 4 P. M.
MISSES' and MASTERS'—Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 to 6 P. M.
GENTLEMEN—Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., New-York,
Morning and afternoon classes for children. Evening classes for gentlemen. For terms send for a circular.

F. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 120 PIERREPONT-ST., BROOKLYN.
Private lessons given. Send or call for a circular.

BROOKLYN DANCING ACADEMY.—C. H. Rivers' new rooms, No. 130 State-st., corner of Court. These elegant rooms are unsurpassed by any in this country. Now open for the reception of pupils and formation of classes. Send for a circular. Inclose 25 cents for a description of the German.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., or sent by mail. Also sold at Druggists, No. 162 Greenwich-st. and No. 317½ Bowery.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED BY DR. KENNEDY, No. 191 Stanton-st., in less time than any other, or no pay. Thousands elsewhere ruined, are by Dr. KENNEDY satisfactorily, perfectly cured. A cure in from 1 to 5 days of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Dr. KENNEDY'S remedies are the only medicines on earth to cure certain diseases. Hasten to DR. KENNEDY, No. 191 Stanton-st. Consultations at all hours.

DR. ALLEN, 119 GREENWICH-AV., near 13th st. Ladies suffering from any cause, insured immediate relief with safety. An experienced lady physician in attendance.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Impediments to Marriage; Nervousness and Physical Incapacity, results of self-abuse. 191 Stanton-st.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL advice in all special complaints would do well to call on Dr. WEST, No. 545 Broadway. Consultations strictly confidential.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

WHEN YOUTHFUL FOLLY INDUCES impotency, Dr. KENNEDY'S Invigorator produces instant restoration of animal functions. 191 Stanton-st.

LADIES' DERANGEMENTS CURED BY the French Compound—like Magic. Sealed, by mail. Consult, or address Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office, 191 Stanton-st.; his Periodical Compound guaranteed effectual.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Compound and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office 191 Stanton-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

MARIE ANTOINETTE—RISTORI.
THEATRE FRANCAIS.
Sole Lessee and Director.....J. GRAU
MME. ADELAIDE RISTORI,
before her departure for Havana per steamship, in which she is to embark on the 21st of November, will give in New-York
THREE REPRESENTATIONS OF
MARIE ANTOINETTE,
On MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 18; TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 19, and MATINEE WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Nov. 20.
Sale of seats commences TUESDAY, Nov. 12, at Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway.

FRENCH THEATRE—MATINEE TO-DAY.
THE GRAND DUCHESS MATINEE AT ONE.
Admission, $1.

FRENCH THEATRE.
H. L. BATEMAN.....Lessee and Director
SPLENDID AND CONTINUED TRIUMPH
OF BOTH THE
OPERATIC AND DRAMATIC COMPANIES.
THE HOUSE THRONGED EVERY NIGHT
with the most fashionable audiences.
The Gems of the Opera Encored Nightly.
MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11,
and every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, with its powerful cast, gorgeous costumes, fine chorus and complete orchestra,
THE GRAND DUCHESS OF GEROLSTEIN.
GRAND DUCHESS MATINEE
THIS SATURDAY AT ONE O'CLOCK.
PARISIAN DRAMATIC COMPANY.
THIS SATURDAY EVENING,
the latest production of A. Dumas, Jr., now the great dramatic sensation in Paris, for the first time in America,
"LES IDEES DE MME. AUBRAY."
Tickets at the Theatre; G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; and at Macoy's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.
Admission, $1; reserved seats, $1 50; private boxes, $6 to $10; proscenium boxes, $10 to $15. Begins at 7¾.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MATINEE.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK
Mlle. FANNY JANAUSCHEK.
TO-DAY, AT 1, DEBORAH.
THIS (SATURDAY) AFTERNOON, NOV. 9, at 1,
GRAND JANAUSCHEK MATINEE.
DEBORAH.
TICKETS ONE DOLLAR ONLY,
to all parts of the house—no reserved seats.
Doors open at 12 M.; to commence at 1.
ON MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 11, at 8,
GRAND GALA PERFORMANCE
IN COMMEMORATION OF SCHILLER'S BIRTHDAY,
on which occasion will be given selections from
DIE CARLSSCHUELER,
LOVE AND INTRIGUE,
DON CARLOS, &C.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager.....Mr. LESTER WALLACK
SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 9,
third night of Massenger's fine old play entitled
A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.
MONDAY, Nov. 11, THE HONEYMOON.
TUESDAY, Nov. 12, HENRY DUNBAR.
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 13, for the first time in five years, Mrs. Cowley's standard comedy, in five acts, entitled
THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM,
which will be produced with appropriate scenery, costumes, appointments and a powerful cast, being the third of the series of
STANDARD PLAYS,
now being revived.
Doors open at 7. Performance commences at 8.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager.....WM. WHEATLEY
TWO PERFORMANCES THIS SATURDAY.
MATINEE AT ONE.
EVENING QUARTER TO EIGHT.
Second year of the world-renowned
BLACK CROOK,
AND JARRETT & PALMER'S
GREAT PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
NUMBERING OVER SEVENTY DANSEUSES,
selected from the best schools of Europe.
ENTIRELY NEW ATTRACTIONS!
GREAT HIT OF LA GARDE IMPERIALE,
NUMBERING 150 CHILDREN, forming a
REGIMENT OF SOLDIERS,
fully equipped in
SPLENDID NEW UNIFORMS FROM PARIS.
Brilliant reception of the
TWO PREMIERS ASSOLUTA.
GRAND BALLET OF 70, 70, 70, 70,
and the CHILD VIVANDIERE, &c., &c.,
FIRST MALE DANCER OF THE DAY.
Splendid Scenery, Costumes, Armors, &c., &c.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
FIRST NIGHT OF
MISS BLANCHE CHAPMAN.
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE PRESERVED.
SHYLOCK.....Mr. LEFFINGWELL
GRATIANO.....Miss BLANCHE CHAPMAN
ALSO, CINDERELLA.
CLORINDA.....Mr. LEFFINGWELL

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Closed this evening for the rehearsal of a dramatization, by Augustine Daly, Esq., of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's great New-England Romance, to be produced on MONDAY, Nov. 11, entitled NORWOOD, in which the talented Sisters, SOPHIE, IRENE and JENNIE, will appear.
Box book now open.

BARNEY WILLIAMS' BROADWAY THEATRE.

THIS SATURDAY,	TWO PERFORMANCES.
MR. and MRS. FLORENCE IN BOTH.	
MATINEE at 1½.	EVENING, at 7¾.
KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN.	INSHAVOGUE.
	THRICE MARRIED.
Mr. and Mrs. FLORENCE.	Mr. and Mrs.
SONGS and DANCES.	FLORENCE.

MONDAY—THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
Mr. and Mrs. Florence in their original characters.

STEINWAY HALL.
SIXTH SUNDAY CONCERT.
SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 10.
L. F. HARRISON.....Director
With the following artists:
Mrs. JENNY KEMPTON.
Fourth appearance of this highly-successful Contralto.
Mr. OSCAR PFEIFFER,
the celebrated Pianist,
together with
Signor ABELLA.
Mr. THEO. THOMAS,
AND
FULL ORCHESTRA.

DODWORTH HALL.
MATINEE SATURDAY, Nov. 9, at 2 o'clock.
Mr. ARTHUR SKETCHLEY'S last appearance.
MRS. BROWN IN PARIS.
MRS. BROWN AT THE PLAY.
All communications to be addressed Box No. 1,156 Post-office, New-York.

BROOKLYN ATHENEUM,
SECOND GRAND
SUNDAY EVENING CONCERT
By the most celebrated artistes.
Tickets 50 cents. H. DRAPER Director.

ATTENTION.
ATTENTION.
ATTENTION.
C. DUCREUX, No. 93 Elizabeth-st., the patentee and inventor of the new apparatus for detaching instantaneously, running away horses from carriages, will give an exhibition of the said invention with his phaeton, on SATURDAY NEXT, Nov. 9, at the northern entrance of the Central Park, (110th-st.) All interested in this useful invention are respectfully invited. N. B.—For information apply at Adams & Oane's carriage warerooms, No. 684 Broadway.

LECTURE BY MR. GREELEY.
HORACE GREELEY will speak at the Cooper Institute on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, before the students of the New-York Business College, on *Success in Business.* Admission by ticket, to be had free of charge, at the College Rooms, No. 937 Broadway; also at the Mercantile Library Rooms, Clinton Hall and Liberty-st., and at the *Tribune* Office. No reserved seats. S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

EXHIBITION OF PAGE'S VENUSES and other paintings, Studio Building, No. 51 West 10th-st., near 6th-av.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 7 to 10 o'clock. For discription see catalogue.

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COLLECTION OF HIGH CLASS MODERN PAINTINGS.
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The best house in the world for Continental pictures.
All the works procured direct from the easels of the most eminent Artists of the French, Belgian, Dutch and German Schools. Every picture guaranteed.
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MUSICAL.

MASON AND HAMLIN, MANUFACTURERS OF CABINET ORGANS, No. 596 Broadway, New-York, have been awarded a FIRST PRIZE MEDAL at the PARIS EXPOSITION. Fifty styles at $75 to $1,000 each. Second hand instruments of various makers at low prices. ORGANS TO RENT.

THE FINEST AND BEST PIANOS IN New-York City, all new, to rent at No. 46 East 14th-st., Union-square.

KINDT & MANZ
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES.
WAREROOM, NO. 865 BROADWAY.
Between 17th and 18th sts., New-York.

WATERS' PIANO-FORTES — GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT.—Melodeons, parlor, church, gem and cabinet organs, the best manufactured; warranted for six years. Second-hand pianos, melodeons and organs at great bargains, from $25 to $200. Any of the above instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased; monthly installments received. Pianos tuned and repaired. Illustrated catalogues mailed. Manufactory and warerooms No. 481 Broadway, New-York. HORACE WATERS & CO.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FIRST-CLASS new Pianos, for sale and to rent on reasonable terms, at
HAINES BROTHERS'
warerooms, No. 46 East 14th-st., Union-square. Rent allowed if purchased within a year.

$100 TO $600.—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF grand, square and upright piano-fortes to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

MRS. THOMAS CAULFIELD OFFERS instruction to advanced pupils. Singing, harp, piano-forte. Applications No. 64 West 32d-st.

FRANZ SCHLOTTER, PROFESSOR OF Music. Address Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS, Piano Warerooms.

PHILIP PHILLIPS & CO., NO. 37 UNION-square, (Broadway,) New-York. Sunday-school music, American organs and superior pianos.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR DARK-BROWN horse, 8 years old, 16 hands high, very handsome, with great style and action; warranted sound and kind in every particular; price $1,500. Can be seen at No. 117 East 23d-st., (new number.)

CARRIAGES.—GREAT BARGAINS.—I HAVE just received sixty carriages that must be sold cheap for cash; several second-hand top and open buggies and family carriages. CALVIN WITTY'S Carriage Depot, No. 638 Broadway.

WANTED—STABLING FOR TWO HORSES for six weeks or two months in a private stable; must be located between 18th and 30th sts. and 4th and 7th avs. Address R. A., Box No. 1,957 Post-office.

IRON AND METALS.

THOS. J. POPE & BROS.,
PIG IRON, METALS, RAILS, &c.,
No. 292 Pearl, near Beekman-st., New-York.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGIA.

The Election—Popular Opinion Among the Whites.

From Our Own Correspondent.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Saturday, Nov. 2, 1867.

The election is at an end, or nearly so. In a few hours the polls will close; but sufficient is already known to warrant the conviction that the Convention has been carried by a majority of the registered voters. The white voters throughout the State, without distinction of party or class, took no part whatever in the election. In some places only one or two, in others not one voted. There was no disturbance, no commotion of any kind. The negroes voted universally, and wherever there was a choice between Conservatives and Radicals, cast their ballots in favor of the latter.

From the fact that the vast majority of the delegates elected are men of comparative obscurity, it is difficult to form an accurate opinion as to their political complexion and tendencies. They will all frame a Constitution in exact conformity with the law of Congress, adopting negro suffrage, &c.; but whether they will go further and disfranchise and confiscate, is not and cannot be known until the Convention meets. A few men of experience and intelligence who are opposed to Tennessee Radicalism, and in favor of substantial peace, have been chosen, and will exercise, no doubt, considerable influence among their less intelligent colleagues; but they are very few. Dr. MILLER, of Atlanta: Mr. HARRIS, of Newton, (Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Freemasons in Georgia;) Mr. AKERMANN, of Elbert; Judge UNDERWOOD, of Cobb; Mr. SAFFOLD, of Morgan, are among the select few who can be counted on as Conservative; and it is hoped that among the crowd of unknowns there are others who will unite with them in opposing the extreme measures which the ultra Radicals of the Aaron Bradley and Capt. Bryant school advocate so noisily and aggressively. A few negroes have been elected who will vote just as BRADLEY and BRYANT desire, for they are all of the extreme Radical Party, and are taught to look upon the existing state of things in Tennessee as the realization of perfect government, justice and wisdom.

The wonderful unanimity with which the white registered voters refused to participate in the election proves conclusively the deep-rooted opposition of the once dominant race to negro suffrage. It cannot be justly said that this refusal is confined to rebels or rebel sympathizers; nor can it be said that any measures were taken to interfere with anybody who desired to adopt a different course. It seemed to be the spontaneous resolution of the people to have nothing to do with the election. There did not seem to be any consultation or agreement as to concert of action before the day of election. But when the time arrived each individual seemed to have formed the resolution to stay away from the polls, with the vague hope that the whole Convention scheme might be thereby defeated, and if not, that he might have the consolation of knowing that he had no hand in bringing about the long train of evil which all anticipated from the constitutional sanction of negro suffrage. There was no white convention, no white meetings, no apparent attempt to unite the whites or consolidate opposition. Beyond a speech or two from Mr. HILL, and the advice of a portion of the newspaper Press, no effort was made to control public opinion. Any one resident in the State would have reasonably supposed that hundreds of his acquaintances in every community would have voted to "accept the situation" as they have talked for the last six months; that they would have judged it to be the part of wisdom to have done all in their power to control the Convention, as they could not hope to prevent it, and that they would have dreaded to provoke the Radical wrath and additional punishment by further resistance to the will of the majority of Congress. Two months ago, I know that a majority of those who have the right to vote would have exercised the right and believed that it was wise to do so. Many of them would have voted against a Convention, but while they did so, they would have voted for "the best men" as delegates. Many had made up their minds to vote for a convention and for the best men, and but very few expressed the intention to abstain altogether.

The change is entirely attributable to the apparent change of public sentiment at the North, and the new-born hope that the long-expected "revulsion" having begun, will continue and result in the overthrow of all the unconstitutional or extra-constitutional portions of the Congressional scheme of reconstruction, and especially that portion which commands the negroes to be voters. This hope is not confined to those who may be classed as rebels, either by conviction, by force of example, or by compulsion. The most tenacious Union men, who never flinched or faltered during the four years of the war; those who can conscientiously subscribe the Test Oath, as well as those who advocated secession and fought and bled for the Stars and Bars, believe that negro suffrage is ruin and anarchy, and in the conviction that the people of the North are now awake to the danger, hope that they will not allow such a monster calamity to be precipitated upon so large and productive a portion of the Union. Filled with this hope they have thought that the best, most emphatic and most peaceful mode of showing it to the North, and, at the same time, of showing their invincible repugnance to the threatened evil, was to abstain from voting, and make their silence an eloquent protest against what they believed to be unmixed injustice and a potent appeal for relief.

I have met numbers of citizens during the past week, and sought to learn from them the motives of the unanimity of non-action among the whites. Among them were men of cool, dispassionate judgment, uninfluenced by prejudice or passion, only anxious for peace and stable prosperity. In the foregoing lines I have accurately represented their views and hopes. I have not heard a single person say he did not vote from any rebellious or disaffected motives. It is the overwhelming conviction of the people that universal negro suffrage will be the consummation of social, political and financial ruin, and that it is wise to do anything which can delay or obviate such a crushing disaster. It is true, however, that the apprehension is felt by many, that the non-action of the whites may be attributed to contumacy and rebellion, and that the dominant party in Congress and at the North will not only not repeal or modify the military bills, but will adopt harsher and more stringent measures toward the white population of these States. They apprehend the disfranchisement, perhaps, of all those who voted against a Convention and of those who refused to vote, thus making the negroes the ruling population; and, as an inevitable consequence, producing a war of races, and an imposition of taxes equivalent to confiscation of property to pay the expense of the armed force which will be found necessary to prevent the bloodshed which would result from such a conflict. This danger is seen and understood. The only hope is that it will be arrested by the conservatism of the North, which must be opposed to such a terrible state of things, the effect of which would be almost as ruinous to the North as to the South.

The fear is widely entertained that the Convention will adopt an extreme Radical Constitution. When this is presented to the people for ratification or rejection, if the fear prove well founded, it is certain that every white man will vote against it, and use every means in his power to influence others to vote against it or remain from voting. If on the contrary, the Constitution prove to be one "under which a white man can live," the opposition will diminish, and the disposition to make the best of a bad bargain will prevail.

I have endeavored to present a dispassionate view of the existing state of public opinion among those who have tacitly opposed the reconstruction policy of Congress. The reasoning on which this opinion is based may be as fallacious as it may be dangerous; but it is certainly not rebellious, nor has it any affinity with the motives which led to secession and the war. The unanimity of the white race in the course they have pursued shows that it was not confined to a faction or a party.

Experience of the manner in which the negroes exercise the suffrage, does not tend to remove the conviction as to their incapacity. Not one in a thousand who voted had the remotest idea what he was doing, and very few knew the names of the candidates. I saw one who had in some way got a slip upon which eight or nine sets of tickets had been printed, and it was with difficulty he could be induced to permit the severance of the tickets, and that he could be persuaded to deposit but one in the box. I heard of another who voted in the morning, and who returned in the afternoon to vote again. He was recognized by the poll clerk, and, when asked what he meant, he said that he had voted for JACK BELL (negro) in the morning, and he thought "he had done wrong and ought to have voted for Mr. AKERMAN," and wanted to repair his error by a second vote. But with all this, so far as I could see, there was perfect good humor and good feeling. I did not see any disposition to insult or show disrespect to anybody. The negroes seemed very proud of their new privilege, and made haste to exercise it. But there was nothing in their conduct or manner which could properly offend any one. UBIQUE.

Bank Robbery in Illinois—A Safe Carried Off with $150,000.

From the Peoria (Ill.) Democrat, Nov. 5.

For some time past Messrs. PETTIS & INGALLS, of Tremont, Tazewell County, have been doing a banking business, and have become the depositories of the surrounding business men and farmers. They had established themselves in a snug banking-house with a fire-proof vault, and deemed that they were safe from the elements or burglars. Within the vault was a large safe, and within that a steel burglar-proof case weighing 400 or 500 pounds, which it was deemed impossible for any one to break into. On Friday morning last an early riser was passing by the bank and noticed the door standing ajar. The proprietors of the establishment were notified, and on their arrival at the scene of action an examination was made, and it was found that the outside door of the building had been broken open. The door of the vault was cut through, the safe blown to pieces, and the steel case carried away entirely. So far as known, all of this work had been done without alarming any one. It is probable that the burglars arranged their powder in the safe and closed the door of the vault before they ignited it, thus stifling the noise made by the explosion. The safe contained from $100,000 to $150,000 in bonds, notes and cash. The bonds belonged principally to people in moderate circumstances, so Messrs. PETTIS & INGALLS will not be responsible for them. The amount of money in the safe belonging to the owners was not large, as they had fortunately made remittances before the burglary was committed, and the greater portion of the loss was in bonds of various kinds, among which are the following: One Tazewell County bond for $506, No. 9, dated June 4, 1867, and due June 4, 1868, and thirty-three Pekin school bonds for $100 each, of the following numbers: 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 120. Up to yesterday afternoon no clue had been obtained to the perpetrators of the deed, though some arrests had been made on suspicion. The general impression is that the work was done by some one who was not an entire stranger to the premises.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—W. M. Tucker Smith, British Consul, is at the New-York Hotel. Hon. W. Dennison, of Ohio; Hon. E. P. Ross, of Auburn; Gen. John A. Green, Jr., of Syracuse; Gen. J. M. Thayer, of Nebraska; Hon. J. W. Denver, of Washington; Hon. W. M. Judd, of Hartford; Hon. J. E. English, of Ohio, and Hon. W. J. Walker, of Washington, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Bishop Foot, of Elizabeth; Hon. J. W. Henry, of Schenectady, and Hon. Isaac Toll, of Schenectady, are at the Metropolitan Hotel. Gen. Palmer, U. S. A., is at the St. Denis Hotel. Commodore Lowry, U. S. N., and Gen. A. A. Humphreys, U. S. A., are at the Hoffman House. Gov. Parsons, of Alabama; Judge Vredenburgh, of New-Jersey; Gen. H. L. Casie, of Tamaqua; Hon. H. B. Goodyear, of New-Haven, and Hon. S. T. G. Morsell, of Washington, are at the Astor House.

LECTURE BY JOHN B. GOUGH.—A large and brilliant audience assembled at Cooper Institute last evening to listen to a lecture by Mr. JOHN B. GOUGH, upon Temperance. It is needless to say that the entertainment was entirely successful, and the pecuniary gain to the Working Women's Protective Union, for which it was given, unusually great. This institution is doing a noble work among a deserving class of our City population.

THE PROPOSED LINCOLN MEMORIAL CHURCH.—A public meeting in aid of the proposed church and public hall to be erected in London in memory of President LINCOLN, and the triumph of freedom in this country, will be held in the Dutch Reformed Church, corner of Twenty-ninth-street and Fifth-avenue, next Monday evening. Addresses are expected from Rev. Drs. Duryea, Crosby, Cotton Smith, Ray Palmer S. H. Tyng, Jr., J. P. Thompson and others.

RECKLESS DRIVING.—Last evening at 8 o'clock PATRICK ROONEY, driving furiously through Eighth-avenue, at the corner of Twenty-first-street knocked down and ran over Mrs. ELSIE MARTIN, who was crossing the avenue. The lady was picked up severely injured and taken to her residence, No. 319 West Twentieth-street. ROONEY was arrested, and will be arraigned before Justice LEDWITH this morning.

CUSTOMS OFFICER INJURED.—Last evening at 8 o'clock WILLIAM LATTING, an officer of the Custom-house, was on board the steamer *Circassian*, lying at Pier No. 8 North River, and in walking across the deck tripped and fell into the hold. He was very badly injured, and was removed to the City Hospital by Officer HORST, of the Ninth Precinct.

THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB.—A meeting of the Club was to have been held last evening for the purpose of taking action with reference to the recent death of Ex-Gov. Andrew, of Massachusetts; but circumstances made it necessary to postpone the meeting until Monday evening.

RECRUITS.—Orders were lately received at the army headquarters in this city to recruit two thousand men for the Gulf Department, or Fifth Military district. The recruits are now ready, and awaiting the cessation of the yellow fever season before embarking.

FIRE IN CHERRY-STREET.—At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire occurred in the kindling-wood factory of WM. B. MCSHERRY, No. 229 Cherry-street, and was not extinguished until the premises had been damaged to the extent of $300.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

A DROWNED BODY FOUND.—Yesterday afternoon, the body of a drowned man was found in the dock foot of South Eighth-street, E. D. He had dark hair, no whiskers or mustache, was dressed in dark clothes, wore heavy boots, and was about 35 years of age.

ROBBING A MONEY-DRAWER.—A man named JOHN MCKENNA was yesterday convicted before Justice DAILEY, of abstracting $2 40 from the till of SAMUEL MILLS, a Greenpoint grocer. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for twenty days.

ILLEGAL VOTING.—JOHN BAILEY, of the Seventeenth Ward, was yesterday arraigned before Justice DAILEY, on a charge of illegal voting. He waived examination, and gave bonds to answer to the Grand Jury.

EXPLOSION AT WILBRAHAM.—Somebody or somebodies loaded the bell in the tower of the old Academy building, in Wilbraham, Mass., with sand and powder, and exploded it, very early on Tuesday morning, by a train, causing a terrific noise, by which the town was awakened and not a little damage was made; the bell and the tower were blown to atoms, and a considerable quantity of glass in the building, and Fisk's Hall near by, was broken by the concussion. A vigilant watchman at the time of the explosion was tranquilly slumbering in the building. The perpetrators of the rascality have not yet been discovered.—*Boston Advertiser, Nov. 8.*

Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Friday, Nov. 8—P. M.

FLOUR is dull, at $10 50 for City Ground Spring; $10@$11 25 for Western Bakers', and $13 for Western White. WHEAT is in fair inquiry, and lower; sales 15,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club, at $2@$2 01; 20,000 bushels No. 2, at $1 94@$1 95; 15,000 bushels Sheboygan and Manitowoc, at $2 02½, closing dull. CORN opened dull and heavy, but closed with a good demand and higher; sales 16,000 bushels Western, by sample, at $1 10; 8,500 bushels No. 2 do., at $1 11; this afternoon, 16,000 bushels do., at $1 12@$1 13, and 8,000 bushels do., at $1 15. OATS dull and [illegible] 1c.; sales 28,000 bushels Western, at 65c. RYE—Sales 2,000 bushels Canada, at $1 43; 1,000 bushels Western at $1 40. BARLEY—Sales 3,000 bushels Canada, at $1 30@$1 35. Other articles unchanged. RECEIPTS—Wheat, 355,000 bushels; Corn, 221,000 bushels; Oats, 425,000 bushels; Rye, 1,000 bushels; Barley, 5,000 bushels, and Flour, 16,000 bbls. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 170,000 bushels; Corn, 23,000 bushels; Oats, 86,000 bushels. FREIGHTS have declined 1c; Wheat 24c., Corn 21c. Oats 13c., to New-York.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Nov. 8.

COTTON is in active demand and prices are firmer; sales to-day, 3,200 bales; sales of the week, 10,550 bales; Middling Orleans, 18¼c.; receipts to-day, 7,057 bales; receipts of the week, 15,062 bales; exports to-day, 1,040 bales; exports of the week, 18,562 bales; stock on hand and on shipboard, 41,097 bales. SUGAR—Louisiana Fully Fair, 14½c.; Prime, 15½c.; the supply is light. Cuba Sugar is more active, No. 12, 12c. MOLASSES—Louisiana sells as soon as landed; Fair to Choice, 80c.@93c.; Muscovado, 55c. FLOUR dull, with small sales: Single Extra, $10 50; Choice, $14 75. CORN—Very little in the market; sales at $1 45@$1 50. OATS, 78c.@80c. Pork dull and offered at $23 on landing, with no buyers. BACON—There was only a jobbing trade; Shoulders, 14¼c.; Clear Rib Sides, 17½c.; Clear Sides, 18½c. LARD—No sales; nominally unchanged. Gold, 139¾@139⅞. Sterling Commercial Exchange, 147@148. Bank Exchange nominal; no transactions. New-York Sight Exchange, ⅜ ℘ cent. discount.

OSWEGO, Friday, Nov. 8.

FLOUR is steady and unchanged; sales 2,300 bbls. at $10 50 for No. 1 Spring; $12 50 for Red Winter; $13 25 for White; $14@$14 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT is quiet and no sales. CORN is scarce, but the market closes nominally better. BARLEY is firm for prime and medium grades; sales 3,000 bushels choice Canada at $1 45½ last night; 15,000 bushels choice Canada at $1 45; 2,000 bushels choice Canada at $1 46; and 10,000 bushels fair to prime at $1 41@$1 44. RYE is quiet. PEAS are held at $1 20 in bond. SHORTS, $25. SHIPSTUFFS, $32. MIDDLINGS, $42 ℘ ton. CANAL FREIGHTS are steady to New-York—Flour, 60c.; Wheat, 17c.; Corn, 15c.; Oats, 11c.; Barley, 14½c.; Rye, 15c. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to Albany, 60c.; to New-York, by rail and river, 70c. LAKE IMPORTS—5,300 bushels Wheat, 13,500 bushels Barley. CANAL EXPORTS—284 bbls. Flour, 43,800 bushels Wheat, 1,000 bushels Corn, 1,000 bushels Oats, 81,400 bushels Barley, 4,000 bushels, Rye and 3,600 bushels of Peas.

CINCINNATI, Friday, Nov. 8.

FLOUR firm but unchanged; Family, $11@$11 25. WHEAT dull and unchanged; No. 1 Winter Red, $2 40; No. 2 Spring, $2; No. 1 Spring, $2 08. CORN unchanged but in good demand; new in the ear, 80c. OATS firmer at 65c. for No. 1. RYE dull at $1 39@$1 40 for No. 1. BARLEY in good demand; sales of 6,500 bushels at $1 50 for No. 1 Fall. COTTON quiet and unchanged; Middling, 16½c. TOBACCO firm at full rates. WHISKY unchanged; nominally 34c., in bond. MESS PORK dull and no demand; held at $20. BACON unchanged; limited jobbing demand at 12½c. for Shoulders, 16½c.@16¾c. for Clear Sides; round lots were offered lower. No Bulk Meats in the market. LARD dull at 12c. GOLD 139¾, buying. MONEY close.

CHICAGO, Friday, Nov. 8.

FLOUR quiet at $7 75@$10 for Spring Extras. WHEAT firmer at $1 82@$1 84 for No. 1, and $1 73½@$1 74½ for No. 2. CORN advanced 2c.@2½c.; sales at $1 01@$1 01½@$1 01¾ for No. 2, in store. OATS steady at 54c.@54½c. RYE heavy at $1 25 for No. 1, and $1 24 for No. 2. BARLEY advanced 3c.; sales at $1 08@$1 10 for No. 2, and 90c.@92c. for rejected. PROVISIONS heavy. MESS PORK, $20. LARD dull at 11½c. on the spot. BEEF CATTLE quiet and unchanged. HOGS active at $5 50@$5 95 for fair to good smooth. RECEIPTS—9,000 bbls. Flour, 155,000 bushels Wheat, 53,000 bushels Corn, 24,000 bushels Oats, 4,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—4,800 bbls. Flour, 119,000 bushels Wheat, 73,000 bushels Corn, 26,000 bushels Oats. FREIGHTS steady.

TOLEDO, Friday, Nov. 8.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT declining; White declined 7c.@8c.; Amber and Spring dull; sales of White Michigan at $2 70@$2 71; Amber Michigan, $2 53; No. 1 Spring, $2 01. CORN—Old is lower; New is unchanged; sales of No. 1 Wabash at $1 08½; No. 2 do. at $1 05; Michigan at $1 01; New, 83c.; rejected New, 80c. OATS steady; sales of No. 1 at 58c. RYE held at $1 30 for No. 1; $1 25 was offered. DRESSED HOGS, $6 50@$7. LAKE FREIGHTS dull and unchanged. RECEIPTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 2,200 bushels Wheat, 16,000 bushels Corn, 1,900 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Friday, Nov. 8.

FLOUR dull; City Double Extras, $9 25@$9 75; Country do., $8 62@$9; Extra, $8@$8 50. WHEAT quiet at $1 84 for No. 1 and $1 75 for No. 2. OATS quiet at 55c. for No. 1 and 54c. for No. 2. CORN quiet at $1 07@$1 08 for No. 2. FREIGHTS quiet at 7½c. to Buffalo and 14c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—3,600 bbls. Flour, 86,000 bushels Wheat, 4,800 bushels Oats, 1,700 bushels Corn. SHIPMENTS—2,200 bbls. Flour, 120,000 bushels Wheat, 3,800 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Corn.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, Nov. 8.

Sales 67 hhds. of TOBACCO at $5 60@$45 for Lugs and fine Leaf. FLOUR quiet; Superfine, $8 25. WHEAT declining; sales at $2 40@$2 45. CORN—New, on the ear, in bulk, 60c.@70c.; shelled old, in bulk, $1. OATS, in bulk, 69c.@70c. WHISKY, in bond, 35c. COTTON, 18c. MESS PORK, $20. BACON—Shoulders, 13½c.; Clear Sides, 17¼c. LARD—Tierces, 13½c.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Nov. 8.

COTTON firmer and unchanged. CLOVER SEED, $7 80@$8. PETROLEUM unsettled; Crude, 18c.; sales 2,000 bales; Refined, in bond, at 27½c.@28c. FLOUR dull; prices unchanged. WHEAT very dull; Red, $2 30@$2 47. CORN declining; Yellow, $1 37; Mixed Western, $1 35. OATS, 67c.@70c. GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Friday, Nov. 8.

FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT dull and heavy; No. 1 Winter Red, $2 60; No. 2 do., $2 45@$2 50. CORN quiet and unchanged. OATS firmer and in good demand at 66c. for No. 1 State. RYE quiet and unchanged. BARLEY nominal. PETROLEUM dull, heavy and unchanged.

BALTIMORE, Friday, Nov. 8.

COTTON quiet at 18c.@18½c. FLOUR quiet; sales of extra, for shipment to Rio, at $12. WHEAT steady and unchanged. CORN dull; old white, $1 30; yellow, $1 32@$1 33; new, 90c.@$1 17; mixed Western, $1 20. OATS very firm at 71c.@75c. RYE dull at $1 45@$1 50. PROVISIONS flat and nominal.

MOBILE, Friday, Nov. 8.

The Cotton market closed firm at 16¾c. for Middling; sales to-day, 1,000 bales; receipts to-day, 1,736 bales; sales of the week, 7,750 bales; receipts of the week, 11,226 bales; exports, 8,449 bales; stock, 21,563 bales.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Friday, Nov. 8.

COTTON quiet at 16c.@16½c.; receipts of the week, 10,852 bales; exports, 3,369 bales; stock, 7,816 bales. CORN dull at $1 15@$1 18. OATS dull at 75c.@80c. BACON dull; Clear Sides, 18c.@18½c.; others unchanged.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Friday, Nov. 8.

SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE firm, at 52c. RESIN quiet, at $2 80 for No. 2. COTTON active, at 16½c. for Middling. TAR firm, at $2 70.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Friday, Nov. 8.

COTTON firm; sales 568 bales; receipts 1,062 bales; Middling, 16½c.

[Advertisement.]

From trustworthy data it has been estimated that at least one-fourth of all who are born in the United States have at birth lungs in a tuberculous condition, and in consequence are predisposed to Pulmonary Complaints, yet it is equally well-established that this predisposition need not end in Consumption, Asthma, or any other lung disease, if due care and watchfulness be observed and all exciting causes are promptly treated as they arise. It is in just such cases DR. JAYNE'S Expectorant exercises its most beneficial effects, and has produced the largest proportion of its cures. Besides promptly removing Coughs and Colds, which, when left to themselves, are the most common cause of tuberculous development, this standard remedy allays any inflammation which may exist, and by promoting easy expectoration cleanses the lungs of the substances which clog them up, and which rapidly destroy when suffered to remain. Sold everywhere.

[Advertisement.]

LACE CURTAINS,
Wholesale and Retail,
a specialty at G. L. & J. B. KELTY'S, No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE.

Prize medal awarded HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES at Paris. Also, at the WORLD'S FAIR, LONDON, and WORLD'S FAIR, NEW-YORK. For sale only at No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., New-York.

[Advertisement.]

The horses of R. POILLON, Esq., at his Summer residence, Greenwich, Conn., were saved from horse-thieves last week by the Burglar-Alarm Telegraph.
E. HOLMES, No. 201 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Every description of English carpets, oil cloths, druggets, &c., from the recent auction sales of Messrs. HADDEN & Co. A tremendous downfall of prices at HIRAM ANDERSONS, No. 99 Bowery, at wholesale and retail.

[Advertisement.]

Crowned with a hat from KNOX'S, the most commonplace individual may fearlessly mingle with Senators, savants and merchant-princes, for he will at once become quite distingue. Nos. 212 and 533 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Everybody votes for KENT'S East India Coffee. Beware of imitations. Ask for KENT'S. No other genuine. Depot Nos. 233, 235 and 237 Washington-st.

[Advertisement.]

WINDOW SHADES and HOLLANDS of all colors. Bray's patent, self-acting shade-fixtures; best in use. G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Piano and Table Covers. 2,000
at KELTY'S Curtain Store, No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Fringes, Cords, Tassels, Gimps and trimmings of all kinds, at KELTY'S Curtain Store, No. 447 Broadway.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.

Steamer	Sails		From	For
St. Laurent	Oct.	24	Havre	New-York
Tarifa	Oct.	26	Liverpool	New-York
Hammonia	Oct.	26	Hamburg	New-York
Deutschland	Oct.	26	Bremen	New-York
City of Boston	Oct.	30	Liverpool	New-York
Arago	Oct.	30	Havre	New-York
Scotia	Nov.	2	Liverpool	New-York

FOR EUROPE.

Steamer	Sails		From	For
City of Antwerp	Nov.	9	New-York	Liverpool
Virginia	Nov.	9	New-York	Liverpool
Caledonia	Nov.	9	New-York	Glasgow
Cimbria	Nov.	9	New-York	Hamburg

FOR HAVANA, VERA CRUZ, ASPINWALL, &C.

Henry Chauncey.....Nov. 11..N. Y. Aspinwall.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

SATURDAY.

The mails for the German States, *via* Hamburg, by the *Cimbria*, close at the General Post-office at 10:30 A. M.

The mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *City of Antwerp*, close at 10:30 A. M. Supplementary mail for paid letters on Pier No. 45, N. R., to 11:45 A. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:20 and 6 P. M.
Western Mails	5 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	5 P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M., and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at	1:30 P. M.

Passengers Arrived.

NOV. 8—*In steamship Europe, from Havre*—Mr. Herman, Mr. Caledar, H. Sprague, Mr. Hoyt and family, Mr. Vanderbilt, Mr. Allen and family, Mr. Sherman and family, Hermel de la Grange and lady, Mr. Guilbeon, Agassis, Mr. Hamilton and lady, H. Harvier and family, B. Benoist, Mr. Ogden, Mr. Ousacha, T. Sanchez, Mr. Ojeda, Mr. Barnel and family, Mr. Mancheck, Mr. Riffiard, V. T. Lutz and lady, Mr. Van Broek and family, Mr. Santini, E. M. Delaroche, Mr. Levois, N. Jones, P. E. Belley, B. A. Stevens, J. Rennes, M. Hodgson and lady, Miss Selfair, S. Cohen and lady, Mr. Holliday and family, F. Rogers, Mr. Lyndsay, Mr. Castillon and family, Mr. Spannochia, Mr. Harman, C. J. Pereyce, B. House and Son, Mr. Deschamps, Mr. Hunt and family, M. Lacar, Mr. Vignerus, Mr. Elhs, Mr. Gaillardon, D. Beaussec, A. C. Clarck, Mr. Seigneuret, Mr. Vigi, Mr. Wolf, Manssenei, Mr. Arnot, Sisters of St. Joseph, Mr. Mattman and family, Miss H. Peurcell, Mrs. C. Biche, B. Savore, Mr. Marguez, Corby Borjeal, Mr. Raby, P. Cazale, F. and C. Gelloeq, Mrs. Samuel Ganally, Mr. Galby, Mr. Barnard, Mr. Pompalier, Mr. Peries, A. O'Connel and family, A. Schmidt, H. Sagle, A. Walker, Mr. Krauss, P. D. Sussan, Mr. Briac, Mr. Bonnaffie and nephew, A. Braun, Z. Gautron, P. Patraus, Mrs. Lassarde and family, Messrs. Chaine & Clement, Mr. Bourdonnais, Messrs. Baretto & Rossignol, Messrs. Nansby & Larande, E. Crotti, W. Roliande, T. Segassie, A. Minvielle, Mr. Feldbausch, A Le Sort, Mr. Hirscher and family, Miss Bisch, Mr. Laguaite, Mr. Philipp, Miss H. Hars, S. O'Conner, Miss A. and A. Bandy, Miss L. Barks, Mr. Burthey, F. Valadie, T. Demesmay, L. Flotron, T. Sehgman, Mr. Stutzman and family, T. Muller and lady, Miss S. Klein, Mr. Patania, Mr. Lieus, Messrs. Lavcorn & Birth, Mr. Le Moine, Mr. Chambron, S. La Caste, Mr. Dreyeus, Mr. Levy, Mr. Lausarde, T. Barth, Mr. Hantenn, Mr. and Mrs. LeClair, Mr. Hancastagnet, C. Saye, Mr. Tohamamer, T. Bardon, Miss Lavigne, E. H. Dehousse, L. Willinger.

In steamship Leo, from Savannah—Walter Gunity, Edward Kutbun, J. M. Vance, A. P. Jones, Charles E. Husted, Jason Ryon, Mark A. Levy, G. C. Weston, A. Mohr, Robert Riggs, Z. J. Odon, K. Lessel, Wm. Uncles, Mrs. S. M. Beatty, and 2 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 6 40 | Sun sets..... 4 48 | Moon sets.... 3 43

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 5 06 | Gov. Island. 5 55 | Hell Gate.... 7 17

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Nov. 8.

Cleared.

Steamships Caledonia, (Br.,) McDonald, Glasgow, F. MacDonald; City of Antwerp, (Br.,) Mirehouse, Liverpool, J. G. Dale; Cimbria, (Hamb.,) Trautman, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.

Steamers Fanny Cadwallader, McKaig, Baltimore, W. Dalzell; Relief, Williams, St. Thomas, Coast Wrecking Co.

Ship Koomar, (Br.,) Griffin, London, Morgan & Tinker.

Barks Horace Beals, Blankinship, Rio Janeiro, C. Colby; Adelaide, Plummer, Marseilles, James Henry.

Brigs Arichat West, (Br.,) McCarthy, Rotterdam, W. F. Schmidt's Son; Fred Bliss, Shannon, Cork for orders, R. P. Buck & Co.; James Miller, Pendleton, Belfast, R. P. Buck & Co.; W. W. Lord, (Br.,) McLeod, St. John's, N. F., M. E. Green & Currie; Nellie Antrim, Wallace, Marseilles, Warren Ray; Fortuna, (Port.,) Pietra, Oporto, Havemeyer & Brunn; Havana, Bennis, Havana, J. E. Ward & Co.; A. R. Dunlop, (Br.,) Dunlop, Curacoa, Miller & Houghton; Thomas Owens, Guptill, Havana, Russell, Collins & Co.

Schooner L. F. Smith, Crie, Galveston, Tupper & Beattie.

Arrived.

Steamship Europe, (Fr.,) Lemarie, Havre Oct. 24, and Brest 26th, with mdse. and passengers to George Mackenzie. Oct. 31, lat. 49, lon. 33, passed Br. ship Fair Wind, bound E. Nov. 6, 460 miles E. of Sandy Hook, passed ship Constantine, bound W. Has had strong westerly gales the entire passage.

Steamship Leo, Dearborn, Savannah 60 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co. Passed in Savannah River, ships Mayflower and Francis B. Cutting, bound up. Same evening, off Martin's Industry, saw ship John Patten, and schr. Ida Birdsall, for Savannah. Nov. 7, at 4 P. M., lat. 37 30, saw steamship George Cromwell, hence for New-Orleans.

Steamship Fah-Kee, Liesgang, Vera Cruz Oct. 25, Sisal 29th, and Havana Nov. 2, with mdse. and passengers to F. Alexandre & Sons. Had strong head winds and sea the whole passage. Nov. 3, lat. 25 04, lon. 80 10, passed a Br. brig-rigged steamer, bound S. 7th, lat. 36 06, lon. 74 10, passed a quantity of wood, floating. 8th, passed a side-wheel steamer, with white paddle boxes, and a two-masted propeller, both bound S. The F. K. brings the crew of the schr. S. T. Keese, wrecked on the Banks of Campeachy Oct. 12.

Steamship Jas. S. Green, Inman, Alexandria, with mdse. and passengers to James Hand.

Steamship El Cid, Hobart, Mobile, with mdse. and passengers to E. D. Hurlbut & Co.

Steamer Dirigo, Johnson, Portland, with mdse. and passengers to J. F. Ames.

Bark Tuiske, (Brem.,) Gerleich, Bremen 49 ds., in ballast and 250 passengers to Reinhard & Siendenburg. Has had strong westerly gales during the passage.

Brig Mary C. Mariner, (of Portland,) Mariner, St. Martin's Oct. 12, with salt to B. J. Wenberg. Oct. 29, in a gale from N. E., lost some sails. Nov. 4, off Cape Hatteras, experienced a hurricane, in which lost foretopsail, foretopgallant-sail, and shipped a sea which stove bulwarks, filled the cabin with water, and did other damage. The schr. Three Sisters, Simmons, from Granada for New-York, went ashore on the night of Oct. 9, in a gale, on the beach at St. Martin's. The vessel and cargo will prove a total loss. The schr. had on board thirty-three hogsheads, 4 bbls. molasses, 50 bags cocoa, and a lot of old metal. She was 127 tons burden, built in New-York, and owned by the master, Hubbard, Osborn, and others. The Captain and mate came passengers on the C. M.

Brig Simmons, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Sheldrake, Yarmouth, N. S., 6 ds., in ballast to Boyd & Hincken.

Brig Abby Thaxter, Wayne, Bangor, with lumber.

Schr. C. B. Cowperthwait, Waterbury, Georgetown, with coal.

Schr. A. [illegible]

Schr. A. Farrell, Shrouds, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Nightingale, Beebe, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. J. W. Hine, Lane, Georgetown, D. C., for New-Haven.

Schr. H. E. Russell, Mehaffer, Philadelphia, for Bridgeport.

Schr. Oceana, Haskall, Bangor, with lumber to Simes, Chase & Talbot.

Schr. Keokuk, Small, Machias, with lumber to Simes, Chase & Talbot.

Schr. Lewis S. Davis, Bishop, Wilmington, N. C., 6 ds., with naval stores, &c., to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Hadison Holmes, Ireland, Washington, N. C., 3 ds., with naval stores to Thomas & Holmes.

Schr. Branscom, Branscom, Mount Desert 8 ds., with spars.

Schr. Smith, Stevens, Providence.

Schr. R. Mason, Martling, Norfolk, for New-Bedford.

Schr. Union, Ames, Baltimore, for Providence.

Schr. Wm. Tice, Tice, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. Forrest, Strout, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. A. B. Crammer, Crammer, Baltimore, coal.

Schr. W. Severe, Taylor, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. Edwin Watson, Crammer, Georgetown, coal.

Schr. Henry Croskey, Potter, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Schr. L. S. Hatch, Hills, Port Johnson, for Hartford.

Schr. Henry, Merrill, Jersey City, for Guilford.

Schr. A. Young, Brown, Virginia, with wood.

Schr. A. Haddon, Wainwright, Trenton, with coal.

Schr. Addie J. Avery, Ryan, Georgetown, with coal.

Schr. E. R. Kirk, Burnett, Georgetown, with coal.

Schr. C. C. Bearse, Lovell, Georgetown, with coal.

Schr. Silas, Moore, Georgetown, with coal.

Schr. E. F. [illegible], [illegible], Newbern, naval stores.

Schr. A. [illegible], James, Baltimore, with coal.

Schr. Kalmar, Lambert, Jacksonville.

Schr. S. T. Thorn, Townsend, Baltimore.

Schr. Melbourn, Compton, Portland, with stone.

Schr. Hawley, Clark, New-London.

Schr. Gibbs, Snow, Bristol.

Schr. Burritt, Henry, Providence.

Schr. Texas, Camplin, Norwich.

Schr. John D. Griffin, Cole, Gloucester.

Schr. F. Brainerd, Smith, Portland, with stone.

Schr. Anna Myrick, Stevens, Providence.

Schr. Gen. Taylor, Mayo, Wellfleet.

Schr. Golden Rule, Overton, Brookhaven.

Schr. Union, Bishop, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Lockwood, Stone, Providence.

Schr. Nickerson, Slate, Providence.

Schr. Planet, Jolmont, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Alquar, Fornem, Calais, with lumber.

Schr. W. H. Brown, Gidney, Norwich.

WIND—At sunset, S. S. E.

Sailed.

Ships G. T. Southard, for Liverpool; Mary Dundas, for Bristol, England; bark Theone, for Bremen.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Nov. 8—Arr. schrs. Ralph Carlton, Pensacola; George B. Somers, Savannah.

Below—Brig H. H. McGilvery, from South Amboy.

Spoken—Oct. 27, lat. 27 16, lon. 79 80, bark Libertad, from Pensacola for Montevideo, with the loss of her rudder-head and boat; would put into Bermuda for repairs.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 8—Arr. steamship Jas. Adger, from New-York; schr. J. W. Allen, New-York.

Sld. steamship George B. Upton, for Boston.

HOLMES' HOLE, Nov. 6, P. M.—Arr. schrs. Albert Jones, Haskins, New-York, for Gardiner; Lyla, Holmes, Sarah Watson, Meigs, for Boston; Charles & Willie, Thomas, Newbern, for Portsmouth; Lookout, Langly, Wm. Buttman, Spark, Rondout, for Boston.

A. M.—Arr. schrs. Estella, Bearse, Albany, for Boston; Maggie M. Weaver, Philadelphia, for Boston; J. H. Wainwright, do. do.; Marshal Perin, do. do.; Mary S. Thomas, do. do.; James W. Flannigan, do. do.; Ellen's Dream, do. do.; Alabama, Philadelphia; Daniel Mersham, Philadelphia, for Boston; Albert Jameson, for New-York.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship Virginia, for Savannah, cleared the Bar at 9 A. M.

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—The brig John Pierce, of and from Newport for Havana, put into Tarpaulin Cove on the 7th inst., with the loss of her bowsprit, fore and main topmast and mainboom, with all spars, sails and rigging attached. She had heavy easterly gales 100 miles south of Hatteras.

Spoken, &c.

Great Republic—ship, hence for St. John, N. B., Nov. 2, off Granite Rock.

Louise—Bremen bark, bound E., Oct. 20, lat. 44 40, lon. 34.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA—Arr. Nov. 8, U. S. steamship Susquehanna, last from Nassau; steamship Liberty, Baltimore.

Sld. brigs Milliken, for New-York, and Hancock, for Boston.

ENTIRE NEW
STOCK
BOYS', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING
FROM
10 TO 20 PER CENT LESS
THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY.
WOOD & WARING,
CLOTHING WAREHOUSE
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Should go to the Great Grocery and Tea Warehouses of THOMAS R. AGNEW, Nos. 260 and 262 Greenwich-st., corner of Murray, New-York, and save 50 per cent. in buying their Winter supply of Teas, Coffees, Fish, Flour, and all kinds of family supplies. Call, save your money, and see for yourselves.

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J. & T. DONALDSON

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BEST QUALITY!
LOWEST PRICE!
CHINA, GLASS
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WE ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
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BRONZES, &c., &c.,
OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS, AND AT
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STRENGTH TO THE WEAK.

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The PERUVIAN SYRUP, a protected solution of the Protoxide of Iron, strikes at the root of disease by supplying the blood with its vital principle or life element, Iron, giving strength, vigor and new life to the whole system.

Being free from alcohol in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by a corresponding reaction, but are permanent.

To take medicine to cure diseases, occasioned by a deficiency of iron in the blood, without restoring it to the system, is like trying to repair a building when the foundation is gone.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy and happy men and women.

The proofs of its efficacy, in cases where ordinary medicines have failed to give relief, are so numerous, so well authenticated, and of such peculiar character that invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

For DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY and FEMALE WEAKNESSES it is a specific.

A 32-page pamphlet *sent free.*

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FALL AND WINTER
CLOTHING,
MARKED DOWN TO
HALF THE
ORIGINAL COST.

Superior Cassimere, Cloth and Beaver Coats	$10, $12 and $15
French, English and American Cassimere Pants	$5, $6 and $8
French, English and American Cassimere Vests	$3, $4, $5
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HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Have proved from the most ample experience an entire success; Simple—Prompt—Efficient and Reliable. They are the only Medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have raised the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

Nos.		Cents.
1,	Cures **Fevers**, Congestion, Inflammations	25
2,	" **Worms**, Worm-Fever, Worm-Colic	25
3,	" **Crying-Colic**, or Teething of Infants	25
4,	" **Diarrhœa** of children or adults	25
5,	" **Dysentery**, Griping, Bilious Colic	25
6,	" **Cholera-Morbus**, Vomiting	25
7,	" **Coughs**, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8,	" **Neuralgia**, Toothache, Faceache	25
9,	" **Headaches**, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10,	" **Dyspepsia**, Bilious Stomach	25
11,	" **Suppressed**, or painful Periods	25
12,	" **Whites**, too profuse Periods	25
13,	" **Croup**, Cough, Difficult Breathing	25
14,	" **Salt Rheum**, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15,	" **Rheumatism**, Rheumatic Pains	25
16,	" **Fever and Ague**, Chill Fever, Agues	50
17,	" **Piles**, blind or bleeding	50
18,	" **Ophthalmy**, and Sore or Weak Eyes	50
19,	" **Catarrh**, acute or chronic, Influenza	50
20,	" **Whooping-Cough**, violent Coughs	50
21,	" **Asthma**, Oppressed Breathing	50
22,	" **Ear Discharges**, Impaired Hearing	50
23,	" **Scrofula**, Englarged Glands, Swellings	50
24,	" **General Debility**, Physical Weakness	50
25,	" **Dropsy** and scanty Secretions	50
26,	" **Sea Sickness**, Sickness from Riding	50
27,	" **Kidney Disease**, Gravel	50
28,	" **Nervous Debility**, **Seminal Emissions**, Involuntary Discharges	1 00
29,	" **Sore Mouth**, Canker	50
30,	" **Urinary Weakness**, Wetting Bed	50
31,	" **Painful Periods**, with Spasms	50
32,	" **Sufferings** at Change of Life	1 00
33,	" **Epilepsy**, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance	1 00
34,	" **Diphtheria**, Ulcerated Sore Throat	50

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PATENT LEAD-ENCASED
BLOCK-TIN PIPE.
ALSO
LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, &c., &c.

DECKER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE IVORY AGRAFFE BAR
PIANO-FORTES,
Have removed to No. 2 Union-square, corner 14th-st, and 4th-av.

With more commodious warerooms and greatly increased facilities for manufacturing, we are now enabled to exhibit a much larger and better assortment of Pianos, as well as to serve our customers more promptly and efficiently. ☞ Mark well the name and locality.

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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 631, Nov. 8, 1867.
75, 27, 4, 69, 65, 68, 10, 52, 34, 36, 71, 63.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 632, Nov. 8, 1867.
63, 7, 55, 17, 39, 64, 2, 54, 71, 4, 32, 40, 10.
SHELBY COLLEGE—EXTRA CLASS, No. 555, Nov. 8, 1867.
27, 53, 57, 34, 10, 64, 65, 28, 22, 18, 59, 31.
SHELBY COLLEGE—CLASS No. 556, Nov. 8, 1867.
52, 67, 1, 2, 58, 29, 48, 44, 41, 55, 56, 75, 37.

Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURnished in all legalized lotteries.
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SOUTHERN AID.
A FORTUNE FOR SOMEBODY!
GRAND AWARD OF PREMIUMS!
BY
THE LADIES' SOCIETY
IN AID OF THE
SUFFERING AND DESTITUTE OF THE SOUTH,
who offer immediately that their subscription list is complete the subjoined
MAGNIFICENT SERIES
OF
VALUABLE PREMIUMS,
which, with a
LARGE NUMBER OF SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS,
will be distributed among the subscribers, amounting in all to more than
THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.
PRICE OF TICKETS, TWO DOLLARS.
SPECIAL PERMISSION
from the
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 28, 1867.

Whereas, Mrs. HARLOWE MATHER, as the Secretary, and on behalf of the managers of the "Grand National Entertainment" for the benefit of the Ladies' Society, in aid of the suffering and destitute "poor of the South," has made due application to L. CLEPHAM, Collector of Internal Revenue, for the collection district of the District of Columbia, for permission to hold a gift enterprise, and presented to him satisfactory evidence that the proceeds of said gift enterprise will be devoted to charitable uses.

Permission is hereby granted to the said Ladies' Society to hold such gift enterprise, exempt from all charge, whether from special tax or other duty in respect of said gift enterprise.

(Signed,) E. A. ROLLINS,
J. H. G. Commissioner.

The Executive Committee of the Ladies' Society in Aid of the Suffering and Destitute of the South would earnestly remind their fellow-citizens of the North, that they have been compelled to redouble their exertions for the termination of the work inaugurated by the Society, with the view of extending valuable and immediate assistance to their suffering brethren.

In accordance, therefore, with this purpose, they make a

FINAL AND EARNEST APPEAL

to that generous public who have, up to the present time, so nobly and fully responded to every call made upon them for the alleviation of the misery which has fallen upon a section of their

COMMON COUNTRY.

They do this because the destitution and need prevalent have been only to a limited extent abated, and Christians are admonished that the coming Winter will necessarily multiply the number of those sad cases which appeal so strongly to every charitable and humane sentiment in the human heart.

They have consequently secured the galleries located at

No. 845 Broadway,

for the exhibition of the

NOBLE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS,

by native and European artists, as well as a portion of the

SPLENDID PREMIUMS,

which will be awarded to the subscribers at the close of their sale of shares, when

THEIR GRAND NATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT

will take place in Washington D. C., and the

DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS

will be made in such manner as an Associate Committee, selected by the subscribers, may think fit to secure their interests.

The actual urgency of that need for which the Society make this appeal, and the present necessity which exists for procuring additional funds to those which have already been forwarded by them to their impoverished and plague-stricken brethren, have induced the Lady Managers, after mature deliberation, to adopt the plan of a distribution of valuable premiums at the Grand National Entertainment, as one affording the

MOST FEASIBLE AND SPEEDY MEANS

of carrying out their purpose.

The plan which they have decided upon adopting will, while realizing a

MAGNIFICENT

sum for the relief of the

SUFFERERS IN THE SOUTH,

yield to the subscribers for this beneficent purpose premiums amounting in value to

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

THE DISTRIBUTION OF PREMIUMS will be made under the superintendence of the gentlemen on the Committee of Honorary Members.

Letters have been received by the Lady Managers, thoroughly indorsing the action of the Society, from
Major-Gen. ORD, Fourth Military District;
Major-Gen. SCHOFIELD, First Military District;
Major-Gen. SICKLES, late of Second Military District;
Major-Gen. BURNSIDE, Governor of Rhode Island;
Hon. F. H. PEIRPOINT, Governor of Virginia;
Hon. J. L. ORR, Governor of South Carolina;
Hon. D. S. WALKER, Governor of Florida;
and a large proportion of the leading statesmen and military men of the North, the principal of which may be seen on application at the office of the Society.

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No. 845 BROADWAY.
And also,
H. HARTMANN, Banker, No. 3 Broad-st.,
No. 175 5th-av., and at
No. 220 Pennsylvania-av., Washington, D. C.

All communications on business should be addressed to the principal office.
FRANK H. NORTON, Actuary,
No. 845 Broadway, New-York.

HENRY WARD BEECHER ON THE SITUATION OF THE SOUTH.

Last Sunday I told you I wished you to take up a collection to-day for the Ladies' Aid branch of the Southern Relief Society. This department of the work, though it has the same bent as the main association in New-York, still, in its detail, follows a line of operation which well appeals to our sympathy and attention. While it is true that all the South is suffering for want of the commonest necessities to life, it may, perhaps, be also the case that those instances in which relief is most frequently administered are such as belong among the poorest and lowest, perhaps, irrespective of color. But there are thousands of persons who have been brought up in affluence, used always to give, who now, as a result of the misjudgment which drove the South to war, to use no harsher term, are actually suffering, dying, starving. Of the acutest sensibility, of the highest culture, of the most unbounded hospitality in times past, their case now is even more pitiable than the adversity of those used to vigorous life, disciplined to suffering, and to whom coarse fare is congenial. Many of them are too proud to declare their need, and there is a sort of heroism and nobility in their reticence. The bravest soldier often suffers, yea dies under, and yet conceals with his mantle the very existence of any wound. Now it is to relieve these that I call upon you this morning. They cannot all be reached—some must die. But many can be saved. They are the brains of the South. They possess the affection and control of its citizens. Any aid we give them in such a way is not to wound their sensibility, or to let them feel that we feel we are helping them, will be twice blessed; it will cement their hearts to ours; it will assure them an understanding of our spirit and motives. My sister, Mrs. Stowe, has just returned from a two months' journey in Florida and Georgia. I have heard from her lips tales of suffering among the educated and cultivated that would melt your hearts could I relate them as she told them to me. Now, brethren, if you say that these were the leaders and chiefs of rebellion, and are suffering the result of their sins, I say unto you that the spirit is anti-Christian and diabolical. The relief of the hungry has nothing to do with politics, and the best reconstruction we can offer is that by which the intelligent leading men of the South can be put on their feet again. The signs are propitious in the South. The right ideas are working. Thanks to wise statesmanship, and the sweet influence of assistance which is duty, not charity, to those that are, from their very suffering, ten-fold the more our brothers, all is working right, and it is binding on every heart, North and South, to labor henceforth for those things that work for peace.

DESTITUTION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Mr. W. J. W. Crowder, Superintendent of Charity Supplies, gives a deplorable account of the destitution prevailing in Wake County, N. C. He states there are at least three hundred families, numbering one thousand souls, mostly widows and orphans, and deeply afflicted men who have not four days' supplies; many have not even bread now, and the wasted forms of heart-broken widowed mothers are being worn down by spending sleepless hours trying to soothe the cries forced by hunger from their children, and all she can give them is green salad or sour berries, or parched meal for coffee or boiled corn soaked in water for beverage, and some of these limited, having had no meat for weeks, no bread for days, no flour for months and no sugar and coffee for years, except a little as charity recently.

GEORGIA.

A letter from Berkley, (Ga.,) Aug. 28, says: "The cotton crop of this whole section has entirely failed in the last twenty days. Labor failed; worms and the caterpillar are destroying rapidly. We cannot make more than we did last year, even if we have good luck from this out."

SOUTHERN AID.
A FORTUNE FOR SOMEBODY.
GRAND AWARD OF PREMIUMS!
BY
THE LADIES' SOCIETY
in aid of the
SUFFERING AND DESTITUTE OF THE SOUTH.
PRICE OF TICKETS..................TWO DOLLARS.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.
ONE ELEGANT MANSION IN FIFTH-AV., N. Y.,
VALUE $60,000.
ONE AWARD IN GREENBACKS,
$20,000.

One magnificent set of Diamonds, in five pieces	$15,000
One splendid set of Diamonds	12,000
One elegant set of Diamonds and Emeralds	10,000
One set of Diamond Studs and Sleeve-buttons	7,500
One single solitaire Diamond Ring	5,500
One Brooch and Ear-rings in Diamonds	1,200
One Brooch and Ear-rings in Diamonds	1,000
One Brooch and Ear-rings in Diamonds	800
One Brooch and Ear-rings in Diamonds	800
One Brooch and Ear-rings in Diamonds	800
One Amethyst, Pearl and Diamond Set	250
One pair of Cluster Diamond Ear-rings	1,200
One Diamond Cross and Chain	1,000
One Cluster Diamond Ring	500
One Cluster Ring	400
One Cluster Ring	250
One Cluster Ring	250
One Cluster Ring	100
One Ring with Opals and Emerald	275
One Opal Pin	200
One Opal Pin, single stone	80
One Cluster Pin	100
One Patent Lever, genuine Beesley	350
One Self-winding Watch, nickel movement	350
One Self-winding Watch, nickel movement	350
One heavy Hunting Am. Lever, with 18-karat chain	300
One heavy Hunting Am. Lever, with 18-karat chain	300
One heavy Hunting Am. Lever, with 18-karat chain	300
One heavy Hunting Am. Lever, with 18-karat chain	250
One Detached Lever, made by Perret	250
One Detached Lever, nickel movement	250
One Detached Lever, nickel movement	250
One Detached Lever	200
One Detached Lever	200
One Lady's Watch, gold enameled, with diamonds and chatelaine	250
One Lady's Watch, gold enameled, with diamonds and chatelaine	250
One Lady's Watch, gold enameled, with diamonds and chatelaine	250
One Lady's Watch, gold enameled, with diamonds and chatelaine	225
One Lady's Watch, gold enameled, with diamonds and chatelaine	225
One Lady's Watch, gold enameled, with diamonds and chatelaine	225
One Lady's Fancy Enameled Gold Watch	175
One Lady's Fancy Enameled Gold Watch	175
One Lady's Fancy Enameled Gold Watch, with diamonds	175
One Lady's Watch, enameled with diamonds and emeralds	225
One Lady's Gold Watch	100
One Lady's Gold Watch	100
Twenty-five sets of Brooch, Ear-rings, Necklace and Buttons, in coral	5,000

PICTURES.

ADOPTING A CHILD	F. B. Barwsel	Value, $1,000.
MOSES	Joseph Beaume	Value, $2,500.
LANDSCAPE, MOUNT DESERT ISLAND	F. E. Church	Value, $1,000.
A WOODLAND SCENE	Diaz de La Pena	Value, $800.
THE CAVALIER	C. L. Elliott	Value, $800.
STUDY	W. R. A. Etty	Value, $250.
BATTLE OF NASEBY	J. W. Glass	Value, $1,500.
PORTRAIT OF H. P. GREY	H. P. Grey	Value, $250.
MOTHER AND BOY	Josiah Green	Value, $150.
ZOUAVE	Josiah Green	Value, $50.
JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN	Thos. Hicks	Value, $75.
AN INTERIOR	Chas. Hoguet	Value, $150.
PORTRAIT OF PROF. HENRY	D. Huntington	Value, $250.
ORIENTAL LANDSCAPE	Ed. Imar	Value, $300.
PORTRAIT OF BENJAMIN WEST, PRES. R. A.	Jenkins	Value, $250.
THE INSPIRATION OF SHAKESPEARE	A. Kauffman	Value, $200.
TAW VALE, NORTH DEVON	F. R. Lee	Value, $1,200.
LADY GODIVA	E. Leutze	Value, $1,500.
THE FALCONER	E. H. May	Value, $500.
THE LISTENERS.		Value, $25.
THE MADONNA, after Murillo	E. H. May	Value, $2,500.
THE ENTOMBMENT, after Titian	E. H. May	Value, $2,500.
THE INFANT BACCHUS	Ch. Monginot	Value, $100.
RIENZI	Piloty, of Munich	Value, $1,200.
THE MOTHER	Auguste Privat	Value, $600.
BIRD SELLERS IN CONSTANTINOPLE	E. Ruggles	Value, $50.
SKETCH	E. Ruggles	Value, $50.
PORTRAIT OF J. S. CHAPMAN	Terry	Value, $250.
SHEEP	E. Verboeckhoven	Value, $500.
SHANKLIN, ISLE OF WIGHT	H. Webbe	Value, $400.
THE PET	C. Lasalle	Value, $150.
INTERIOR	L. Roux	Value, $200.
YOUNG GROUSE	A. F. Tait	Value, $150.
BROOKE SIDE	A. F. Bellows	Value, $350.
MORNING RIDE	T. Hicks	Value, $100.
ROCKY RIDGE	A. B. Durand	Value, $300.
MISCHIEF	L. M. Spencer	Value, $100.
FLOWERS	L. M. Spencer	Value, $70.
SMUGGLERS ON THE LOOK-OUT	Van Beest	Value, $300.
CAVALIER	S. J. Guy	Value, $100.
READING LESSON	Lambdin	Value, $250.
OLD HOMESTEAD	Geo. P. Inness	Value, $500.
COMING STORM	Geo. P. Inness	Value, $700.
THE VEDETTE	Ed. Forbes	Value, $200.
CURRANTS	Geo. H. Hall	Value, $175.
THE ANGLER	Saunier	Value, $100.
DANCING LESSON	H. Bacon	Value, $200.
INDUSTRY	J. Devaux	Value, $200.
IDLENESS	J. Devaux	Value, $200.
FRUIT	J. Williamson	Value, $100.
REPOSE	P. Robbe	Value, $400.
YOUR GOOD HEALTH	De Brackalear	Value, $500.
FISHING	J. Williamson	Value, $50.
TULIPS	J. Williamson	Value, $50.
THE MONARCH	W. J. Hays	Value, $400.
TEACHING HIM TO SPEAK	Planthner	Value, $300.
STREET SCENE IN ANTWERP	Vertin	Value, $150.
FRANCONIA HILLS	T. A. Richards	Value, $200.
A FULL NET	Masohn	Value, $150.
POINT JUDITH	W. S. Haseltine	Value, $600.
LANDSCAPE	Thurston	Value, $100.
DEVOTION	Leon Goupil	Value, $200.
MARY AND ST. JOHN	Henri	Value, $100.
LOVING	Dubasty	Value, $150.
MORNING	P. Menzoni	Value, $50.
AT SCHOOL	E. Auge	Value, $50.
THE FALLEN	J. G. Brown	Value, $100.
MY LITTLE BABY	Antigua	Value, $400.
LANDSCAPE AND CATTLE	Corhey	Value, $200.
REVERIE	Caille	Value, $200.
MARGARET GARDNER	T. S. Noble	Value, $2,500.
TRAVELING PREACHER	C. F. Blauvelt	Value, $125.
YOUNG NURSE	C. F. Blauvelt	Value, $250.
WHALE COVE	William Hart	Value, $300.
WHITE MOUNTAINS	William Hart	Value, $600.
FLOWERS	J. O. B. Inman	Value, $100.
MOTHERLY CARE	Edward Frere	Value, $350.
MORNING ON THE HOUSATONIC	J. M. Hart	Value, $150.
MORNING	J. F. Kensett	Value, $100.
TEA ROSES	V. Granbery	Value, $100.
THE DEATH OF LUCRETIA	A. Honbraken	Value, $600.
ALPHONSO AND HIS MISTRESS	E. H. May	Value, $1,200.
THE YOUNG ARTIST	H. Bacon	Value, $130.
MORNING WORK	Sauvage	Value, $400.
MADONNE	Chapman	Value, $1,000.
PEACHES	Daly	Value $50.
LANDSCAPE	Hoy	Value, $20.
MOONLIGHT	A. Achenbach	Value, $1,500.
SHEEP	Eugene Verboeckhoven	Value, $500.
LITTLE GREEDY	J. G. Brown	Value, $400.
NEWPORT	J. F. Kensett	Value, $600.
A FOREST SCENE	J. F. Kensett	Value, $500.
GROUP IN THE FOREST	Diaz de la Pena	Value, $500.
DOGS	Eugene Verboeckhoven	Value, $600.
JAMAICA PLAINS	Fuller	Value, $200.
MORNING ON LAKE GEORGE	A. W. Casilear	Value, $600.
THE MESSAGE	Moormans	Value, $500.
THE ANSWER	Moormans	Value, $500.
STUDY IN THE WHITE MOUNTAINS	J. M. Hart	Value, $200.
GOLDEN SUMMER	W. T. Richards	

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